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Class: S9

Date: .../.../2023

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GLOBAL ENGLISH 9: UNIT 5 – TECHNOLOGY

GRAMMAR 2

A. GRAMMAR

***Lưu ý:** Các từ vựng mở rộng thầy cô cho ghi trong vở (nếu có) và các từ vựng mở rộng trong phiếu để có chủ thích nghĩa: con về nhà chép mỗi từ 1 dòng để ghi nhớ nhé.

I. To have s.th done (Có điều nào đó được làm bởi người nào)

- We use this structure **when we need help from someone to do something** or it shows **an action that has a negative effect** on someone. **To have sth done** is used to **refer to actions that are done for the subject**.

S + have + s.th + V_{3/ed} + O.	<i>Ex: I have the room cleaned.</i> <i>She has her bag stolen in Thailand.</i>
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***Note:** s.th = something

II. Present perfect passive (Bị động thì hiện tại hoàn thành)

- **Present perfect passive** is used when we mention **something that has been done by someone at some time up to now**.

Positive	S + have/ has + been + V_{3/ed} + O.	<i>Ex: A new road has been built in the village.</i>
Negative	S + have/ has + not + been + V_{3/ed} + O.	<i>Ex: The door has not been opened.</i>
Question	Have/ Has + S + been + V_{3/ed} + O? Wh- + have/ has + S + been + V_{3/ed} + O?	<i>Ex: Has that house been built (by them) yet?</i> <i>What have the students been asked by the teacher?</i>

B. HOMEWORK

I. Match a job from 1 to 5 with its corresponding action. Then make the sentences using the information and the structure “have s.th done”. You may add more words if necessary.

0. hairdresser	a. test eyes	0 - c
1. optician	b. design new houses	1 -
2. dentist	e. cut hair	2 -
3. vet	d. do annual accounts	3 -
4. architect	e. vaccinate dogs	4 -
5. accountant	f. take out teeth	5 -

0. I'm going to the hairdresser's to have my hair cut tomorrow.

1. _____.
2. _____.
3. _____.
4. _____.
5. _____.

II. Choose the correct answers.

0. Did I tell you about Jane? She _____.

☒ A. had her bag stolen

B. have her bag stolen

1. Mary is _____ tomorrow.

A. having her new computer delivered

B. have her new computer delivered

2. My brother took very beautiful pictures but he _____.

A. haven't the film developed

B. didn't have the film developed

3. My car broke down last week so I had _____.

A. to have it repaired

B. have it to repair

4. My car has a *puncture* (lỗ thủng) but I have no time _____.

A. have it fixed

B. to have it fixed

5. My sister _____ in the garden.

A. has an apple tree plant

B. has an apple tree planted

6. David _____ his *tonsils* (amidan) _____ when he was eleven.

A. had / removed

B. has / removed

III. Write questions and short answers (yes: Y, no: N). Use the present perfect passive.

0. you/ ask/ a speech (Y)

→ Have you been asked to make a speech? Yes, I have.

1. those clothes/ wear (N)

→ _____.

2. she/ send/ present (N)

→ _____.

3. he/ give/ new computer (Y)

→ _____.

4. you/ teach/ swim (N)

→ _____.

5. the invitations/ write (Y)

→ _____.

IV. Complete the sentences using the correct form of *have something done* and the words in brackets. Use contractions (*đặt rút gọn*) where possible.

0. He didn't fix his car himself, he had it fixed (it / fix) at the garage.
1. If you can't see properly, you should _____ (your eyes / test).
2. We usually _____ (the bedrooms / redecorate) every two years.
3. Sarah isn't making her own wedding dress, she _____ (it / make) by a designer in Italy.
4. _____ (you / ever / anything / steal) from your house?
5. Your hair is too long. You need _____ (it / cut).

V. Fill in the blanks with the given verbs using the present perfect passive.

0. The plants have already been watered. (already/ water)
1. This _____ before. (do)
2. How many books _____ by you? (read)
3. A new movie trailer _____ by Marvel Studio lately. (launch)
4. No presents _____. (make/ yet)
5. The air conditioning _____. (turn off/ yet)

. C. FCE Practice

For questions 1–8, read the text below and decide which answer (A, B, C or D) best fits each gap. There is an example at the beginning (0).

Mark your answers on the separate answer sheet.

Example:

0 A branch B item C piece D part

0	A	B	C	D
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Checking your mobile phone


How often do you check your phone? For many of us, our phone is an essential (0) of everyday life, but apparently we are spending an increasing amount of time checking it for information without being (1) of doing so.

