

ESCOLA:
PROF:
NOME:

DATA:
TURMA:

Present Continuous Tense

AFFIRMATIVE FORM

I am working.
You are working.
He is working.
She is working.
It is working.
We are working.
They are working.

INTERROGATIVE FORM

Am I working?
Are you working?
Is he working?
Is she working?
Is it working?
Are we working?
Are they working?

NEGATIVE FORM

I'm not working.
You're not working.
He's not working.
She's not working.
It's not working.
We're not working.
They're not working.

O **Present Continuous Tense** é formado pelo presente do verbo to be (am, is, are), seguido por um verbo acrescido da terminação *-ing*. Este tempo verbal expressa uma ação que está ocorrendo agora.

Observe> Now, we **are studying**. (Agora, estamos estudando.)

Gerund

Forma-se o gerúndio , em inglês, acrescentando a terminação *-ing* ao verbo.

play + ing =**playing** (jogando);

Os verbos terminados em **e** perdem o **e**: dance + ing =**dancing** (dançando);

Alguns verbos dobram a consoante final: run + ing =**running** (correndo).

Exercises

1) ESCREVA OS VERBOS A SEGUIR NO GERÚNDIO:

To go: **going**

- a)to take:
- b)to sleep:
- c)to work:
- d)to study:
- e)to speak:
- f) to sing:

g) to play:

h) to dance:

i) to run:

j) to eat:

2) MARQUE UM (X) NA ALTERNATIVA QUE PREENCHE AS LACUNAS DAS FRASES ABAIXO DE FORMA CORRETA:

She.....video games.

a)am playing.

b)is playing.

c)are playing.

You.....the piano.

a)am playing.

b)is playing.

c)are playing.

I.....football.

a)am playing.

b)is playing.

c)are playing.

We.....the guitar.

a)am playing.

b)is playing.

c)are playing.

It.....tennis.

a)am playing.

b)is playing.

c)are playing.

They.....basketball.

a)am playing.

b)is playing.

c)are playing.

You.....golf.

a)am playing.

b)is playing.

c)are playing.

He.....rugby.

a)am playing.

b)is playing.

c)are playing

SIMPLE PRESENT

1) CHOOSE THE BEST ANSWER:

A) We_____work on weekend.

() don't

() doesn't

B) I _____ know that man.

() don't

() doesn't

C) They _____ play volleyball.

() don't

() doesn't

D) Peter _____ work here.

() don't

() doesn't

E) He _____ love me.

() don't

() doesn't

F) Stella _____ eat meat.

() don't

() doesn't

G) Jonathan _____ like coffee.

() don't

() doesn't

H) The students _____ study.

() don't

() doesn't

I) I _____ understand.

() don't

() doesn't

j) I _____ make.

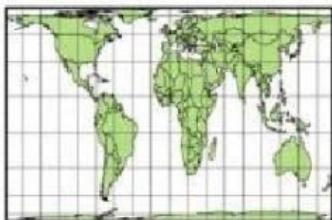
() don't

() doesn't

2) Complete com **do** ou **does**:

a) _____ she love Peter?

Figura 1

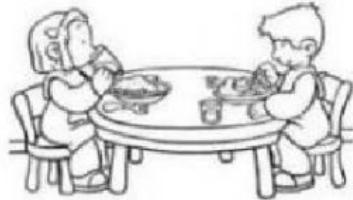


b) _____ they help you?

_____ - _____ =



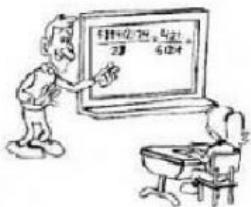
c) _____ that cow give milk?



d) _____ they want coffee?



e) _____ you get up early?



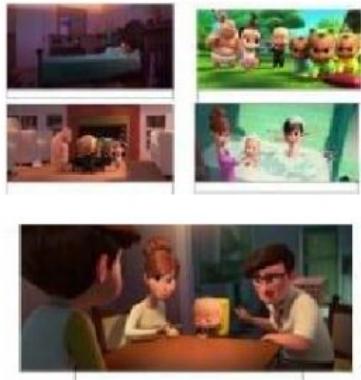
f) _____ Mr. Simpson teach English?

3) CONJUGUE O VERBO "TO SPEAK" NA FORMA INTERROGATIVA. OBSERVE O EXEMPLO.

I Do I speak?

You
He
She
It
We
You
They

4) ESCREVA AS PARTES DA CASA "PARTS OF THE HOUSE" DE ACORDO COM CADA CENÁRIO DO FILME "THE BOSS BABY"- LIVING ROOM, BATHROOM, BEDROOM, GARDEN, KITCHEN:



5) Qual é o resultado da soma $10+10$ em inglês?

- a) twenty one
- b) twenty
- c) twenty two
- d) twelve

6) OBSERVE A FRASE: "EU VIAJAREI TERÇA-FEIRA". A TRADUÇÃO DA PALAVRA GRIFADA PARA O INGLÊS É?

- a) Friday
- b) Saturday
- c) Wednesday
- d) Tuesday

7) OBSERVE O CARTAZ ABAIXO:



No cartaz ao lado temos a frase: Prepared to work first month **free!** Qual é o significado da palavra destacada nesse contexto? Assinale na alternativa que apresenta a tradução ao pé da letra dessa frase.

- a) Preparado para trabalhar, primeiro ano livre.
- b) Preparado para trabalhar, primeiro mês livre.
- c) Preparado para trabalhar, primeiro dia grátis.
- d) Preparado para trabalhar, primeiro mês grátis.

8) Complete a lacuna da tirinha com **do** ou **does**:



9) A CONJUGAÇÃO DO VERBO **TO BE** QUE IRÁ ACOMPANHAR OS PRONOMES PESSOAIS SHE, HE , IT SÃO:

- a) Are, Are, Is
- b) Is, Is, Is
- c) Am, Is, Is
- d) Not, Is, Is

10) ATÉ AO MEIO-DIA, DIZEMOS EM INGLÊS:

- a) good morning
- b) good afternoon
- c) good bye
- d) good night