

A B C

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Use the words in the word bank to label the diagrams

above and fill in the chart.
Reproductive
Digestive
Integumentary
Excretory Skeletal
Nervous

Muscular Respiratory Circulatory Endocrine

Lymphatic (Immune)

Body System	Function
	It functions to retain body fluids, protect against disease, eliminate waste products, regulate body temperature and act as a barrier to protect the body from the outside world.
	Provides support, protection, calcium storage and allows for movement, and blood cell production.
	Maintains posture and body position and allows the body to move.
	Breakdown of food into small molecules, which are then absorbed into the body
	Secrete hormones, these hormones regulate the body's growth, metabolism, and sexual development
	Responsible for taking in oxygen and expelling carbon dioxide.
	Female - to produce egg cells, and is to protect and nourish the offspring until birth. Male - to produce and deposit sperm.
	Removes interstitial fluid from tissues, absorbs and transports fatty acids and fats as chyle from the digestive system, and transports white blood cells.
	Transmit signals between different parts of the body via electrical impulses and neurotransmitters.
	Allows blood to circulate and transport nutrients.
	Responsible for the elimination of wastes produced by homeostasis.