Research in Helsinki shows that phone checking (2) lasts less than 30 seconds on each occasion, and usually (3) of opening a single application such as social media. The study also found many users check their mobiles throughout the (4) day, and that what they check is often (5) with particular contexts. For instance, when travelling to work or college, people tend to check their email; if they are bored, they get a quick (6) on the latest news.

Checking this frequently can easily become a habit, which some say can (7) us from more important things. Others, though, believe that being able to (8) so much new information so quickly makes life far more interesting.

- | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1 | A sensitive | B cautious | C sensible | D conscious |
| 2 | A virtually | B typically | C widely | D suitably |
| 3 | A consists | B composes | C involves | D includes |
| 4 | A complete | B total | C normal | D entire |
| 5 | A attached | B assumed | C associated | D accompanied |
| 6 | A update | B revision | C review | D upgrade |
| 7 | A disturb | B distract | C disrupt | D distribute |
| 8 | A capture | B import | C obtain | D seize |

Con hãy làm bài nghe theo link sau: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1XU4E9mPFAU>
(Từ 1'29'12 – 1'34'12)

 03 You will hear five short extracts in which people are talking about difficult situations they have been in. For questions 19–23, choose from the list (A–H) what each speaker says they did in each situation. Use the letters only once. There are three extra letters which you do not need to use. **[You will need to play this recording twice.]**


- A I contacted the emergency services.
- B I found it impossible to remain calm.
- C I did what I had been trained to do.
- D I followed someone else's advice.
- E I made a decision I later regretted.
- F I helped people reach safety.
- G I was tempted to ignore what had happened.
- H I had an argument with someone.

Speaker 1	<input type="text"/>	19
Speaker 2	<input type="text"/>	20
Speaker 3	<input type="text"/>	21
Speaker 4	<input type="text"/>	22
Speaker 5	<input type="text"/>	23



Con hãy làm bài nghe theo link sau: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1XU4E9mPFAU>

(Từ 1'10'50s – 1'23'14s)

 01 You will hear people talking in eight different situations. For questions 1–8, choose the best answer, A, B or C.

- 1 You hear a film review on the radio.
What criticism does the reviewer make?
A the acting is poor
B the music is unsuitable
C the story is difficult to follow
- 2 You hear two students talking about a holiday abroad.
What do they agree about?
A Foreign travel is harmful to the environment.
B It is becoming more expensive to travel abroad.
C Holidays are more enjoyable if you go abroad.
- 3 You hear a woman talking on the radio about a place called Dolphin Bay.
Where did she first hear about Dolphin Bay?
A on the Internet
B on the radio
C on television
- 4 You overhear a woman talking outside the post office.
Why had she gone to the post office?
A to collect a parcel
B to buy stamps
C to send a parcel
- 5 You hear part of a discussion on local radio.
What is the programme about?
A building new housing
B protecting wildlife
C improving road safety
- 6 You hear a man talking about motorcycling.
What does he regret?
A riding his motorcycle too fast
B doing a particular journey by motorcycle
C buying a motorcycle
- 7 You overhear a student talking about her new college.
How does she feel about the college?
A She is finding some of the lessons difficult.
B Some of her new classmates are unfriendly.
C It is too far away from her home.
- 8 You overhear a driving instructor talking to a learner after the lesson has ended.
What mistake did the learner make?
A He ignored a road sign.
B He was driving too fast.
C He failed to look in the mirror.

MINI TEST

I. Write the correct English meaning of the Vietnamese word or phrase.

No.	Vietnamese	English
1.	máy bay không người lái (n)	_____
2.	đồng cảm (n)	_____
3.	thuộc toàn thế giới (a)	_____
4.	nền tảng (n)	_____
5.	kêu, reo (v)	_____

II. Circle the correct answer.

1. John _____ for the exam for 2 months after the holiday.
A. will be preparing B. will preparing C. prepares
2. The hurricane blew the beach sand away, _____ made the place look unfamiliar and strange.
A. which B. that C. This
3. She just lives six doors away, _____ is very *handy* (thuận tiện).
A. which B. who C. that
4. The goat was standing on the roof of the house. _____ didn't make sense.
A. Which B. Who C. That
5. While I _____ my homework, she is going to make dinner.
A. will be finishing B. am finishing C. will finish

Lưu ý: Với những từ con không nhớ và viết sai, con chép từ đó vào vở 2 dòng.