

TIẾNG ANH 10 FRIENDS GLOBAL

1st SEMESTER

FINAL EXAMINATION

LISTENING (2.0 PTS)

PART 1. (Audio 1) Listen to an interview about how to get a job. Are the sentences TRUE or FALSE?

1- Sue says that people on low salaries are as happy as people on high salaries. _____

2- Her advice is to send a covering letter and a CV with an application form. _____

3- She believes that you don't need a degree if you can work well with others. _____

4- She says it's important to think about your appearance in advance. _____

PART 2. (Audio 2) Listen to five extracts about the weather. Choose the correct answers.

- 1 In England, people
 - a always complain about the rain.
 - b talk about the weather a lot.
 - c only talk about good weather.
- 2 What caused the most problems to businesses on Sunshine Island?
 - a the earthquake
 - b the tornado
 - c the flooding
- 3 Why isn't Gary painting in his garage at the moment?
 - a It's freezing in winter.
 - b The heating's broken.
 - c It isn't warm enough.
- 4 The man couldn't sleep because of
 - a the lightning.
 - b the wind.
 - c the rain.

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USE OF ENGLISH (2.0 PTS)**PART 1: Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.**

- 1 We need to provide some _____ (entertain) for the people at the party.
- 2 It was a very big volcanic _____ (erupt), and it lasted for days.
- 3 Sam has no _____ (motivate), so he never does his homework.
- 4 My name isn't Eda – it's Eva. You've _____ (spell) it.

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PART 2: Complete the answers to the questions. Use too or enough and the word in brackets.

- 1 Why didn't you make a cake last night? (flour)

Because there wasn't _____ left.

- 2 Did you pass your geography exam? (difficult)

Probably not. The questions were _____.

- 3 Can we go camping this weekend? (warm)

No, we can't. It isn't _____ for camping.

- 4 Would you like this desk in your bedroom? (space)

I would, but I haven't got _____.

READING (2.0 PTS)**Part 1: Read the text. Match sentences A–G with gaps 1–5. There are two extra sentences.**

Storm chasers

North America is famous for its wide open spaces, and this landscape can cause some very exciting weather. In fact, the USA has more tornadoes than any other country – there are about 1,200 every year in a part of the country called 'Tornado Alley'. 1 _____ It's also in this area that there are hundreds of people studying the weather. They are just normal people, but their favourite activity is following storms and getting as close as possible to a tornado! We call these people 'storm chasers', and it's quite easy to become a storm chaser these days. All you need is a mobile phone, a good car and GPS.

Gabe Matthews is a storm chaser, and he follows the weather as often as possible. 'Seeing a powerful tornado is an amazing experience,' says Gabe, 'but it isn't easy to be in the right place at the right time.

2 _____ When we know that a big tornado is coming, we have to drive a long way. Then we have to wait for ages before we see the weather changing. But when that starts to happen, it's so exciting.'

Many people become storm chasers because they like the danger. But Gabe is always very careful.

3 _____ 'Once I saw cars flying through the air,' says Gabe, 'and a big American truck! That was really exciting, but we watched it from far enough away. You don't want those cars to hit you!'

Another reason people chase storms is to film them. A news channel recently used one of Gabe's films. 'That film was exciting because it was a strong storm and it caused a lot of damage. It was great to get it on TV.' 4 _____ 'My friends and I heard screams when we were filming. We followed the sound and found some people inside a building. They couldn't get out, so they were very relieved when we rescued them. It was great to help people like that.'

Perhaps you have to be a little crazy to be a storm chaser. Certainly, some people say that storm chasers just want to do something thrilling. But they're often the first on the scene, giving important information to the rescue services. So actually, they often save lives.

- A Once, Gabe had to go to hospital because he got too close.
- B However, Gabe was even prouder of something else that he did.
- C More people are interested in the weather in other countries.
- D This is in the centre, from North Dakota in the north to Texas and Louisiana in the south.
- E He tries to get close to the centre of the tornado, but not too close.
- F My friends and I need to do a lot of work to find a tornado and get to it.

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PART 2: 9 Read the text. Choose the correct answers.

Do you want to be on TV or in a film? Well, if you do, then why not become an extra? Extras play a very small part in a film or TV programme. They don't usually speak. However, they may have to walk across the set or stand with other extras as part of a crowd.

There are many agencies that are always looking for extras and some of them are online, so it's easy to apply wherever you live. You usually just need to fill in an application form and send in some photos. TV and film directors often want extras who have a particular look. For example, they may want women with long hair for period dramas and people who look a bit scary for horror films, so try to think about the kind of programme that you'd like to be in when you're choosing which photos to send.

So imagine you get a call to say a director wants you in their next film. You're really excited, but what happens next? Well, don't be anxious about how you'll look on screen, as the company will do lots of work on you when you arrive on the set. You might have to wear your own clothes, but don't worry about your hair and make-up as there will be staff to make you look perfect for the role.

Now, although it all sounds really exciting, be prepared to sit around for a lot of the day, waiting until you are needed for your scene. The time can go very slowly if you don't have anything to do, so it's a good idea to take a book with you on any job that you get. Take some food and drink, too – you'll probably get lunch, but remember it'll be a long day!

Most extras can earn about £90 to £110 a day. This isn't very good for the number of hours that you need to be available, but for the actual work that you do, it's OK. However, people usually become an extra for the chance to be on the big screen rather than for the money. Some people hope that it may lead to a real

acting part. This doesn't happen very often, but there are some stories of extras becoming famous because a director saw them on a film set. However, even if you continue to just be an extra, you might get to see one of your favourite Hollywood actors one day, and it will definitely be something to tell all your friends about!

- 1 The writer thinks you're more likely to get a part in a film if
 - a you think carefully about how you look in your photos.
 - b you wear a lot of make-up.
 - c you change your appearance for each part you want.
- 2 The writer suggests taking a book so that
 - a you look more serious.
 - b you have some entertainment.
 - c you can learn about the film.
- 3 The writer thinks that extras
 - a can make a lot of money.
 - b earn a reasonable amount.
 - c never want to be rich.
- 4 What does the writer say is a benefit for extras?
 - a They will get noticed by the film director.
 - b They can get jobs for their friends.
 - c They might meet famous actors.

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SPEAKING (2.0 PTS)

PART 1: Work in pair.

You and a friend want to go to a music event together. Discuss which event to go to with your partner. Suggest taking public transport

PART 2: Compare and contrast the two photos



WRITING (2.0 PTS)

PART 1

You and a friend recently did a social activity together (e.g. going for a bike ride, playing basketball, meeting for a coffee, etc.). Write an informal letter to another friend. Follow the instructions below.

- Say which activity you did and who with.
- Give your personal opinion about the activity.
- Mention what you did after the activity.
- Invite your friend to do a similar activity with you soon.

PART 2

Write an article about the following statement:

‘Every person on Earth is responsible for climate change and global warming.’ Do you agree?

- Say whether you agree or disagree with the statement.
- Give two arguments in support of your opinion and give examples.
- Give two arguments in support of the opposing view.
- Present a counter-argument.