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GLOBAL ENGLISH 7: UNIT 5 + 6 VOCABULARY REVISION

Lưu ý: Các từ vựng mở rộng thầy cô cho ghi trong vở (nếu có) và các từ vựng mở rộng trong phiếu để có chủ thích nghĩa: Con về nhà chép mỗi từ 1 dòng để ghi nhớ nhé.

HOMEWORK

I. Put the correct form of the word in the bracket to make a meaningful sentence

0. The referee decided to allow the goal. (refereed)

1. He _____ the brush into the paint and started drawing. (dip)

2. Their efforts _____ finally _____ success. (crown with)

3. A day isn't really long enough to _____ the town. (exploration)

4. She does _____ every day to boost her health. (gymnasium)

5. She's always been an effective *spokesperson* (người đại diện phát ngôn) for the _____.
(disability)

II. Match to make meaningful sentences

0. <i>It is awesome to see</i>	<i>a. these magnificent creatures in flight.</i>
1. I wonder what that noise was	b. in the kitchen - I'd better go and investigate.
2. She was released immediately	c. compass and a lot of luck to get here.
3. Did you identify all the	d. who do not have enough food or to soldiers.
4. We had to rely on a	e. when the soldiers realized their mistake.
5. Rations are the food which is given to people	f. pictures correctly?

0- a	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-
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III. Fill in the blanks with the given words in the box, some words may not be used. Change the form of the words if necessary

yell	chuck	relatives	gasp	lurch	swallow	score	landscape
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0. Have you got any relatives you have never met?

1. The child _____ out in pain when his head hit the ground.

2. We need someone to _____ for tomorrow's match.

3. He pulled her aboard the boat and she *sprawled* (nằm dài ra) on the *deck* (boong tàu), coughing and _____ for breath.

4. She's been _____ out of a class for always being late.

5. The train _____ forward and some of the people standing fell over.

IV. Circle the correct answer

0. I must book a _____ for our game of tennis tomorrow.

A. court

B. field

C. team

1. He *smashed* (đập) his _____ into the clay (sân đất nện).

A. athletics

B. racket

C. hockey

2. He was sent off (bị đuổi) for arguing with the _____.

A. stumps

B. athletics

C. referee

3. My daughter wants to compete in _____.

A. athletics

B. athletic

C. athlete

4. A _____ is a protective pad gear that you wear around the knee to protect you at home or at the workplace.

A. rein

B. knee pad

C. saddle

5. The colours are _____, which helps bring the game to life.

A. vivid

B. hullabaloo

C. glacier

V. Complete the words/phrases using the clues given

0. to finish a game with the same number of points as the other person or team	D <u>R</u> A W
1. the activity of going for long walks in the country for pleasure	_ I _ _ N G
2. a sporting event in which people compete in ten different sports	D _ _ A _ _ L O N
3. a sporting event in which people compete in five different sports (running, riding, swimming, shooting and fencing)	_ E _ _ A T _ L _ N
4. a sporting event in which people compete in three different sports, usually swimming, cycling and running	T _ I _ T H _ O _
5. a way of deciding the winner when both teams have the same score at the end of a game. Each team is given a number of chances to kick the ball into the goal and the team that scores the most goals wins.	P _ N _ L _ Y S _ _ O _ - O _ T

VI. Circle the underlined parts that need correction and correct them

0. Binns played cricket for his county in his youth.

A

B

C

→ cricket

1. He began as a cadie and worked his way up to head

A

B

C

club *professional* (nhà nghề).

→ _____

2. They still follow the custon of pinning money to the bride's dress.

A

B

C

→ _____

3. That saddles needs a good polish.

A

B

C

→ _____

4. The ball went past the batsman and hit the stamps.

A

B

C

→ _____

5. The ostrich is a fightless bird.

A

B

C

→ _____

Lưu ý:

1. Khi làm bài tập có từ mới, các con phải tra từ điển. Sau khi tra từ điển, các con chép mỗi từ mới **1 dòng** để ghi nhớ.
2. Các con gạch chân các từ khóa chính trong bài đọc.

You are going to read an article about the new headquarters of the World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF). Six sentences have been removed from the article. Choose from the sentences **A–G** the one which fits each gap (37–42). There is one extra sentence which you do not need to use.

The ultimate green home: the WWF's new headquarters.

Sandwiched between an incredibly ugly shopping centre and a busy main road, the environmentalist Sir David Attenborough, no less, is planting a tree and declaring: 'Today is a historic day.' He really means it.

Maybe our children's future will be an overheated, desert-like world, but if it's not, it will probably look a lot like this. The new, highly environmentally-friendly home of the World Wide Fund for Nature, a hemispherical glass tube standing above a council car park, was officially opened today, watched by a small but enthusiastic crowd. **37**



Known as the 'Living Planet Centre', it has jumping panda animations that greet visitors to its WWF Experience, where schoolchildren can interact with Ocean, River, Forest and Wildlife Zones. Since the mid-20th century, many of the ideas behind humanity's attempts to protect animals and the natural world have been started by the WWF. **38**

'The World Wide Fund for Nature is one of the great hopes for the world,' Sir David Attenborough said. 'This building enshrines that, and advertises it to the world.' The concrete is all recycled, as is the carpet and even most of the computer equipment, and there are many solar energy panels. **39** In addition, new habitats and plant species have been installed around the gardens, while indoors a home has been found for three tall trees.

