



Name: _____

Class: S6

Date: .../.../ 20...

Tel: 034 200 9294

GLOBAL ENGLISH 6: UNIT 6 – PEOPLE AND WORK

GRAMMAR 1

Lưu ý: Các từ vựng mở rộng thầy cô cho ghi trong vở (nếu có) và các từ vựng mở rộng trong phiếu để có chú thích nghĩa: Con về nhà chép mỗi từ 1 dòng để ghi nhớ nhé.

A. GRAMMAR

1. Reported speech (Câu trần thuật)

- Câu trần thuật trong tiếng Anh là một loại câu được sử dụng để thuật lại một sự việc hay lời nói của ai đó. Nói một cách dễ hiểu hơn, việc sử dụng câu trần thuật là ta đang chuyển câu trực tiếp sang gián tiếp.

Ex: Lan **tells** me: “I **buy** this dress”. (Câu trực tiếp)

→ Lan **tells** me that she **buys** that dress. (Câu gián tiếp)

- Câu trần thuật không cần lùi thì của động từ khi:

+ Câu trực tiếp là một sự thật hiển nhiên.

Ex: “The Earth **is** a planet.” – he said.

→ He said (that) the Earth **is** a planet.

+ Động từ giới thiệu nội dung được tường thuật (say, tell, etc.) ở dạng hiện tại đơn, tương lai hay hiện tại hoàn thành.

Ex: “Nina **can** read.” – she says.

→ She **says** (that) Nina **can** read.

+ Trong câu trực tiếp có các từ như “**could**”, “**would**”, “**used to**”, “**should**”, “**might**”, etc.

Ex: “You **should** drink some milk.” – she said.

→ She **said** I **should** drink some milk.

2. Adjective + preposition + Noun (Tính từ và giới từ kết hợp với danh từ)

- Ở một số trường hợp, tính từ và giới từ được kết hợp với nhau và theo sau đó là danh từ.

Ex: I was **good at maths and science**.

- Một số cụm tính từ đi với giới từ thường gặp:

Adjective + Preposition	Meaning	Adjective + Preposition	Meaning
afraid/ scared of	sợ hãi điều gì	angry with	tức giận với
proud of	tự hào về	interested in	có hứng thú với
addicted to	đam mê, nghiện	disappointed in	thất vọng về
good/ bad for	tốt/ xấu cho	responsible for	chịu trách nhiệm về
impressed with	ấn tượng với	successful in	thành công trong lĩnh vực gì
patient with	kiên nhẫn với	keen on	thích
good/ bad at	giỏi/ kém chuyện gì		

B. HOMEWORK

I. Fill in the blanks with the correct preposition.

0. "Please don't be angry with me" – she said.
1. The children are addicted _____ computer games.
2. John's always been keen _____ music.
3. She's very patient _____ young children.
4. His parents were disappointed _____ him.
5. We love peace, but we are not afraid _____ war.

II. Complete the sentences, using REPORTED SPEECH.

0. "I want a blue jacket for my birthday." – she says.
→ She says that _____ she wants a blue jacket for her birthday _____.
1. "I will visit my grandparents tomorrow." – he says.
→ He tells me that _____.
2. "I should go home to do my homework." – Lily said.
→ Lily told me _____.
3. Nhung says: "She cannot help you tomorrow."
→ Nhung says _____.
4. "I have just sent a letter to Hoa." – Bella says.
→ Bella says _____.
5. "Dinner will be served after 6 p.m." – my aunt says.
→ My aunt says _____.

III. Circle the correct answer.

0. He is very good _____ French.
(A) at B. in C. of
1. You must be very _____ of your son.
A. proud B. talented C. good
2. It's _____ for your health to be physically *inactive* (lười hoạt động).
A. disappointed B. good C. bad
3. I was very impressed _____ her work.
A. about B. with C. on
4. He later became successful _____ politics (*chính trị*).
A. from B. at C. in
5. Rachel has always been _____ of heights.
A. scared B. impressed C. interested

IV. Fill in the blanks with the correct adjective.

patient	angry	afraid	bad	interested	disappointed
----------------	--------------	---------------	------------	-------------------	---------------------

0. Be patient with her – she's very young.
1. He did not seem _____ in the subject at all.
2. I'm _____ in you. I really thought I could trust you!
3. What has made you so deeply _____ of your boss?
4. I feel _____ for Ann - she studied so hard for that test, and she still didn't pass.
5. Mary was so _____ with her boyfriend that she ran out of the room immediately.

V. Match to make meaningful sentences.

0. Tim's good at	a. math and science.
1. Regular exercise is	b. with the painting.
2. She likes Biology, but she's	c. addicted to alcohol or drugs.
3. One in seven people is	d. not too keen on Physics.
4. She was impressed	e. for their passengers' safety.
5. All pilots are responsible	f. good for the heart.

0- a	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-
------	----	----	----	----	----

VI. Rewrite the sentences using REPORTED SPEECH.

0. "I have something to show you." – I say to her.

→ _____ I say to her that I have something to show her _____.

1. "I could play the guitar when I was seven." – she says.

→ _____.

2. "The Earth *revolves (xoay quanh)* around the Sun." – the teacher said to the students.

→ _____.

3. "I must go to the dentist tomorrow." – he says.

→ _____.

4. "I'll come with you as soon as I'm ready." – she tells me.

