



1. Listening. You will hear four short texts. Choose the variant that best suits the situation or answers the question.

- The new facility the guests of the hotel can enjoy this season is _____.
 - 1) a new swimming pool.
 - 2) an eco-farm with domestic animals.
 - 3) a garden with tropical plants.
- Amanda is going to celebrate her birthday on _____.
 - 1) Friday.
 - 2) Saturday.
 - 3) Sunday.
- What present has the man decided to buy for his nephew?
 - 1) A set of Lego.
 - 2) A set of paints.
 - 3) A skateboard.
- What is James good at?
 - 1) Foreign languages.
 - 2) Roller skating.
 - 3) Writing poems.

1. Grammar. a) Choose the correct item.

- _____ teachers _____ dictionaries can give you these facts. They are quite known.
- _____ my mother _____ her husband gave their agreement.
- _____ his son _____ his daughter was at the funeral. It is so sad.
- _____ our parents _____ our friends will help us. It depends who will be free.
- At least _____ my sister _____ my granny will be at home. So, bring the book.
- _____ teachers _____ pupils will take part in the conference.
- _____ English _____ Spanish is spoken here. So, learn Swahili.
- _____ Olga _____ Nicole are interested in cooking.
- _____ a koala _____ a lizard is a mammal. I don't know for sure.

b) Complete the text using the appropriate forms of the words on the right.

Write in BLOCK CAPITALS without spaces between the words, don't use contracted forms!!!
(ПЕЧАТНЫМИ ЗАГЛАВНЫМИ БУКВАМИ, ТОЛЬКО ПОЛНЫЕ ФОРМЫ!!!
без пробелов и знаков препинания!)

The Most Unusual Adventures in the World	
Discover the 1. _____ travel destinations on Earth. The 2. _____ one is the 3. _____ inhabited place on 4. _____ planet. It is the small Russian town of Oymyakon. At the beginning of the 5. _____ century it 6. _____ only as a location for political exiles. Nowadays, average winter temperatures 7. _____ about -50 °C, the ground 8. _____ all year round.	1. extreme 2. one 3. cold 4. we 5. late 6. use 7. be 8. freeze
The 9. _____ destination is the 10. _____ place on Earth. It is the Atacama Desert in Chile. From October 1903 to January 1918 the desert 11. _____ so much as one drop of rain, making it the 12. _____ rainless period of time in the world's recorded history.	9. two 10. dry 11. not see 12. long

c) Type the appropriate verb forms to complete the sentences (Ing-form /Infinitive with or without "to").

1. My friend suggested _____ the new computer game. **(play)**
2. Some time ago they used to _____ the theatre every month. But now they are used _____ performances online. **(go/watch)**
3. I clearly remember _____ them Stephen in the schoolyard after classes. **(meet)**
4. Ben always stops _____ hello to his neighbour on his way to school. **(say)**
5. We regret _____ you that our school trip has been cancelled. **(inform)**
6. My parents never let me _____ friends to our house. They are afraid we'll break something. **(invite)**
7. It was very hard for my granny to get used to _____ in a large city. **(live)**
8. I already regret _____ the party so early. I've missed so much. **(leave)**
9. Please remember _____ in this form before you cross the border of the country. **(fill)**
10. Have you forgotten _____ Jane about the change in the timetable? Now I understand why she hasn't come. **(tell)**
11. They don't mind _____ us at all. **(help)**
12. Ann offered _____ the vegetables we needed herself. **(buy)**

3. Reading. Read the text and complete the statements after it with the appropriate variants.

The End of Child Labour?

In the 1860s, as Charles Dickens was writing the last of his novels describing life in industrial Britain, a census¹ of England and Wales showed that an eye-popping 36.9% of boys from 10 to 14 years old worked in textile mills or did other forms of manual labour.

Recently, the International Labour Organisation (ILO) decided to update that statistic, not specifically for Britain but for all of humanity -especially the countries now undergoing their own industrial revolutions. The labour group calculated that there were 218 million child labourers in the world today, or about 13.9% of children from 5 to 17 years old.

Anyhow, the report raises many questions. Firstly, it is based on the statistics of just 17 countries. Some large ones were included, like India and Brazil, but such countries as China and Indonesia were left out, and they have around 1.5 billion people together. Besides they are filled with industries traditionally associated with child labour.

There is another sticky question: what should be defined as child labour? The ILO's report says that around 70% of "child labour" occurs in agriculture, and most of that on family farms. Should a 14-year-old who helps his parents on a family farm be considered a child labourer? Yes, according to the ILO.

In the good old days when farming was mostly done to provide families with food, it was not so clear. But today children on farms are exposed to pesticides and often dangerous chemicals. Farmers often work for large corporations, so children are more employees in a family business than their parents' helpers.

One thing is clear: groups like the International Labour Organisation should devote more effort and more resources to fixing the problem of child labour.

¹ a census — перепись населения

1. The survey was held by the International Labour Organisation (ILO) in _____

1. every country of the world
2. a number of countries
3. Great Britain
4. England and Wales

- 2. The figures given in the report ____**
1. are entirely reliable
 2. have to be checked
 3. not quite reliable
 4. may be corrected in the future
- 3. The report doesn't include ____**
1. India and Brazil
 2. Brazil and China
 3. Indonesia and China
 4. Indonesia and India
- 4. According to the report ____ are child labourers.**
1. children helping their families with housekeeping
 2. children providing their families with food
 3. children proving their families with all sorts of help
 4. children helping their families with farming
- 5. Nowadays working conditions in agriculture are ____**
1. more suitable for children than before
 2. more suitable for children than for grown-ups
 3. less suitable for children than before
 4. more suitable for grown-ups than for children

