

ĐỀ THI THỬ TIẾNG ANH VÀO LỚP 10 NĂM 2022

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the best option to complete each of the following sentences

- 1: My sister ____ to live in Italy in 1992. She ____ in the country long before she ____ in love and ____ married.
A. had gone - hadn't been - fell - got B. went - was not - fell - got
C. went - hadn't been - fell - got D. went - hadn't been - had fallen - got
- 2: Ralph Ellison, _____, is thought to be one of the greatest novelists of our time.
A. who writes the novel the Invisible Man. B. writing the novel the Invisible Man
C. for writing the novel the Invisible Man D. who wrote the novel the Invisible Man
- 3: "Why don't you come and stay with us for a few days?" " _____"
A. I'd love to B. It's my pleasant C. That's all right D. Never mind.
- 4: They had to go home, _____ ?
A. hadn't they B. didn't they C. had they D. did they
- 5: I couldn't sleep _____ very tired.
A. although I am tired B. despite I was C. despite of being D. in spite of being
- 6: I'm fluent _____ English because I work in a multinational company.
A. in B. at C. of D. to
- 7: "Minh, where is _____ English dictionary? I'm writing essay in English and I need it."
Ø - the B. a - an C. Ø - Ø D. the - an
- 8: It's no use _____ a language if you don't try to use it.
A. learned B. learn C. to learn D. learning
- 9: A fire in the _____ building could be a problem for firefighters.
A. ninety-storey-tall B. ninety-storeys-tall C. ninety-tall-storey D. ninety storeys
- 10: The last exhibition was not _____ this one.
A. more interesting B. so interesting as C. interesting than D. as interesting so
- 11: The light went out while I _____ dinner.
A. am having B. was having C. had D. have had
- 12: Paul used to play games all day when he was in college. He wishes he _____ his time.
A. doesn't waste B. hasn't wasted C. didn't waste D. hadn't wasted
- 13: "Well, your sister has never cooked well, _____?" Aunt Alice asked me.
A. hasn't she B. has she C. doesn't she D. does she
- 14: My teacher asked me _____ to South Africa.
A. if I had been B. if had I been C. I had been D. had I been
- 15: There were two small rooms in the beach house, _____.
A. the smaller of which served as a kitchen B. the smaller of them was served as a kitchen
C. the smallest of which served as a kitchen D. the small of that was served as a kitchen
- 16: I think _____ young need to be encouraged and supported more in society.
A. a B. an C. Ø D. the

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the option that needs correcting

- 17: He went to the corner store for buying a newspaper.
A. the corner store B. went C. for buying D. a
- 18: Do you remember Mr. Brown, who taught us the English composition when we were in grade 12.
A. Do B. remember C. who D. the English composition
- 19: The Prime Minister said that there were so much difficulties ahead.
A. said that B. there were C. much D. ahead

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s).

- 10: **Be careful!** The tree is going to fall.
A. Look at B. Look out C. Look on D. Look after
- 11: The newly-wed couple were **walking on air** after their honey moon in Paris.
A. Disappointed B. depressed C. extremely happy D. high

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s)

12: Minh put on his best clothes and went out to meet his girlfriend.

- A. wore B. dressed C. turned off D. took off

13: You'd better give up smoking as soon as possible because it's not good for your health.

- A. stop B. take out C. refuse D. take up

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer .

London, the capital of Great Britain, is one of the largest cities in the world. It is also a very old city, dating back nearly 2,000 years to days of the Roman Empire.

London, which is located on the river Thames and near the Atlantic coast, is one of the busiest centers of commerce and finance in the world.

People of many nationalities and occupations can be found in this historic city. In the shopping areas, a wide range of goods is offered to the public. People travel around the large, busy city in subways or in double-decked buses.

