

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: ... / ... /20...

Class: S3

Tel: 034.200.9294

**GLOBAL ENGLISH 3**  
**UNIT 5 – INVENTIONS: VOCABULARY 1**

❖ *Lưu ý: Với các từ vựng mở rộng thầy cô có cho ghi trong vở (nếu có) và các từ vựng mở rộng trong phiếu để có chủ thích nghĩa: con về nhà chép mỗi từ 1 dòng để ghi nhớ nhé*

**A. VOCABULARY**

No.	Word	Meaning	No.	Word	Meaning
1	<b>solve</b> (v)	giải quyết	8	<b>particle</b> (n)	phần tử, hạt
2	<b>develop</b> (v)	phát triển	9	<b>problem</b> (n)	vấn đề
3	<b>plain</b> (adj)	rõ ràng	10	<b>solution</b> (n)	giải pháp
4	<b>device</b> (n)	thiết bị	11	<b>plastic</b> (n)	nhựa
5	<b>construct</b> (v)	xây dựng	12	<b>pollution</b> (n)	sự ô nhiễm
6	<b>recycle</b> (v)	tái chế	13	<b>break down</b> (phr. v)	phân hủy
7	<b>cell</b> (n)	tế bào	14	<b>microbe</b> (n)	vi khuẩn

**Chú thích:** n = noun: danh từ; v = verb: động từ; adj = adjective: tính từ;  
phr.v = phrasal verb: cụm động từ

**B. HOMEWORK**

**Exercise 1: Read the paragraph and answer the questions**

Plastic doesn't break down easily like paper or wood. Many years after you use plastic, it is still the same. That is a problem because we use plastic once and throw it away but it doesn't break down and ends up as rubbish. People are looking for solutions to solve this problem. One solution is to reduce using plastic. We can use paper bags instead of plastic bags, for example. Another solution is to recycle plastic.

0. Does plastic break down easily?

→ No, it doesn't.

1. Why is plastic a problem?

→ Because \_\_\_\_\_.

2. Are people looking for solutions?

→ \_\_\_\_\_.

3. What are solutions to this problem?

→ \_\_\_\_\_.

4. Can we use paper bags instead of plastic bags?

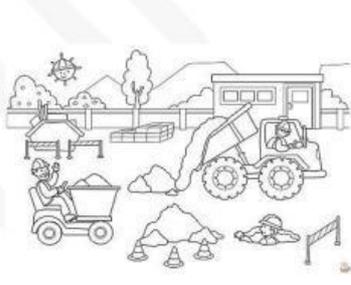
→ \_\_\_\_\_.

**Exercise 2: Fill in the blanks with given words**

**particles      develop      plain      microbe      cells      solve**

0. She discovered very small particles which are very important in physics (vật lý).
1. All plants and animals are made up (cấu tạo bởi) of \_\_\_\_\_.
  2. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a very small living thing and can cause diseases (bệnh tật).
  3. The facts (thực tế) were \_\_\_\_\_ to see.
  4. They all want to \_\_\_\_\_ the problem.
  5. He is trying to \_\_\_\_\_ his new products (sản phẩm).

**Exercise 3: Look at the pictures and write the correct letter**

<b>A</b>		<b>B</b>		<b>C</b>	
<b>D</b>		<b>E</b>		<b>F</b>	

0. Electric light bulb (Bóng đèn điện) is the greatest invention of Edison.  **A**
1. They are constructing a school.
2. The man is trying to recycle.
3. There are many electronic (điện tử) devices in our life.
4. Plastic bottles can damage the environment (môi trường).
5. Water pollution makes fish die.

\*Lưu ý trước khi làm đề Cambridge:

1. Sau khi làm bài tập có từ mới, các con phải tra từ điển. Sau khi tra từ điển, các con chép mỗi từ mới 1 dòng để ghi nhớ.
2. Các con gạch chân các từ khóa chính trong bài đọc.

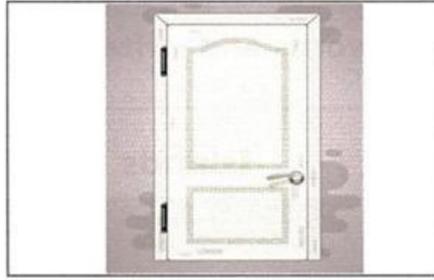
**Read the story. Choose a word from the box. Write the correct word next to numbers 1–5. There is one example.**

On Thursday evening, Jack was very tired. He got in his bed but he was cold. He found another .....**blanket**..... and put it on his bed. Then he saw a rabbit with big brown (1) ..... . ‘Come on!’ said the rabbit. ‘Let’s go to town!’ Jack was very (2) ..... . ‘You can talk!’ he said. ‘Yes,’ the rabbit answered. Then the rabbit opened the (3) ..... and went out. They went to a cafe in town. A kangaroo worked at the cafe! The kangaroo brought them cakes and two (4) ..... of tea. After they ate the cakes, Jack said to the rabbit, ‘I have to go home now.’ Then the rabbit said, ‘Let’s go to the park!’ and he hopped down the road. When they got to the park, there was a lion under a (5) ..... . Then, Jack closed his eyes. When he opened them, he saw his mum. ‘Jack, wake up!’ she said. ‘You have to go to school!’ ‘What a funny dream!’ Jack said.

