

## @jectives to describe things

6.2 Complete the sentences with opposite words. Use five of these adjectives. Listen and check your answers.

> boring clean difficult dirty easy interesting loud old quick quiet slow small

- 1 My laptop is very quick, but this computer from 1980 is \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 We've got a new radio, but this is an radio from 1950.
- 3 These large mobiles don't fit in your pocket! I'm glad my mobile is
- 4 Some museums are boring, but this exhibition is very \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 Today's computer games are difficult, but this one looks
- 6.3 Listen and match the sounds with five of the adjectives in Ex 4.
- Read the language box and put the words in the correct order.
  - 1 dad's car / dirty / is
  - 2 sad / a / we're watching / film
  - 3 my teacher / old / isn't

## explore language

We use an adjective before a noun or after the verb be to describe a thing, person or place.

My brother likes loud music. This programme is interesting.

# Speak up

- Work in pairs. Think of two examples for each pair. Share your ideas with the class.
  - 1 an easy subject, a difficult subject
  - 2 a loud song, a quiet song
  - 3 an interesting hobby, a boring hobby
- English is an easy subject.

#### game on

## adjective pairs

Work in pairs. Write all the adjectives from Ex 4 on separate pieces of paper.

Turn them upside down on your desk.

Take turns to turn over two of them. Have you got a pair of opposite words?

Yes? Keep the cards and have another turn.

No? Put them back.

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