Making Comparisons – Exercise 1

B Look at the information about things to buy to help you clean the house. Then complete the text with the comparative or superlative form of one of these adjectives. You can use the adjectives more than once.

bad cheap expensive good large

C

PRODUCT	PRICE	SIZE	EFFECTIVENESS
Kleanrite 	£5.90	500g	very good
Getklene 	£2.40	250g	very poor
Briten 	£7.60	1kg	poor
Bandirt 	£4.30	250g	excellent
Dirtgone 	£3.80	250g	good
WonderKlene 	£6.00	500g	good

We looked at six products for cleaning the house. The (1)..... per kilo was Bandirt. It cost £17.20 per kilo, but it was considered the (2)..... . Dirtgone was also expensive. It was good, but Kleanrite was (3)....., especially for ovens. However, you had to buy Kleanrite in (4)..... amounts than Bandirt. The (5)..... product was Getklene. At £9.60 per kilo, it was (6)..... than many of the other products. The (7)..... was Briten. That was also considered poor, but it was (8)..... than Getklene. Probably the (9)..... product to buy is Kleanrite. It is very good and gives value for money.

Complete the sentences by writing the correct form of the adjectives in brackets.

1 Tokyo is (large)..... city in Japan.

2 Phoenix is (hot)..... place in the USA.

3 The Pyrenees are (high)..... than the Urals.

4 The Amazon is (long)..... than the Thames.

5 Milan is (cold)..... than Naples in winter.

6 China has (big)..... population in the world.

7 Russia has (large)..... number of time zones of any country.

8 Mozambique has suffered (bad)..... floods in its history.

9 The lion is (dangerous)..... than the tiger.

10 Mexico City has (bad)..... traffic problems in the whole of Central America.

LIVEWORKSHEETS