Example



blanket



door



surprised



bowls



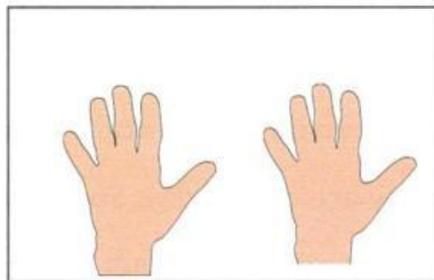
ears



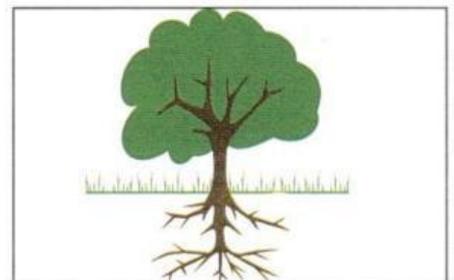
angry



cups



hands



tree

(6) Now choose the best name for the story.

Tick one box.

Jack's dream

Lions at the park

Jack's pet rabbit

Con làm bài nghe theo link sau: <https://youtu.be/EPJ7YKG4yWk?t=473> (Từ 07:52 đến 12:11)

Bill is telling Peter about a birthday party he went to last weekend. How did each person dress up for the party?

Listen and write a letter in each box. There is one example.



Bill

D



his sister



his cousin



his aunt



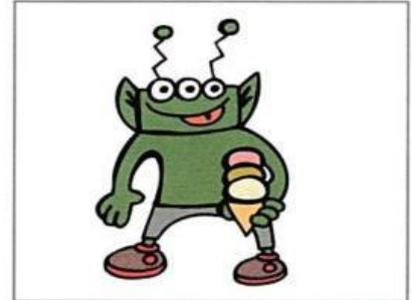
his uncle



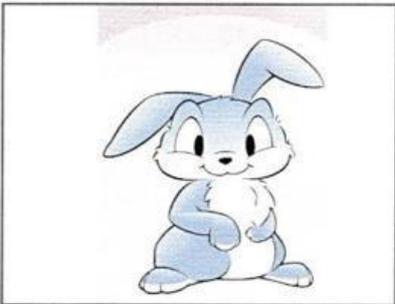
his brother



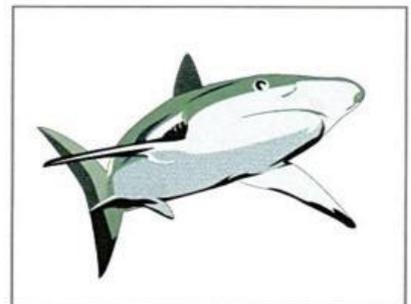
**A**



**B**



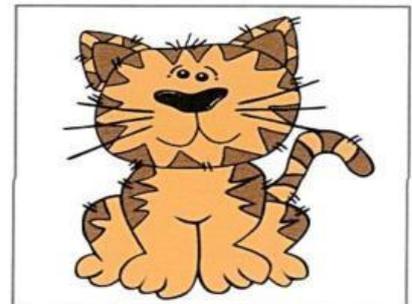
**C**



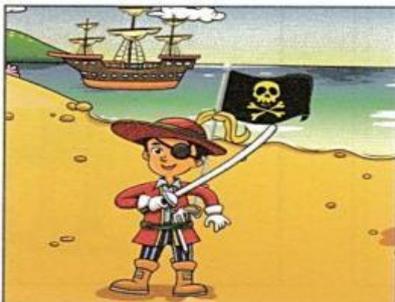
**D**



**E**



**F**



**G**



**H**

**Exercise 1: Put the adjectives in the box into the correct column**

<b>cool</b> <b>impolite</b> <b>patient</b> <b>embarrassing</b> <b>unkind</b> <b>confused</b>
--

0.	<i>slightly (hơi) cold</i>	<i>cool</i>
1.	making you feel ashamed ( <i>xấu hổ</i> ) of	
2.	unable to understand ( <i>hiểu</i> ) or think clearly ( <i>rõ ràng</i> )	
3.	able to wait and accept difficulties ( <i>khó khăn</i> )	
4.	not having good manners ( <i>cách cư xử</i> )	
5.	not nice	

**Exercise 2: Circle the correct answer**

0. Bruno's left hand is his (**dominant** / impatient / impossible) hand.
1. A/An (cat / cactus / oasis) can live well in the desert.
2. The (groom / bride / daughter) is the most beautiful lady in the wedding today.
3. Penguins live in (America / Africa / Antarctica).
4. The leaves (trap / creep / change) their colors when autumn comes.
5. (Dragon dance / Camel dance / Tiger dance) is a traditional Vietnamese dance.

**\*Lưu ý: Với những từ con không nhớ và viết sai, con chép từ đó vào vở 2 dòng.**