PHÒNG GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO QUẬN CẦU GIẤY

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC

(Đề thi gồm 4 trang)

KIỂM TRA HỌC KÌ II – LỚP 9
NĂM HỌC: 2022 – 2023
MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
Ngày kiểm tra: 27/12/2022
Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút

Mã đề: 909

HỌ TÊN:..... LỚP: ..... ĐIỂM:

MÃ ĐỀ	SỐ BÁO DANH	ĐÁP ÁN TRẮC NGHIỆM
■ □ □ □	■ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	■ A B C D ■ A B C D ■ A B C D ■ A B C D
0 ○ ○ ○	0 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	1 ○ ○ ○ ○ 11 ○ ○ ○ ○ 21 ○ ○ ○ ○ 31 ○ ○ ○ ○
1 ○ ○ ○	1 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	2 ○ ○ ○ ○ 12 ○ ○ ○ ○ 22 ○ ○ ○ ○ 32 ○ ○ ○ ○
2 ○ ○ ○	2 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	3 ○ ○ ○ ○ 13 ○ ○ ○ ○ 23 ○ ○ ○ ○ 33 ○ ○ ○ ○
3 ○ ○ ○	3 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	4 ○ ○ ○ ○ 14 ○ ○ ○ ○ 24 ○ ○ ○ ○ 34 ○ ○ ○ ○
4 ○ ○ ○	4 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	5 ○ ○ ○ ○ 15 ○ ○ ○ ○ 25 ○ ○ ○ ○ 35 ○ ○ ○ ○
5 ○ ○ ○	5 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	6 ○ ○ ○ ○ 16 ○ ○ ○ ○ 26 ○ ○ ○ ○ 36 ○ ○ ○ ○
6 ○ ○ ○	6 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	7 ○ ○ ○ ○ 17 ○ ○ ○ ○ 27 ○ ○ ○ ○ 37 ○ ○ ○ ○
7 ○ ○ ○	7 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	8 ○ ○ ○ ○ 18 ○ ○ ○ ○ 28 ○ ○ ○ ○ 38 ○ ○ ○ ○
8 ○ ○ ○	8 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	9 ○ ○ ○ ○ 19 ○ ○ ○ ○ 29 ○ ○ ○ ○ 39 ○ ○ ○ ○
9 ○ ○ ○	9 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	10 ○ ○ ○ ○ 20 ○ ○ ○ ○ 30 ○ ○ ○ ○ 40 ○ ○ ○ ○
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Thí sinh lưu ý :
- Giữ cho phiếu phẳng, không bôi bẩn, làm rách, không tẩy xóa, để máy chấm.
- Tô **kín**, tô **đậm** các ô tròn tương ứng với mã Đề thi, Số báo danh và đáp án đúng cho Phần trắc nghiệm.
- Không được ghi đè, tô đè lên các ô vuông đen, để máy định vị chính xác

Listen to Nguyen's presentation about a natural wonder in Viet Nam, mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions. You will listen TWICE.

Question 1. People visit Moc Chau to admire its _____.
A. picturesque mountains B. untouched places
C. endless hills D. local places

Question 2. People can visit Moc Chau _____.
A. in winter B. every season C. in spring D. in summer

Question 3. Besides its fabulous scenery, Moc Chau is well-known for its_____.
A. local dishes B. tourists
C. outsiders D. villages

Question 4. Visitors try to eat the local dishes because they are _____.
A. thirsty B. hungry
C. tired D. curious

Question 5. The locals' _____ is another attraction for tourists.
A. hospitality B. amazing taste
C. curiosity D. love

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Question 6. Tourists are welcomed and treated with _____.

A. white corn B. rice wine

C. corn wine D. local food

Question 7. Moc Chau is located only _____ from Ha Noi.

A. 168 kilometres B. 85 kilometres

C. 197 kilometres D. 187 kilometres

Question 8. It's easy to reach Moc Chau by _____.

A. boat B. public transport

C. both private and public transport D. private transport

Read the following passage carefully and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

In the earliest times children got their education directly from parents and other adults. They learned mainly skills for survival. Adults passed down this knowledge through spoken language. Eventually cultures around the world began inventing writing. As societies developed, they ***set up*** schools to teach reading, writing, maths and other subjects.

The first schools were usually just for boys. Most of the students came from rich and powerful families. Often the purpose of their education was religious training. In many cultures the religious leaders formed the highest level of society. Some schools had other purposes as well. Many schools focused on military training. Sometimes youths attended special schools to learn the art of public speaking. These skills were meant to help them become future leaders.

Most girls received their education at home. ***They*** learned cooking, sewing and other useful skills. Over time education became available to more people, not just the rich and powerful. The governments of some countries set up public systems of education in the 1800s. More schools opened to girls.

