

TRANSPORT

People use different _____ (dopravní prostředky) to travel or to transport _____ (zboží). They travel by _____ (po moři), by _____ (vzduchem) or by land – by _____ (po železnici/) or by _____ (po silnici). Or they travel on foot = they walk.

THE MEANS OF TRANSPORT: people go by

- by sea – people go by _____ (trajekt), by _____ (lod'), by cruise ship, by _____ (jachta), etc.
- by air – they fly by (air)plane, by _____ (vrtulník), by balloon, etc.
- by rail – they go by train, by tram, by _____ =subway
- by road – they travel by car (they drive a car), by motorbike, by van, by bus (public transport), by _____ (for journeys between cities or for trips), by bicycle; goods are transported by _____ = lorries.

People travel mainly for two reasons:

1. Business – _____ (schůzky, jednání), conferences, _____ (veletrhy) and exhibitions, etc.
2. Holidays – either to be transported to the final destination or to enjoy the journey itself (a cruise, a transcontinental journey, a sight-seeing tour, etc.)

TRAVEL BY SEA or RIVER = TRAVELLING BY SHIP

- Travellers use _____ (= boats that carry people, vehicles, and goods across a river or across a narrow part of the sea) for example to cross the English Channel.
- Some tourists go on a cruise. A cruise means a voyage for pleasure. You usually travel for several days or even weeks on a cruise ship, for example to the Caribbean, Mediterranean or to Scandinavia.
- Some people love sailing on a yacht.

TRAVEL BY RAIL = TRAVELLING BY TRAIN

- Travelling by train is comfortable and quite cheap, but sometimes train can be _____ (zpožděné) and _____ (přeplněné).
- You have to travel at certain times and it is not from door to door.
- Some people _____ (dojíždějí) by train every day. People use inter-city trains or speed trains to travel to far distances.
- The trains for long journeys offer refreshments in their restaurant and cafés, accommodation in sleeping carriages/cars.

How to travel by train

1. Go to the _____ (nádraží), find the _____ (pokladna), buy a ticket (single or return; first or second class) – or you can book your ticket in advance on the internet.
2. Look at the departure _____ (tabule) to which _____ (nástupiště) your train will leave from. Follow signs to get to the platform.
3. Get on the train, find your seat, put your luggage on the rack and relax. Have your ticket ready for the conductor who will come and check it.
4. _____ (vystupte z vlaku) at your destination or, if your train is not direct, you have to change train and continue your journey.
5. If you came as a tourist in a city and you want to visit it without your luggage, you can leave it in a _____ (úschovna zavazadel).

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AIR-TRAVEL = TRAVELLING BY PLANE

- It is the fastest way to transport, quite comfortable, but expensive. It is the best way of going abroad to distant countries. In the 1990s, thanks to budget airlines like EasyJet, the prices of the air tickets lowered considerably, more and more tourists prefer this way of travelling.
- You can choose from first class, business and economy class.

Getting ready

Before you travel by plane you should obtain a _____ (platný pas), visa if necessary and an air ticket. You should check detailed luggage information about _____ (hmotnost) of your luggage and about what you can have in your hand luggage which you take with you _____ (na palubu). You should have a nametag with your destination address on each bag.

Departure

1. You should arrive at the airport at least two hours before your _____ (odlet). At the check-in desk your bags will be checked in and you will receive a boarding pass. You can choose to check in online before the departure, at home, and print your boarding pass yourself. It is quicker than check-in at the airport – no queuing, you go straight to security. When packing your luggage, be careful about what you put into your hand luggage. Some objects are not allowed on board, like for example _____ (nože), _____ (nůžky), _____, _____ (krémy, zubní pasty, parfémy přes 100 ml), etc. If you need them for the journey, put them into the luggage you check in.
2. You will go through security check where you and your hand luggage will be _____ (zkontrolováno) if you are not carrying any dangerous objects.
3. At Passport control your passport will be checked.
4. You will wait till your flight is called in the _____ (odletová hala). While waiting you can shop in duty-free shops.
5. Soon you will hear an _____ (hlášení) or see on the departures board that your flight is boarding. It will also tell you which departure gate to go to.
6. A ground steward will check your boarding pass and you will go on board.

On board

1. A flight attendant will help you find your seat - _____ seat, _____ seat, it the middle of a row – and stow your hand luggage.
2. You will be asked to _____ (zapnout) your seat-belts, to _____ (vypnout) your electronic devices or switch them to _____ (režim letadlo) and you _____ (budete informováni) about safety procedures.
3. During the _____ (let) you will be served meals and drinks. You might buy some duty-free goods as well.

Arrival

1. If you are not transferring to another flight, you must pass through Immigration where your passport will be checked.
2. Then you go through baggage reclaim where you _____ (vyzvednout) your luggage. You can use trolleys to carry your luggage.
3. Then you leave the airport.

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Where can you hear the following sentences? At the check-in desk/at the security check/in the departure lounge/on board?

1. Would you like a window seat?
2. Please turn off all mobile phones and electronic devices.
3. Could you put any metallic objects into the tray please?
4. Please store all hand luggage in the overhead lockers.
5. Good morning, Sir, can I see your ticket and passport please?
6. Could you take off your belt please?
7. Please take your laptop out of its case.
8. We'd like to apologize for the delay of the flight 372A to Warsaw.
9. Please empty your pockets.
10. Please stay in your seat until the aircraft has come to a complete standstill and the fasten seatbelt sign has been switched off.
11. BA flight 726 to Paris is no boarding at Gate 16.
12. Do you have any check-in baggage?
13. Please pay attention to this short safety demonstration.
14. Last call for passenger Smith travelling to Nottingham, please proceed immediately to the gate number 32.

Match these words.

overhead	desk	baggage	luggage
departures	seat	hand	lounge
life	exits	boarding	mode
aisle	board	duty-free	reclaim
check-in	lockers	departure	pass
emergency	jacket	flight	shops

What do you call:

- The card they give you at the airport with the seat number on it?
- The place where you sit when you are waiting for your flight to be called?
- The bags you carry onto the plane with you?
- The place above your head where you can put your hand luggage?
- The people who look after you on the plane?
- The place where you go after landing to collect your luggage?

Answer these questions.

What do you think is the most dangerous form of transportation and why?

Where do you want to travel to before you die?

Is travel helping the world?