At the center of London is Trafalgar Square, with its tall statue Admiral Horatio Nelson, a British hero. Other attractions for visitors to London include Buckingham Palace, the Tower of London, St. Paul's Cathedral, the British Museum, and many lovely parks and gardens. Many visitors also go to Parliament to watch the British lawmakers at work in the House of Common and the House of Lords.

14: While not stated in the article, you can tell that

- A.London is located on the ocean. B.London is a new city.
C.sea trade probably helped London grow. D.London was the capital of the Roman Empire.

15: This article as a whole is about:

- A. London, a large, busy city. B. commerce and finance.
C. the capital of the U.S D. Admiral Horatio Nelson.

16: Which of the following is **NOT** true?

- A. London is a large city B. London is on the River Thames.
C. London is 5,000 years old. D. Buckingham palace is located in London.

17: The statue of Admiral Horatio Nelson is found

- A. at the center of London B. in the British Museum
C. in Trafalgar Square D. in Buckingham Palace

18: The House of Common and the House of Lords are parts of

- A. St. Paul's Cathedral B. the British Museum
C. Buckingham Palace D. the British Parliament

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase .

Much of the land in Holland is lower than the ocean nearby. (19)..... this, the Dutch people have built high banks (20).....dikes to keep the water out. The Dutch have also dug ditches, making a system of canals for draining the land. Many people live (21)..... the canals. They do much fishing. The boys and girls enjoy fishing and watching the boats go by. To some extent these canals take place of roads.

Windmills are used in Holland to (22)..... water from the land up over the dikes and into the canals, which are often on a higher (23)..... than the land. Sometimes farmers also employ windmills for grinding grain. Today, for these purposes, electric pumps are also used, and some windmills are driven by electric power instead of by the power of the wind.

- 19: A. Because of B. In spite of C. Except for D. Despite
20: A. with B. for C. referred D. called
21: A. above B. along C. on D.in
22: A. push B. absorb C. suck D. pump
23: A. plane B. level C. degree D. extent

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer.

In the UK we each use about two hundred steel food and drink cans every year. Steel cans are popular because they are convenient; easy to store and unbreakable. But when you have finished with a can what do you do with it?

Do you throw it any way and forget all about it? Probably! but behind the scenes there are people whose job is to make sure that the steel is never wasted. In fact, recycling or reusing steel cans is so successful that every day of the year more than six million cans start new lives in new steel products.

After you have thrown your can, what happens? Well, first of all it is collected by the men who empty your dustbin each week and taken to a tip, together with all the other household rubbish. Then the rubbish is sorted and the steel cans are taken separately to a special factory which turns dirty old cans in to high quality steel. It's this steel which may well find its way back in to your home in the forms of knives and forks, garden equipment and, of course, food and drink cans.

So the next time you open your fizzy drink, just remember where your can may have been!

24: What is the writer trying to do in the text?

- A. advertise canned drinks.
- B. describe the steel industry.
- C. provide some information.
- D. describe rubbish collection.

25: Why would somebody read the text?

- A. to discover what happens to old cans.
- B. to find out more about how steel is made.
- C. to understand how rubbish is collected.
- D. to learn about the soft drink industry.

26: How do you know that re-using steel is very successful?

- A. Every person uses 5000 cans a year.
- B. More than 5,000,000 cans are recycled daily.
- C. All cans and tins are now made from steel.
- D. Over 6,000,000 cans are recycled every day.

27: After being taken to the tip, empty steel cans

- A. are turned into high quality steel.
- B. are washed and sent back to our homes.
- C. are separated from rubbish and sent to a special factory to be recycled.
- D. are made into knives, forks and garden equipment.

28: What does the writer suggest about our attitude to old cans?

- A. We are not interested what happens to them.
- B. We are making things what happens to them
- C. We could help by sending them to the factory.
- D. We should be more careful where we throw them

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the given

29: I don't have enough money with me now; otherwise I will buy that coat.

