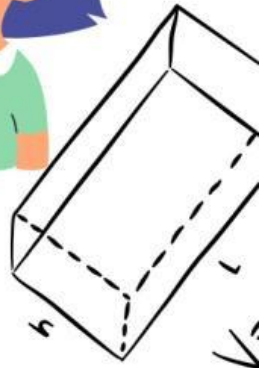
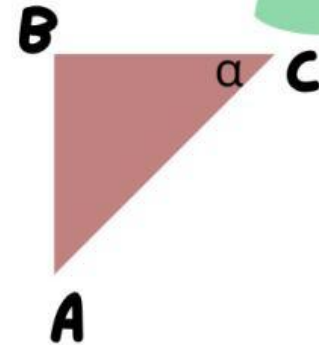
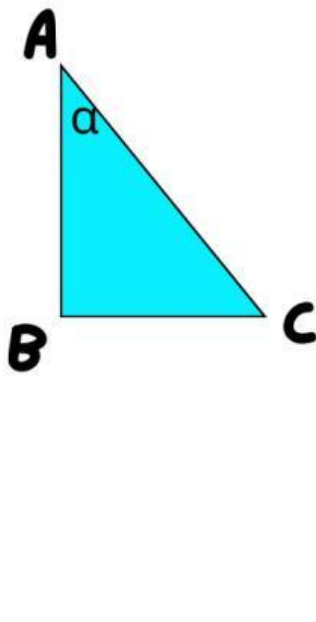


KEGIATAN 1

INGAT KEMBALI

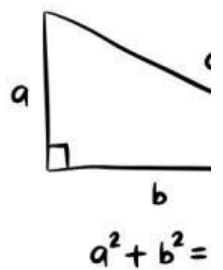
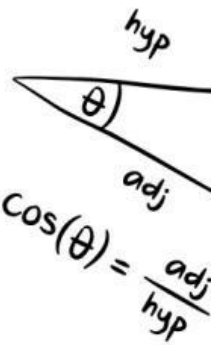


MASIH INGATKAH KALIAN PENAMAAN SISI PADA SEGITIGA ?



COBA PERHATIKAN 3 SEGITIGA DIATAS!
DAN ISILAH TABEL BERIKUT SESUAI
DENGAN KASUS DIATAS

SEGITIGA 1	SEGITIGA 2	SEGITIGA 3
SISI DEPAN =	SISI DEPAN =	SISI DEPAN =
SISI SAMPING =	SISI SAMPING =	SISI SAMPING =
SISI MIRING =	SISI MIRING =	SISI MIRING =

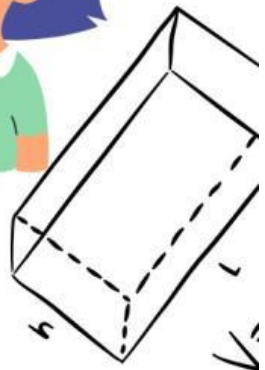
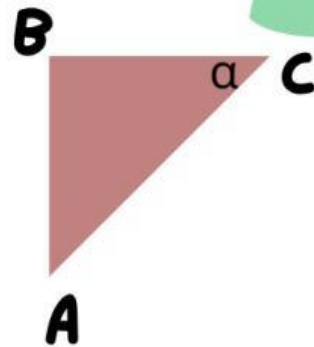
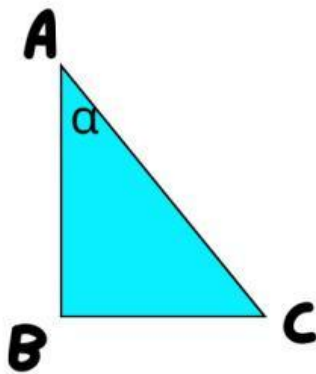


KEGIATAN 2

INGAT KEMBALI

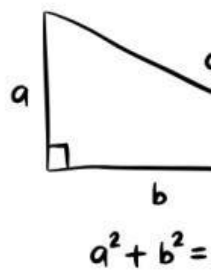
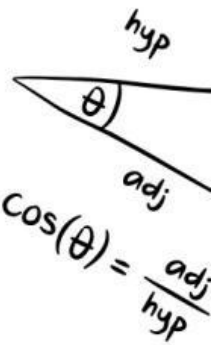


MASIH INGATKAH KALIAN PERBANDINGAN TRIGONOMETRI PADA SEGITIGA SIKU-SIKU ?



COBA PERHATIKAN 3 SEGITIGA DIATAS!
DAN ISILAH TABEL BERIKUT SESUAI
DENGAN KASUS DIATAS

SEGITIGA 1	SEGITIGA 2	SEGITIGA 3
$\sin \alpha = \dots / \dots$	$\sin \alpha = \dots / \dots$	$\sin \alpha = \dots / \dots$
$\cos \alpha = \dots / \dots$	$\cos \alpha = \dots / \dots$	$\cos \alpha = \dots / \dots$
$\tan \alpha = \dots / \dots$	$\tan \alpha = \dots / \dots$	$\tan \alpha = \dots / \dots$



$$\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$$

$$\frac{b}{b} = 1$$

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

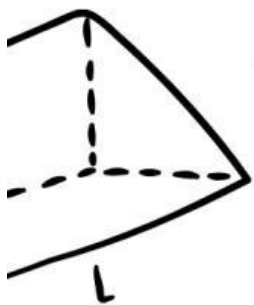


$$C = 2\pi r$$

$$\frac{d}{r} = \theta$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\frac{v_f - v_i}{t}$$



bhl