→ _____.

5. "New Year's Eve is always on December 31st." – Tom said.

→ _____.

VII. Make sentences with these phrases.

<i>good at</i>	<i>interested in</i>	<i>keen on</i>	<i>successful in</i>	<i>addicted to</i>	<i>proud of</i>
----------------	----------------------	----------------	----------------------	--------------------	-----------------

0. _____ *Tim's good at math and science* _____.

1. _____.

2. _____.

3. _____.

4. _____.

5. _____.

Lưu ý:

1. Khi làm bài tập có từ mới, các con phải tra từ điển. Sau khi tra từ điển, các con chép mỗi từ mới **1 dòng** để ghi nhớ.
2. Các con gạch chân các từ khoá chính trong bài đọc.

PART 2 Questions 6-10

For each question, choose the correct answer.

The people below all want to choose a hotel to stay in for the weekend. Look at the eight reviews.

Decide which hotel would be the most suitable for each person below.



6. Anthony Bitters is a businessman who is travelling to different cities in England. He needs to be near major roads and transport centres. He also needs to be in constant contact with his offices.

6



7. John and Alex like adventure weekends. They want to stay somewhere organised where they can sleep in their tents and be close to nature, but are not worried about luxury.

7



8. The Peterson family are travelling from the south of England to Scotland in the north, with their two children. They need a simple hotel near the motorway for just one night.

8



9. Stephanie and Sophie want to go walking and exploring the countryside, and need only a clean, simple place to sleep, as they will be out all day. They do not like camping.

9



10. George and Maria are celebrating their wedding anniversary, and want to spend a luxurious weekend away from the city. It is important that they relax and be away from noise and stress.

10

Accommodation Options

A. The Countryside Inn

This tidy, traditional bed and breakfast hotel is located in the village of Minton, in the heart of the beautiful Chilton hills. Single and double rooms are available at low prices with breakfast included, perfect for those wanting to enjoy the local scenery.

B. The Corporate

The new extremely comfortable Corporate Hotel is located halfway between Birmingham and London. It is only half a mile from the M40 motorway and allows you to reach whatever city in England. There are rooms with 'office features' such as Internet and two phone line connections.

C. The Drive-by

For busy travellers arriving from Europe, this small hotel in the middle of the town of Dover, Southeast England, provides reasonably priced single and double rooms without the need to reserve. Ideal rest for sleepy travellers.

D. Peak Campsite

Located next to the Lake District National Park with its spectacular mountains and lakes, this is a basic but also a well-managed campsite. There is a shower and toilet building, but you have to bring your own tent and equipment.

E. Hotel Amour

Located on the South coast, with spectacular sunset views, the Hotel Amour is ideal for honeymoons or couples who want a break from everyday life. Each double room or honeymoon suite is expensively decorated for your comfort and includes a free bottle of champagne on your first night.

F. Buffalo Bill's Ranch

Wild-west theme hotel in the Southwest countryside, ideal for a week away with the children. You can stay on a re-creation of a 19th century American farm, ride horses with real cowboys and be served by Native American Indians at dinner.

G. Travellers' Lodge

Located in the middle of the country, just half a mile from the north-south M1 motorway. It is ideal for those making the long trip up or down the country. Simple rooms and low prices for single, or double rooms, with a fifty percent discount for kids and breakfast included.

H. Hotel Royal

Luxury in the heart of the city, good enough for a King, and located near the lively West End theatre and shopping area. Each room (whether single, double or honeymoon suite) has an en-suite sauna. Make sure you enjoy a weekend in style.

Con hãy làm bài nghe theo link sau:
<https://youtu.be/OymW-UXzxwc>

PART 4 Questions 20-25

For each question, choose the correct answer.

You will hear a radio interview with a personal assistant called Adam.

20. What does Adam like about his job?

- A. He gets paid well.
- B. He travels a lot.
- C. Every day is different.

21. What does Adam sometimes find difficult about his job?

- A. working late at night
- B. getting up early
- C. not having a lunch break

22. What does Adam say about his career?

- A. It's what he has always wanted to do.
- B. He'd like to be the boss one day.
- C. It started by chance.

23. What does Adam like most about his new office?

- A. the view
- B. its peace and quiet
- C. his own coffee machine

24. What does Adam say about his boss?

- A. She makes him work too hard sometimes.
- B. She is very good with people.
- C. She is too serious and strict.

25. What is Adam hoping for in the future?

- A. to stay in this job
- B. to be offered a better job
- C. to get a company car

I. Fill in the correct COMPARATIVE ADVERB form of the words in brackets. Change the form if necessary.

1. Does sound travel _____ (fast) than light?
2. No, sound travels _____ (slow) than light.
3. Modern cars run _____ (quiet) than in the past.
4. She sang _____ (beautiful) than anyone else in the competition.
5. Which began _____ (early): life on land or in the ocean?

II. Write the correct English meaning of the Vietnamese word or phrase.

No.	Vietnamese	English
1.	trạng trọng (adj)	f _____
2.	cô đơn, buồn rầu (adj)	f _____
3.	sự thất bại, tâm trạng thất vọng (n)	f _____
4.	tỉ phú (n)	b _____
5.	sự phung phí tiền	_____ w _____ o _____ m _____

Lưu ý: Với những từ con không nhớ và viết sai, con chép từ đó vào vở 1 dòng.