

Periods of History

1. Choose the correct option for each sentence.

Historians divide the past of humanity into two big periods:

_____ is the oldest and longest period of our past.
There are not written documents because writing was not invented yet.

_____ is the period that began when people invented writing. There are written documents from this period. That is why we can learn about people from this time.

History through the ages

2. Match each historical period with the important events that began or ended each one.

- Began when Roman Empire disappeared in 476 B.C.

Prehistory

- Began with the French Revolution in 1789, until today.

Ancient History

- Began when humanity appeared

Middle Ages

- Began when Christopher Columbus arrived in America in 1492

Modern Age

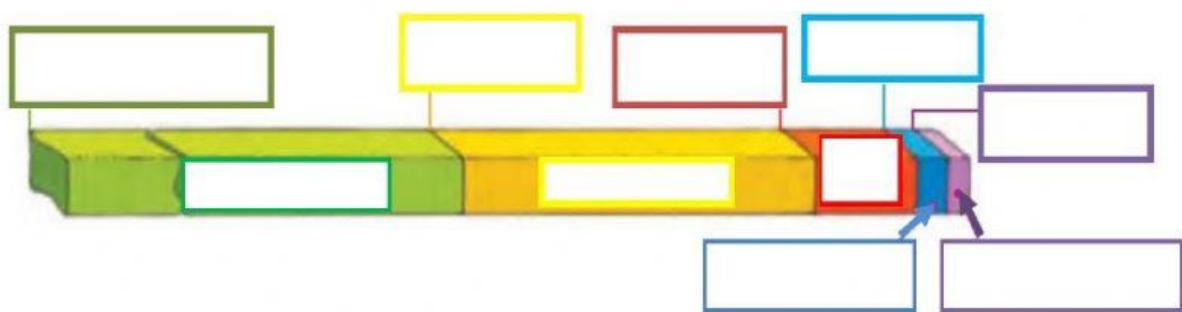
- Began when writing was invented, more than 5,000 years ago

Contemporary age

3. Place each age of history and event on the timeline in the correct order.

| | | | | |
|-------------|------------|------------|------------------|-------------|
| Ancient Age | Modern Age | Prehistory | Contemporary Age | Middle Ages |
|-------------|------------|------------|------------------|-------------|

| | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| Writing is invented | French Revolution | Roman Empire disappears | Columbus arrives in America | First humans appear |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|



4. Order the historical periods from the most modern.



a. The Middle Ages



b. The Modern Age



c. Ancient History



d. The Early Modern Age



e. Prehistory

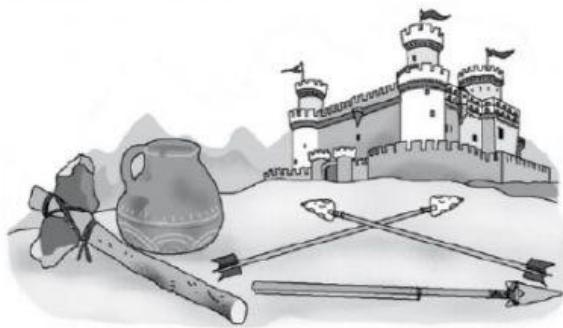


5. Label the different sources that historians use to find out about the past.

physical oral visual written



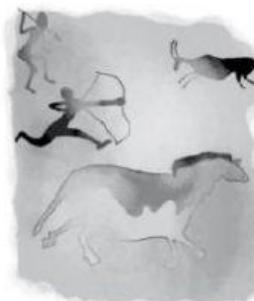
a. _____ sources



b. _____ sources



c. _____ sources



d. _____ sources