

Name: _____

Score: _____

21 Multiple choice questions

Definition

1 of 21

Who were flagellants?

- A germ (pasteurella pestis) which lived in the blood of black rats and the guts of fleas that travelled on their fur
- There were fewer people to plough and harvest, so tons of crops rotted in the fields
- There were fewer of them, so they could demand higher wages. The price of food and other goods fell.
- People who whipped themselves, hoping that God would forgive their sins and spare their lives.

Definition

2 of 21

What caused pneumonic plague?

- Fever, buboes in armpits and groin, a rash of black and red spots
- Villeins could bargain with the lords to end their labour services and leave the lord's control
- A germ that travelled in the air - it was caught by breathing in the germs
- Bad air - some people believed the plague was caused by poisonous air

Definition

3 of 21

Where did the Black Death originate?

- China

- Japan

- 1348

- India

Definition

4 of 21

What were the symptoms of pneumonic plague?

- Miasma, god, the planets, person to person
- Pneumonic
- Coughed up blood, lungs rotted
- The jews

Definition

5 of 21

Where did the Black Death first arrive in England?

- Melcombe Regis, Dorset

- 1348

- Pneumonic

- Lighting Fires, Praying To God, Herbal Potions

Definition

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What percentage of people died from pneumonic plague?

- 70%
- 75%
- 90%
- 100%

Definition

7 of 21

How did standards of living improve for peasants?

- A third of the population
- There were fewer people to plough and harvest, so tons of crops rotted in the fields
- They took over abandoned land, built bigger houses, ate more meat and less bread. They began to wear clothes of coloured material.
- There were fewer of them, so they could demand higher wages. The price of food and other goods fell.

Definition

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How did the Black Death affect farming?

- There were fewer of them, so they could demand higher wages. The price of food and other goods fell.
- They took over abandoned land, built bigger houses, ate more meat and less bread. They began to wear clothes of coloured material.
- There were fewer people to plough and harvest, so tons of crops rotted in the fields
- A third of the population

Definition

9 of 21

What was the deadliest form of the plague?

- Bubonic
- Pandemic
- Pneumonic
- Lymphonic

Definition

10 of 21

What year did the Black Death arrive in Britain?

- 1343
- 1353
- 1347
- 1348

Definition

11 of 21

What was the most common form of the plague?

- Pandemic**
- Bubonic**
- Glycemic**
- Pneumonic**

Definition

12 of 21

What caused bubonic plague?

- People who whipped themselves, hoping that God would forgive their sins and spare their lives.**
- A germ (pasteurella pestis) which lived in the blood of black rats and the guts of fleas that travelled on their fur**
- There were fewer of them, so they could demand higher wages. The price of food and other goods fell.**
- There were fewer people to plough and harvest, so tons of crops rotted in the fields**

Definition

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Which group of people were sometimes blamed for causing the plague?

- Poland**
- Austria**
- The Holocaust**
- The Jews**

Definition

14 of 21

What were the main beliefs about the cause of the plague?

- Coughed up blood, lungs rotted**
- Lighting Fires, praying to god, herbal potions**
- The Jews**
- Miasma, God, the planets, person to person**

Definition

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What percentage of people died from bubonic plague?

- 70%**
- 50%**
- 90%**
- 60%**

Why did life for surviving peasants improve?

- They took over abandoned land, built bigger houses, ate more meat and less bread. They began to wear clothes of coloured material.
- People who whipped themselves, hoping that God would forgive their sins and spare their lives.
- There were fewer of them, so they could demand higher wages. The price of food and other goods fell.
- There were fewer people to plough and harvest, so tons of crops rotted in the fields

What were the symptoms of bubonic plague?

- A germ that travelled in the air - it was caught by breathing in the germs
- Fever, buboes in armpits and groin, a rash of black and red spots
- Lighting fires, praying to God, herbal potions
- Coughed up blood, lungs rotted

What was miasma?

- Bad air - some people believed the plague was caused by poisonous air
- A germ that travelled in the air - it was caught by breathing in the germs
- Villeins could bargain with the lords to end their labour services and leave the lord's control
- Fever, buboes in armpits and groin, a rash of black and red spots

How many people died from the Black Death?

- Miasma, god, the planets, person to person
- A third of the population
- Japanese investors
- Seven percent of the population

What were some common cures for Black Death?

- Melcombe regis, dorset
- A third of the population
- Miasma, god, the planets, Person to person
- Lighting fires, praying to God, herbal potions

Why did peasants become more free?

- Fever, buboes in armpits and groin, a rash of black and red spots
- Lighting fires, praying to God, herbal potions
- Villeins could bargain with the lords to end their labour services and leave the lord's control
- A germ that travelled in the air - it was caught by breathing in the germs