During the 1900s, marks, or grades, became a new measure of learning. Testing became a regular part of formal education. As education became more important to people, teachers' colleges opened. The requirements for becoming a teacher became stricter. Teaching became a highly respected profession.

Question 9. In the earliest times, children learned mainly skills so that they could_____.

A. invent writing B. make societies develop

C. pass this knowledge down D. continue to exist

Question 10. The word "***They***" in paragraph 3 refers to_____.

A. future leaders B. youths C. most girls D. useful skills

Question 11. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

A. Art of public speaking was one of the skills that help youths become future leaders.

B. In the earliest times, knowledge was passed down through written records.

C. The first schools were usually just for boys from rich and powerful families.

D. During the 1900s, testing became a regular part of formal education.

Question 12. The phrase "***set up***" in the passage could be best replaced by_____.

A. founded B. based

C. built D. made

Question 13. The best title for the passage could be _____.

A. Testing - a Regular Part of Education B. Education in Modern Times C. The Development of Education D. Education in the Earliest Times

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 14. A. embarrass**ed** B. relax**ed** C. inform**ed** D. pack**ed**

Question 15. A. l**ou**dspeaker B. ar**ou**nd C. ast**ou**nding D. fabul**ou**s

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the

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following questions.

Question 16. He **wondered** whether **going** for a walk **or** to visit **a friend**.

A. or B. wondered C. a friend D. going

Question 17. She **thinks** that to give **a good** advice we **need to** empathise **with** people.

A. with B. thinks C. need to D. a good

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 18. A. conduct B. behave C. rickshaw D. preserve

Question 19. A. occasion B. facility C. photography D. confident

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 20. Oliver asked me what time _____ when we were waiting for the bus at the station.

A. is it B. it is C. it was D. was it

Question 21. Life in Ho Chi Minh City is _____ than we thought at first.

A. by far the busiest B. much busier C. more busier D. much busiest

Question 22. That retired postal worker has to _____ a pension of $250 a month.

A. take up B. set off C. live on D. go over

Question 23. _____ that the best time to visit Ha Long Bay is between March and May when the visibility is clear.

A. It is suggested B. It is suggesting C. It suggested D. It suggests

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 24. After all, she is **getting on well** in the job.

A. solving a problem B. making progress C. earning enough money D. having a good relationship

Question 25. The church which was built 100 years ago is quite an **ancient** building.

A. picturesque B. unique C. modern D. old

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 26. One major **disadvantage** of the area is the lack of public transport.

A. drawback B. benefit C. issue D. problem

Question 27. It is terrible. The machine has been **out of order** since last month.

A. sold out B. under repair C. refusing orders D. functioning well

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Should people retire to the countryside?

Many people who are close to their retirement want to move to the countryside to enjoy the rest of their life. It is widely believed that life in the rural areas are [28] _____ than that in the city. The countryside is less polluted than the city and people's health will improve. [29] _____, city folks have warned people about the potential risks of living the rural areas. Life in the countryside may not be blissfully calm as expected, even tougher. For example, rural houses are much weaker and more inconvenient than those [30] _____ the city. During harsh weather condition, it is dangerous for people living in it. Besides, people may also face up to the lack of health care service. The vulnerable old people can't be better treated in the countryside than in

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[31] _____ city. For those who have spent most of their life working and living in urban areas, they may not be able to [32] _____ the boredom and lack of facility in the rural areas.

Question 28.	A. more peaceful	B. more peacefully	C. more noisy	D. more noisily
Question 29.	A. However	B. Therefore	C. Otherwise	D. Although
Question 30.	A. in	B. with	C. to	D. on
Question 31.	A. a	B. the	C. an	D. x
Question 32.	A. put up with	B. come down with	C. work out	D. turn down

Finish the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one, beginning with the given words.

Question 33. *"Do your grandparents still live in Nha Trang now?" Nam said to me.*

Nam asked _____.

Question 34. *Peter usually had lunch in the canteen, but he doesn't now.*

Peter used _____.

Question 35. *My sister is often sick since she doesn't do physical exercise.*

If _____.

Question 36. *The weather was very hot. They continued playing football.*

In spite of _____.

Write a complete sentence from the set of word(s)/ phrase(s) given. You can give the addition, or change the form of word(s) given.

Question 37. *It / be / such / old / furniture / we / couldn't / keep / it.*

_____.

Question 38. *You / must / learn / how / put / word stress / although / it / be / not / easy.*

_____.

Question 39. *This / be / first time / I / ever/ see / so / people / in / this library.*

_____.

Question 40. *Life / in / countryside / be / not / stressful / as / life / city.*

_____.

---THE END---

(Cán bộ coi thi không giải thích gì thêm)

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