

I. Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence or do as directed. (3ms)

1. He talks so fast, so I can't (go / keep / look) up with what he's saying.
2. Her son wishes he (is studying / can study / were studying) Marketing instead of Hospitality.
3. The craft of basket (weaving / sewing / casting) is passed down from generation to generation.
4. It (was reporting / has reported / was reported) that two people had been injured in the accident.
5. They can't decide (where / who / what) to go for their summer holiday.
6. You should drive (as carefully / more carefully / most carefully), or you will cause an accident.
7. I (had told / am telling / have told) you many times not to leave the door open.
8. At night my grandparents (be used to / used to / use to) entertain themselves by telling stories.
9. Mary suggested they (should visit / must visit / will visit) Po Nagar Cham Towers after lunch.
10. The London Eye, known (about / as / of) the Millennium Wheel, is a giant observation wheel in London.
11. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently: peace / weak / thread.
12. Choose the word which has a different stress pattern: nasty / quiet / remote.

II. Supply the correct form of the word in parentheses to complete each sentence. (1m)

1. Dong Ho Village has been famous for a type of folk _____ (paint)
2. It is considered that life in a city is wonderful and _____ (enjoy)

III. Complete each sentence with the correct tense of the verb in parentheses. (1m)

1. I was sure I _____ him somewhere before, but I couldn't remember where. (see)
2. My leg started to hurt when I _____ football. (play)

IV Reading. 1. Read the passage and fill in each gap with a suitable word from the list (1m)

talk - worry - many - much - important - from

Teenagers today live in a very competitive world. It is more (a) _____ than ever to succeed at school if you hope to have a chance in the job market afterwards. It's no wonder that many young people (b) _____ about letting down their parents, their peers and themselves. In trying to please everyone, they take on too (c) _____ tasks until it becomes harder and harder to balance homework assignments, parties, sport activities and friends. The result is that people suffer (d) _____ stress!

2. Read the passage and answer the questions below. (2ms)

In the past few decades, the countryside has experienced lots of changes. Because of population growth, more products are needed. Therefore, more factories have been constructed, and young people have more choice of jobs apart from becoming farmers. When big cities have become more and more polluted, the fresher atmosphere in the countryside attracts more people. Rich people who live in the city for their work often buy a second house in the countryside to spend their weekend and holiday. As a result, the countryside is no longer a small community of rural people. In fact, in many parts of the countryside, there are urban people from nearby cities. Additionally, the introduction of the Internet creates more opportunities for increasing rural people's knowledge. Many farmers have used machines for tasks that used to be done by hand, which

helps them save labour. In the near future, it is expected that the countryside will gradually become more similar to big cities.

a. What in the countryside attracts more people?

b. Why do rich people often buy a second home in the countryside?

c. Is the countryside only a small community of rural people?

d. How do many farmers save labour?

V. Write a new sentence as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentence, using the word(s) given. (2ms)

1. They live in a tall building but they only use the ground floor.

=) *Although* _____

2. Phong said, "My parents are very proud of my good marks."

--> *Phong said that* _____

3. My father turned on the radio in order to listen to the news.

--> _____ *so that* _____

4. Niko's team had an important match last week.

5. *There* _____ *Niko's team.*