- A. If I didn't have enough money with me now, I would buy that coat.
- B. If I had enough money with me now, I wouldn't buy that coat.
- C. If I had enough money with me now, I wouldn't have bought that coat.
- D. If I had enough money with me now, I would buy that coat.

30: "Would you like to have some orange juice?" said Mary.

- A. Mary asked me to have some coffee.
- B. Mary gave me some orange juice.
- C. Mary offered me some orange juice.
- D. Mary wanted to know if I liked orange juice.

31: My brother likes pop music and I am also interested in pop music.

- A. My brother likes pop music and I am, too.
- B. My brother likes pop music and so I do
- C. My brother likes pop music and I do, too.
- D. My brother likes pop music and so am I.

32: Because of hard working, she fell ill.

- A. She was too ill to work hard.
- B. She was so ill that she couldn't work hard.
- C. She was not ill although she worked hard.
- D. She worked so hard that she fell ill.

Choose the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- 33: A. raiseded B. advanceded C. replieded D. prepareded
34: A. sprayss B. standss C. runss D. sleepss

Choose the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- 35: A. surface B. prevent C. mistake D. behave
36: A. romantic B. financial C. meteorite D. reduction

Choose the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions. (1.0 pt)

- 37: People say that six out of the seven wonders of the ancient world were destroyed.
A. It was said that six out of the seven wonders of the ancient world were destroyed.
B. Six out of the seven wonders of the ancient world are said to be destroyed.
C. Six out of the seven wonders of the ancient world were said to have been destroyed.
D. Six out of the seven wonders of the ancient world are said to have been destroyed.
- 38: The last time we met Nguyen Quang Hai football player was two months ago.
A. We didn't meet Nguyen Quang Hai football player two months ago.
B. We haven't met Nguyen Quang Hai football player since two months ago.
C. We have met Nguyen Quang Hai football player for two months.
D. We haven't met Nguyen Quang Hai football player for two months.
- 39: "Why don't you take a holiday?" said Phuong.
A. Phuong suggested I should take a holiday.
B. Phuong asked me why I hadn't taken a holiday.
C. Phuong ordered me to take a holiday.
D. Phuong said I shouldn't take a holiday.
- 40: The villagers are trying to learn English. They want to communicate with foreign customers.
A. The villagers are trying to learn English in order that they can communicate with foreign customers.
B. The villagers are trying to learn English in order that they want to communicate with foreign customers.
C. The villagers are trying to learn English so that they can't communicate with foreign customers.
D. The villagers are trying to learn English, so they can't communicate with foreign customers.

Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is best written from the words/phrases given.

- 41: keep/our environment/clean/not enjoy /healthy life.
A. If we don't keep our environment clean, we can't enjoy a healthy life.
B. We keep our environment clean, and we wouldn't enjoy a healthy life.
C. We keep our environment clean, so we didn't enjoy a healthy life.
D. Unless we won't keep our environment clean, we don't enjoy a healthy life.
- 42: Some students/ take/ year out/ before university/ allows them/ work/ travel.
A. Some students take a year out before university, allows them to work or travel.
B. Some students take a year out before university, which allows them working or traveling.
C. Some students take a year out before university, that allow them to work or travel.
D. Some students take a year out before university, which allows them to work or travel.
- 43: He/ bright student / that he / solve all the math problems.
A. He was such bright student that he could solve all the math problems.
B. He was such a bright student that he could solve all the math problems.
C. He was so bright student that he could solve all the math problems.
D. He was so a bright student that he could solve all the math problems.

Choose the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

- 44: - Jim: "What about collecting used paper, bottles and plastic bags every day?"
- Ha and Mai: "_____"
A. How come? Who can do that? B. Because they can pollute the environment.
C. That's a very good idea. Let's do that. D. What about this weekend?
- 45: - Anna: "Thank you very much for helping the disadvantaged children here!"
- Jack: "_____"
A. What a pity! B. It's our pleasure. C. Sorry, we don't know. D. That's nice of you!