

# GRAMMAR REVISION

## Units 1-6



## PRESENT SIMPLE & PRESENT CONTINUOUS

PRESENT SIMPLE					
VERB TO BE			ALL THE OTHER VERBS		
Affirmative	Negative	Interrogative	Affirmative	Negative	Interrogative
I am	I am not	Am I...?	I play	I <b>don't</b> play	<b>Do</b> I play?
You are	You are not	Are you...?	You play	You <b>don't</b> play	<b>Do</b> you play?
He/she/it is	He is not	Is he/she?	He plays	He <b>doesn't</b> play	<b>Does</b> he play?
We are	We are not	Are we...?	We play	We <b>don't</b> play	<b>Do</b> we play?
You are	You are not	Are you...?	You play	You <b>don't</b> play	<b>Do</b> you play?
They are	They are not	Are they...?	They play	They <b>don't</b> play	<b>Do</b> they play?
USES					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>To talk about habitual actions:</b> <i>I always get up at 8 o'clock</i></li> <li><b>To talk about timetables:</b> <i>The train leaves at 17.00.</i></li> <li><b>To talk about universal facts:</b> <i>Water boils at 100 C°</i></li> <li><b>Common time expressions:</b> every day, every month, every week...; always, never, frequently...</li> </ol>					

PRESENT CONTINUOUS		
Affirmative	Negative	Interrogative
I am playing	I am not playing	Am I playing?
You are playing	You are not playing	Are you playing?
He is playing	He is not playing	Is he playing?
We are playing	We are not playing	Are we playing?
You are playing	You are not playing	Are you playing?
They are playing	They are not playing	Are they playing?
USES		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>To talk about things that are happening at the moment:</b> <i>I'm wearing a blue sweater at the moment</i></li> <li><b>Common time expressions:</b> right now, at the moment, today...</li> </ol>		

1

Write the **PRESENT SIMPLE** or **PRESENT CONTINUOUS** form of the verbs in brackets.

1. Ted \_\_\_\_\_ (take) a shower right now.
2. What \_\_\_\_\_ (we / have) for dinner tonight?
3. My brother \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a daughter and a son.
4. I \_\_\_\_\_ (not / solve) some math problems at the moment.
5. My grandfather often \_\_\_\_\_ (come) over for dinner at the weekends.
6. My school \_\_\_\_\_ (begin) at nine every day.
7. What time \_\_\_\_\_ (you / wake up) on weekdays?
8. What \_\_\_\_\_ (you / do) tomorrow night?
9. I usually \_\_\_\_\_ (not / work) on Sundays but today I \_\_\_\_\_ (work).
10. She \_\_\_\_\_ (not / sleep) now, she \_\_\_\_\_ (study).

2

## PAST SIMPLE & PAST CONTINUOUS

PAST SIMPLE					
VERB TO BE			Regular verbs		Irregular verbs
Affirmative	Negative	Interrogative	Affirmative	Negative	Interrogative
I was	I was not	Was I...?	Add -ed to the verb	DIDN'T + INFINITIVE	DID + SUBJECT + INFINITIVE
You were	You were not	Were you...?			
He/she/it was	He was not	Was he/she?			
We were	We were not	Were we...?			
You were	You were not	Were you...?			
They were	They were not	Were they...?			
USES					
1. To talk about specific events in the past: Yesterday I went shopping					
2. To talk about a series of consecutive actions: The last day I went to the supermarket, did the laundry and prepared dinner.					
3. Common time expressions: yesterday, last week, last Monday, last year, IN 1998...					

PAST CONTINUOUS		
Affirmative	Negative	Interrogative
I was playing	I was not playing	was I playing?
You were playing	You were not playing	were you playing?
He was playing	He was not playing	was he playing?
We were playing	We were not playing	were we playing?
You were playing	You were not playing	were you playing?
They were playing	They were not playing	were they playing?

USES	
1.	To talk about actions <b>IN PROGRESS</b> in the past: <i>I'm wearing a blue sweater at the moment</i>
2.	To talk about <b>LONGER</b> actions that are interrupted by shorter actions: <i>I was watching TV when someone knocked on the door.</i>
3.	<b>Common time expressions:</b> When; while

**2** Write the **PAST SIMPLE** or **PAST CONTINUOUS** form of the verbs in brackets.

1 We  (see) something strange in the sky while we

(look) at the stars.

2 The sun  (shine) when we  (arrive) at the beach.

3 While I  (wait) for the bus, I  (text) a few friends.

4 Jenna  (cry) when I finally  (find) her.

5 We first  (hear) about the storm while we  (have)

dinner.

6 When I  (arrive) at Paula's house, she  (sit) outside in

her garden.



## PRESENT PERFECT

PRESENT PERFECT		
Affirmative	Negative	Interrogative
I have played	I haven't played	Have I played?
You have played	You haven't played	Have you played?
He has played	He hasn't playing	Has he played?
We have played	We haven't played	Have we played?
You have played	You haven't played	Have you played?
They have played	They haven't played	Have they played?