The sense of total calm inside, from the high curved ceilings to the plants and trees, is all the more remarkable for the building's urban location. It has been built between a canal and a small area of woods listed as a Site of Special Scientific Interest. **40** The contrast gives us an idea of what might just be possible in the future.

The WWF was set up in 1961. The organisation originally fought to protect individual species, such as the Arabian oryx, from extinction. Eventually, the focus moved from individual species to ecosystems: all the living things in one area and the way they affect each other. Sir David, who is an ambassador for the WWF, said: 'Now, it's not just individual ecosystems. Now the change is to a global approach. **41** That is because the planet is one vast ecosystem. The WWF has been the leader in changing everyone's attitudes towards nature.'

Sir David is clear about the task ahead, and more importantly, unlike many environmentalists, he believes it is not too late to make a difference. 'You can't turn the clock back, of course. **42** But we can slow down the rate at which the numbers are increasing, we can cut down the carbon we put in the atmosphere,' he said. 'It's never happened before that the whole world has come together and made a decision. To go as far as we have done to reduce carbon is an impressive achievement. But you cannot have unlimited growth in a limited situation. You can't expand infinitely in a finite planet.'

- A Even so, it remains in an ugly corner of a fairly unattractive town centre.
- B So even if you aren't particularly concerned about the environment, as energy costs rise you'll want to save money on fuel bills.
- C Other such features include extensive glass to increase natural light, natural ventilation, rainwater in the toilets, and heat pumps that bring warm air up from 200 metres below.
- D It is hoped their new home will be a living example of that.
- E That means you can't put back forests that are gone, not for a century, and the population size is not going to shrink.
- F If you want to do something, you have to persuade people of the world not to pollute.
- G If humanity is to survive, they must have been thinking, it will do so living in buildings of this kind.

Con hãy làm bài nghe theo link sau:

<https://youtu.be/M78RH-u0aks>

You will hear people talking in eight different situations. For questions 1–8, choose the best answer (A, B or C).

- 1 You hear two neighbours talking about a new statue in their town.
What does the woman say about it?
A She suspects many people won't like it.
B She doesn't understand what it represents.
C She is convinced it should be removed.
- 2 You hear a music teacher talking about his job.
He regrets that
A music is rarely considered to be an essential subject.
B there are so few advanced level music students.
C he cannot teach the music that he personally likes.
- 3 You hear two journalists talking about driverless cars.
What do they both think about them?
A Most drivers would be keen to try them out.
B More tests have to be done on their reliability.
C There will need to be many changes to driving laws.
- 4 You hear a doctor talking on the radio about colds.
She says many of her patients are unaware that
A antibiotics are ineffective at treating colds.
B healthy eating may help the symptoms of colds.
C there are things they can do to avoid colds.
- 5 You hear a brother and sister talking about a musical they have seen.
Why does the woman like the musical?
A It explores themes that are important to her.
B She feels sympathetic to its central character.
C The songs are entertaining and easy to remember.
- 6 You hear a woman talking about horse riding.
How has the woman benefited from going riding again?
A She now has a new group of friends.
B Riding has helped to improve her balance.
C It has enabled her to deal effectively with stress.
- 7 You hear a customer complaining in a department store.
What does the shop assistant agree to do?
A exchange the item for a different size
B offer a refund for the unsatisfactory item
C give him a credit to spend in the store
- 8 You hear a food critic talking about a chef called Peter Tinney.
What is she doing?
A describing Peter's creative approach to cooking
B justifying why Peter deserves the award he has won
C defending Peter's decision to close his restaurants

Con hãy làm bài nghe theo link sau:

<https://youtu.be/OymW-UXzxwc>

For each question, choose the correct answer.

You will hear a radio interview with a personal assistant called Adam.

20. What does Adam like about his job?

- A. He gets paid well.
- B. He travels a lot.
- C. Every day is different.

21. What does Adam sometimes find difficult about his job?

- A. working late at night
- B. getting up early
- C. not having a lunch break

22. What does Adam say about his career?

- A. It's what he has always wanted to do.
- B. He'd like to be the boss one day.
- C. It started by chance.

23. What does Adam like most about his new office?

- A. the view
- B. its peace and quiet
- C. his own coffee machine

24. What does Adam say about his boss?

- A. She makes him work too hard sometimes.
- B. She is very good with people.
- C. She is too serious and strict.

25. What is Adam hoping for in the future?

- A. to stay in this job
- B. to be offered a better job
- C. to get a company car

I. Write the correct English meaning of the Vietnamese word or phrase

No.	Vietnamese	English
1.	vô số (adj)	m_____
2.	thúc giục, cổ thuyết phục (v)	u_____
3.	ghi điểm (v)	s_____
4.	phòng tập thể dục (n)	g_____
5.	sông băng, băng hà (n)	g_____

II. Circle the correct answer

1. My interests include anything _____ or challenging.
A. waterproof B. adventurous C. flightless
2. The air was filled with the _____ of fresh flowers.
A. scent B. state C. vitality
3. He opened the box and _____ to see all the treasure inside.
A. lurched B. gasped C. disabled
4. She came running inside, _____ about being chased by a bear.
A. zorbing B. swallowing C. yelling
5. I work out at the _____ every day.
A. fragrance B. gymnasium C. raft

Lưu ý: Với những từ con không nhớ và viết sai, con chép từ đó vào vở 2 dòng.