

LESSON 24 – HOMEWORK

I. Match the sentences.

1. Do you have Wi-Fi here?	a. It saves time and I can buy items with a lower price.
2. Now there are fewer fashion shops in this street than before.	b. Are there any problems with the one you purchased?
3. The store will discount 5% for card payment.	c. Do you know the price for her house?
4. What do you like about online shopping?	d. I know the reason. Because they put their business on the Internet.
5. I'm calling to make a complaint about your new smart TV.	e. That's a good idea.
6. How do you know if your items have been delivered?	f. Is there discount for digital wallet?
7. She has put her house up for sale.	g. I'm sorry. Let me get you smaller ones.
8. What is the biggest shopping event of the year?	h. The app will notify any changes on my items' status.
9. Let's meet at the mall and go see a movie.	i. I think it's Black Friday.
10. These pants are too big for me.	j. Yes, it's Dream Shopping 5G. The password is the same name.

Answer:

1-	2-	3-	4-	5-	6-	7-	8-	9-	10-
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II. Read the passage and choose the best answers to the questions.

Black Friday and Cyber Monday promote mindless consumption, excessive packaging and shipping waste, especially with the **rise** of online shopping. The sales produce massive waste not just from the unwanted single-use plastic and cardboard packaging, but also from the return of unwanted items. This mindset also ensures that the earth overshoot day keeps moving back.

This is especially true of the clothing industry, where much of the online returns are tossed into the landfill because the logistics and cost of putting the item back on the shelf are much too complicated. Britons throw away approximately 300,000 tonnes of clothes every year and many of them are only worn a handful of times.

The negative impact of Black Friday is also significant from non-recyclable, mostly plastic toys, to e-waste, to fast fashion that is only used for one season. In fact, in France, the government is considering **banning** Black Friday due to the impact on the planet and the promotion of unsustainable consumption habits.

- The passage mainly _____.
 - explains why Black Friday sales are bad for the environment
 - describes shopping activities on Black Friday and Cyber Monday
 - criticizes the unwanted single-use plastic and cardboard packaging
 - concerns about the impact of non-recyclable products
- The word "**rise**" in the first paragraph can be best replaced by _____.
 - drop
 - improvement
 - increase
 - fall
- According to the second paragraph, what do people do with much of the online returns?
 - People carefully put the online returns on the shelf.
 - People resend the online returns to the logistics agent.

- C. People have to pay more for the online returns.
D. People throw the online returns to the landfill.
4. The word "banning" in the third paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.
A. encouraging B. stopping C. allowing D. forbidding
5. Which of the following statements is not true according to the passage?
A. Cardboard packaging contributes to produce massive waste.
B. Britons don't throw away their clothes.
C. Returning online items is really complicated.
D. The French government is considering banning Black Friday.

III. Complete the second sentences so that it has a similar meaning to the first one.

1. Jane's hairstyle is not as modern as Anna's hairstyle.
→ Anna's hairstyle _____
2. This mall has many fashion stores.
→ There _____
3. The flight to London lasts seven hours and a half.
→ It takes _____
4. The tourists had to change their plan of the excursion because the weather was bad.
→ Due to _____

IV. These notes are from a talk on shopping habits. Listen and complete the gaps. (GRI-U12)

Who does the shopping?	– In the UK (1) _____ % food bought by women.
	– In some countries (2) _____ % men do grocery shopping.
	– Habits changing – US (3) _____ of men shop for food.
Where do people shop?	– In cities (4) _____
	– In country (5) _____ and (6) _____

V. You will hear a lecture about shopping habits. Listen and choose THREE correct statements. (GRI-U12)

What did the survey find out about women?

- a They like to shop in large department stores. d They save money by buying special offers.
b They always make a shopping list. e They like expensive boutiques.
c They tend to buy inexpensive shoes.

1

2

3

VI. Choose the words/phrases to complete the sentences

1. I got a shock when I looked at the price **tag / mark** on that bike.
2. She **browsed / looked** the shelves for something interesting to read.
3. The hotel offers a wide **selection / range** of facilities.
4. A **convenience / discount** shop sells things very cheaply, often in large quantities or from a limited range of goods.
5. An **open-air / open-door** market is a place where goods are bought and sold, usually outdoors.

VII. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words given.

1. These tomatoes are very fresh and safe because they are _____. (grow)
2. This bakery is special because it sells _____ cakes. (make)
3. We bought some snacks at the _____ store in our neighbourhood. (convenient)

4. A _____ is a person who enjoys shopping very much and spends too much time or money doing it. (shop)
 5. A _____ shop sells one or two specific kinds of goods. (special)

VIII. Fill in each blank with a suitable response.

- A. I go to open-air markets to buy them because farmers sell their fresh fruits and vegetables there.
 B. There are some supermarkets and open-air markets.
 C. It depends on what I need. When I want to buy processed goods, I usually go to supermarkets.
 D. Sure. Go to my house next Saturday and I'll take you there.
 E. Most of the things there are cheaper than in supermarkets. But sometimes I can find goods with more reasonable prices in supermarkets.

Ann: What kinds of markets are there in your neighbourhood?

Lan: (1) _____

Ann: Which do you usually go to?

Lan: (2) _____

Ann: What about fruits and vegetables?

Lan: (3) _____

Ann: Is it expensive to buy things in the open-air markets?

Lan: (4) _____

Ann: There aren't any open-air markets in my neighbourhood, so take me to the one near your house next time, Lan.

Lan: (5) _____

IX. Rearrange the words to make meaningful sentences.

1. large purchase / They / free products / usually / a / give / if / you / you / make

2. way / always / a / to / looks for / save / Nearly every consumer / money

3. We / when / don't / bring / much cash / often / with us / going out

4. Tan Binh market / She / goes / to / frequently / to purchase / items / her shop / for

5. she / How often / go shopping / with / does / her classmates?

6. never / Some people / buy / a / a / coupon or / anything without / discount

7. occasionally / fashion information / share / Many of our customers / with / their friends

8. farmers' market, / When / visit / a / you / you / will / lots of / find / home-grown vegetables