USES
1. <b>To talk about life experiences:</b> <i>Have you ever travelled to the USA?</i> 2. <b>To talk about actions finished a short time ago:</b> <i>I have just finished my homework</i> 3. <b>Common expressions:</b> already (affirmative); yet (negative & interrogative), ever, never, just, already, for, since

3

Write the **PRESENT PERFECT** or **PAST SIMPLE** form of the verbs in brackets

- I \_\_\_\_\_ (see) three police cars this morning (it's still morning).
- After he \_\_\_\_\_ (arrive) home, he \_\_\_\_\_  
(unpack) and \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to bed early.
- A: What's wrong?  
B: I \_\_\_\_\_ (break) a glass!
- My grandparents only \_\_\_\_\_ (know) each other for a few  
months before they \_\_\_\_\_ (get) married.
- I \_\_\_\_\_ (be) in London for three years. I love it here.
- We \_\_\_\_\_ (see) Julie last night.
- He \_\_\_\_\_ (be) a teacher before he \_\_\_\_\_  
(become) a musician.
- When the boss \_\_\_\_\_ (walk) into the room, we  
\_\_\_\_\_ (know) someone was going to get fired.
- The children \_\_\_\_\_ (break) a window in the school last week.
- He \_\_\_\_\_ (see) that film last year.

4

Write the **PRESENT PERFECT** of the verbs in brackets.

A

Dean: <sup>1</sup>  (you/finish/your homework/yet)?Joel: No, I <sup>2</sup>  . But Tara <sup>3</sup> (do/already) all the maths exercises, so she can help me!

B

Liz: <sup>4</sup>  (you/try/ever) a vegetable smoothie?Sue: Yes, I <sup>5</sup>  . I've got a smoothie maker, and I <sup>6</sup> (make/just) a carrot and tomato smoothie – lovely!

C

Eric: <sup>7</sup>  (you/see) that new cookery show on TV?Kyle: No, I <sup>8</sup>  (hear) people talking about it a lot,but I <sup>9</sup>  (never/see) it. Is it good?Eric: Yes, it's great. I <sup>10</sup>  (learn/already) a lot just from watching the first two episodes.

5

Choose the correct option in each case

We have played golf  two hours.I've wanted to be a vet  I was ten.They have been friends  a long time.She hasn't drunk  we got there.Lots of things have happened  then.I have lived in Spain  ten years.My parents need the van  two days.I've known her  she was born.We have been busy  morning.He has worked here  seven years.

## 4

## COMPARATIVES &amp; SUPERLATIVES

	COMPARATIVE	SUPERLATIVE
1 & 2 syllable adjectives	<i>Taller than</i> <i>Prettier than</i>	<i>The tallest</i> <i>The prettiest</i>
3 or more syllable adjectives	<i>More beautiful than</i> <i>More expensive than</i>	<i>The most beautiful</i> <i>The most expensive</i>
IRREGULAR ADJECTIVES		
GOOD	<i>Better than</i>	<i>The best</i>
BAD	<i>Worse than</i>	<i>The worst</i>

6 Complete the sentences with the comparative or superlative form of the adjectives in brackets.

1 I think the second film is  (good) than the first one.

2 The  (funny) part was when he fell in the swimming pool.

3 I think that having a good story is  (important) than having famous actors.

4 These are the  (uncomfortable) seats I've ever sat on!

5 Going to the cinema is  (exciting) than watching a film at home.

6 That's the  (bad) film I've ever seen – it was awful!

## 5

## PAST PERFECT

PAST PERFECT		
Affirmative	Negative	Interrogative
I <b>had</b> played	I <b>hadn't</b> played	<b>Had</b> I played?
You <b>had</b> played	You <b>hadn't</b> played	<b>Had</b> you played?
He <b>had</b> played	He <b>hadn't</b> playing	<b>Had</b> he played?
We <b>had</b> played	We <b>hadn't</b> played	<b>Had</b> we played?

You <b>had</b> played They <b>had</b> played	You <b>hadn't</b> played They <b>hadn't</b> played	<b>Had</b> you played? <b>Had</b> they played?
USES		
1. To talk about actions that have happened <b>BEFORE</b> a particular action in the past: <i>When we arrived home, they had already left</i> 2. Common expressions: By; after; before...: <i>By the time we arrived at the cinema, the movie had already started; They had started dinner a few minutes after I arrived home.</i>		

7

Choose either **PAST PERFECT** or **PAST SIMPLE** in the following sentences.

- The robbers **left / had left** the bank when the policemen finally **arrived / had arrived**.
- When the rain **started / had started**, the Atkinsons **finished / had finished** planting trees.
- By the time Rebecca **went / had gone** into the store, she **got / had got** soaked.
- Darcey **saw / had seen** this castle before she **came / had come** again last Sunday.
- Mr.Palmer **didn't speak / hadn't spoken** any Chinese before he **moved / had moved** to Peking.
- Sonny **got / had got** fainted by the time the ambulance **reached / had reached** the hospital.
- When my mother **brought / had brought** me an apple, I **finished / had finished** my homework.
- Mrs.Wilkinson **refused / had refused** to drive the car because she **had / had had** a terrible accident on the highway about a year ago.
- I **didn't think / hadn't thought** of having a new house before I **saw / had seen** that ad on TV.
- My uncle **didn't try / hadn't tried** Italian food before **went / had gone** to that restaurant.