

Zestaw 5

Przekształć zdania używając podanych słów kluczowych. Możesz użyć 2-5 słów.

1. After a long discussion, the staff managed to persuade the council not to shut down the youth centre.

SUCCEEDED

After a long discussion, the staff _____ not to shut down the youth centre.

2. He still finds it difficult to speak English all the time.

GOT

He still hasn't _____ English all the time.

3. There's no food in the fridge.

EAT

There _____ in the fridge.

4. You're lazing about all day! Why don't you help me?

INSTEAD

Why don't you help me _____ all day?

5. We hid the radio in the backpack so that it wouldn't get wet.

PREVENT

We hid the radio in the backpack _____ wet.

6. 'I'm so sorry I ruined your carpet', said John.

FOR

John _____ carpet.

7. This exercise is much easier than the last one.

NEARLY

This exercise is _____ as the last one.

8. The witness had invented the whole story.

MADE

The whole story _____ the witness.

9. He never asks when he borrows my things!

ALWAYS

He is _____ asking!

10. I eat meat, but it has to be well cooked.

PROVIDED

I eat meat _____ well cooked.

Zestaw 6

Przekształć zdania używając podanych słów kluczowych. Możesz użyć 2-5 słów.

1. We needed to leave early because we didn't want to miss the beginning of the performance.

AS

We left early _____ the beginning of the performance.

2. I often went fishing with my grandad.

WOULD

My grandad _____ me fishing with him.

3. They need to sell more tickets or the concert will be cancelled.

UNLESS

_____ more tickets, the concert will be cancelled.

4. I want you to repair the TV today.

RATHER

I'd _____ today.

5. He failed to pass the tests. As a result, he was expelled from school.

OF

He was expelled from school _____ to pass the tests.

6. 'The service here is unacceptable', said the man.

ABOUT

The man _____.

7. What's their expected time of arrival?

SUPPOSED

What's time _____ arrive?

8. I took my coat but it wasn't necessary as it didn't rain.

HAVE

I _____ my coat as it didn't rain.

9. Why don't you throw away that old blouse?

GETTING

How about _____ that old blouse?

10. You can borrow it, but you must give it back next week.

LONG

You can borrow it _____ it back next week.

Zestaw 7

Przekształć zdania używając podanych słów kluczowych. Możesz użyć 2-5 słów.

1. It's really important that you speak to the principal immediately.

WHAT

_____ speak to the principal immediately.

2. It's our tenth wedding anniversary next week.

MARRIED

Next week we _____ exactly ten years.

3. He didn't study hard enough to pass the exam.

PASSED

He _____ the exam if he had studied harder.

4. We must inform him immediately or he won't be able to help us.

IS

He won't be able to help us _____ immediately.

5. I'd like to have the exam results soon.

SEND

I wonder _____ me the exam results.

6. 'John you caused her death by telling her the news', said Mary.

OF

Mary _____ her death by telling her the news.

7. The science teacher made me clean all the test tubes.

MADE

I _____ all the test tubes by the science teacher.

8. They think the burglar knew the owner of the house.

KNOWN

The burglar _____ the owner of the house.

9. You don't need to hand in the report until next week.

NO

There's _____ hand the report in until next week.

10. I ran out of time so I was unable to finish the project.

MANAGE

I ran out of time so I _____ the project.

Zestaw 8

Przekształć zdania używając podanych słów kluczowych. Możesz użyć 2-5 słów.

1. "I didn't take your laptop", he said to me.

DENIED

He _____.

2. He will not listen to any advice. First, he'll have to get his own fingers burnt.

UNTIL

He will not listen to any advice _____ fingers burnt.

3. You shouldn't have made fun of me in front of her.

WISH

I _____ fun of me in front of her.

4. Try this cake. It's really good!

HELP

Why don't you _____ cake? It's really good!

5. The car must have cost him a fortune!

HAS

I'd like to know _____ for the car.

6. I don't think you should wear red at the funeral.

BETTER

_____ red at the funeral.

7. He started to learn French six years ago.

LEARNING

He _____ six years.

8. Fortunately, it wasn't necessary for us to go shopping last weekend.

NEED

Fortunately, _____ go shopping last weekend.

9. He doesn't find it hard to make new friends.

DIFFICULTY

He _____ new friends.

10. What time did Mike eventually get to the party?

TURN

What time _____ at the party?

Word formation V

Uzupełnij luki odpowiednią formą wyrazu utworzonego od słowa podanego dużymi literami na końcu zdania.

1. Coffee, donuts and _____ will be served. **FRESH**
2. Those products _____ and soften your skin. **MOIST**
3. She is _____ recognized as the world's greatest living actress.
UNIVERSE
4. There's some _____ about the way he died. Nobody knows the truth. **CERTAIN**
5. The lecturer gave us a(n) _____ explanation of the problem.
Everything is clear now. **COMPREHEND**
6. It's important that the problems of the poor are not _____ in our country. We have to help them. **REGARD**
7. The teachers say that he is an aggressive, stubborn and _____ child. He causes a lot of problems at school. **OBEY**
8. They were very _____ toward Jack when he found out the sad news. It was nice of them. **SYMPATHY**
9. Emma felt a sense of _____ as she wasn't able to help her sister.
HELP
10. You've done an _____ job. I'm so proud of you! **STAND**