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Class: S8

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GLOBAL ENGLISH 8
SPEAKING PRACTICE AND FCE WRITING

FCE PRACTICE

***Lưu ý:**

1. Khi làm bài tập có từ mới, các con phải tra từ điển. Sau khi tra từ điển, các con chép mỗi từ mới **1 dòng** để ghi nhớ.
2. Các con gạch chân các từ khoá chính trong bài đọc.

For questions 1–8, read the text below and decide which answer (A, B, C or D) best fits each gap. There is an example at the beginning (0).

Mark your answers **on the separate answer sheet**.

Example:

0 A settled B established C installed D found

0	A	B	C	D
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

A new partnership

In 1884, a small engineering firm was (0) in a part of Manchester. Its owner had (1) to complete only two years in formal education yet was still successfully (2) a business. In 1903, he bought his first car but it did not meet his high (3) and, being an engineer, he could not (4) having a go at improving it. By the following year he had designed a new car himself, and then started manufacturing this model. One of his cars came to the (5) of a wealthy car salesman from an aristocratic background. He was (6) impressed by the car and a meeting was (7) between the two of them at the Midland Hotel in Manchester. The meeting was a success and the two men decided to go into business together. The name of the manufacturer was Henry Royce and that of the wealthy aristocrat, Charles Rolls – and so the world-famous brand, the luxurious Rolls-Royce, was (8)

- | | | | | |
|---|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1 | A passed | B achieved | C managed | D allowed |
| 2 | A arranging | B running | C working | D dealing |
| 3 | A standards | B rates | C levels | D ranks |
| 4 | A obstruct | B resist | C oppose | D refuse |
| 5 | A attention | B view | C interest | D attraction |
| 6 | A widely | B mainly | C greatly | D fully |
| 7 | A put out | B turned up | C taken out | D set up |
| 8 | A brought | B originated | C discovered | D born |

For questions **9–16**, read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only **one** word in each gap. There is an example at the beginning **(0)**.

Write your answers **IN CAPITAL LETTERS** on the separate answer sheet.

Example:

0

A	R	E															
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The importance of laughter

Psychologists tell us that humour and laughter **(0)** good for our social relationships. Having a good sense of humour is often regarded **(9)** being one of the most important characteristics that people look **(10)** in a friend. In classrooms, a humorous teacher can make learning far **(11)** enjoyable and improve a student's motivation.

In one study, students on a psychology course **(12)** split into two different groups: one group was taught with a certain amount of humour, and the other with **(13)** humour at all. Later, when researchers tested the students to see how much they had retained of **(14)** they had heard in the lectures, they found that those **(15)** had attended lectures containing humour scored significantly higher than the other students.

Humour and laughter make us feel happy, and our laughter makes others laugh as **(16)** , so if we laugh a lot we may be helping to make other people feel happy.

Write an answer to **one** of the questions 2–4 in this part. Write your answer in **140–190** words in an appropriate style **on the separate answer sheet**. Put the question number in the box at the top of the answer sheet.

- 2 You have received an email from your English-speaking friend, Tom:

As you know, my mum and dad own a restaurant and want me to work there when I leave college. However, I'm still really keen to be a journalist. What do you think I should do?

Write your **email**.

- 3 Your local government wants to improve your town centre and make it better for local people. Your college principal has asked students to write a report on the situation to send to the local government. In your report you should:

- Describe some of the problems in the town centre
- Suggest, with reasons, what improvements should be made to solve these problems

Write your **report**.

- 4 You see this notice in an English-language magazine:

We're looking for articles about good luck.
Write an article telling us about something lucky that happened to you and what effect this had.

Write your **article**.

Con hãy mở link nghe sau bằng máy tính nhé: <https://tinyurl.com/jhrsrtvs>

You will hear people talking in eight different situations.

For questions 1–8, choose the best answer (A, B or C).

- 1 You hear a woman talking on the radio about an actor.
What does the woman say about him?
A His acting has improved over the years.
B The media often criticise him unfairly.
C He gets fewer film roles than he deserves.

- 2 You hear a hairstylist talking about her career.
She prefers working in the TV industry because she
A feels that her contribution is valued.
B is able to express her opinions freely.
C thrives on the creative challenge the work presents.

- 3 You hear a comedian called Geoff Knight talking on the radio about his profession.
What does Geoff like his act to contain?
A stories that give people a surprise
B things that everybody can relate to
C material that nobody has used before

- 4 You hear a conversation between a customer and a coffee shop employee.
What is the employee doing?
A waiting for a colleague's help
B excusing a colleague's inefficiency
C criticising a colleague's attitude

- 5 You hear a man telling a friend about an art exhibition.
What does he say about it?
- A It was well attended.
 - B The lighting was effective.
 - C The catalogue was worth buying.
- 6 You overhear a man ringing a sports shop.
Why is he calling?
- A to report an incident in the shop
 - B to make a special order
 - C to follow up an earlier query
- 7 You hear a man telling a friend about his work.
How does the man feel about his work?
- A resentment of his colleague's success
 - B regret at the changes that have taken place
 - C frustration at his lack of progress
- 8 You hear two people talking about a country walk they're doing.
What do they agree about?
- A It's much too long to complete.
 - B The path is very difficult to follow.
 - C They've chosen the wrong day to do it.

Con hãy mở link nghe sau bằng máy tính nhé: <https://tinyurl.com/wp35u86e>

You will hear a presentation given by a university student called Megan Rowlings about a forest survival course she went on in Australia. For questions 9–18, complete the sentences with a word or short phrase.

Survival in the forest

It was Megan's (9) who told her about the survival course.

Megan particularly appreciated the course leader John's use of (10)
at stressful moments.

Megan said the assistant's knowledge of (11) was very useful during the course.

Megan was worried that her (12) would be a problem in doing some of the tasks.

John emphasised that when it comes to safety, (13) is the
most dangerous reaction.

Megan's teammates were grateful for the (14) which she'd brought with her.

Megan learned how to make a (15) from the material found in the forest.

Megan and her group were told they should only use water from
the (16) for drinking.

Megan found that making a (17) was hard for her.

Megan was surprised to find that the skill of (18) benefited her.

I. Choose the correct answer.

1. These elements are major sources of _____ heating.

A. ecologist

B. pension

C. radioactive

2. The law imposed new financial _____ on private companies.

A. restrictions

B. photosynthesis

C. closures

3. Central Africa is suffering one of the worst _____ of the century.

A. droughts

B. psychologists

C. oxygen

4. Free school lunches are given to children who _____.

A. qualify

B. convert

C. curtail

II. Combine these sentences using the words given.

1. They are good friends. They don't see each other very often. (**ALTHOUGH**)

→ _____

2. The man spoke loudly. He wanted everybody to hear him clearly. (**SO THAT**)

→ _____

3. They did their job well. They want to increase their salary. (**IN ORDER TO**)

→ _____

4. She bought that doll for her daughter, although she didn't have much money. (**DESPITE**)

→ _____

** Lưu ý: Với những từ con không nhớ và viết sai, con chép từ đó vào vở 2 dòng.*