



## SPAIN: GEOGRAPHY AND POLITICAL ORGANIZATION.

1.- Answer the questions about territorial division of Spain. Write a number in each box.

1. How many autonomous cities are there?
2. How many countries border with Spain to the West?
3. How many countries border with Spain to the North?
4. How many autonomous communities are there?

2.-Complete the sentences with the missing words:

- Spain is made up of land on the Iberian peninsula, the Canary and islands and the cities of  and Melilla.
- Spain is a  state made up of autonomous cities, provinces and .
- Spain is a  state because its citizens elect their representatives.

3.- Complete the diagram about governing about autonomous communities. Use words from the box.

councillors	Citizens	deputies	parliament	president
-------------	----------	----------	------------	-----------

<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <input type="text"/> are held every four years to choose (representatives) for parliament.</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Deputies form <input type="text"/> and choose the <input type="text"/> of the autonomous government</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The president chooses <input type="text"/> to run the autonomous communities.</li></ul>
--	---	---



**4.- Read the sentences about Spanish rivers and watersheds. Write True or False.**

- a. Spain has many rivers but only three watersheds.
- b. Rivers on the Meseta are shorts with regular flows.
- c. Rivers in Galicia are short and have a high of volume of water.
- d. Rivers that flow into the Mediterranean are usually short but carry a lot of water.
- e. Rivers that flow into the Mediterranean have irregular flows.
- f. Rivers that flow into the Cantabrian watershed are abundant with regular flows.
- g. Rivers that flow into the Cantabrian Sea are usually slow because of the long length.

**5.- Read the sentences about the division of powers. Write: Head of the State, Executive power, legislative power or Judicial power.**

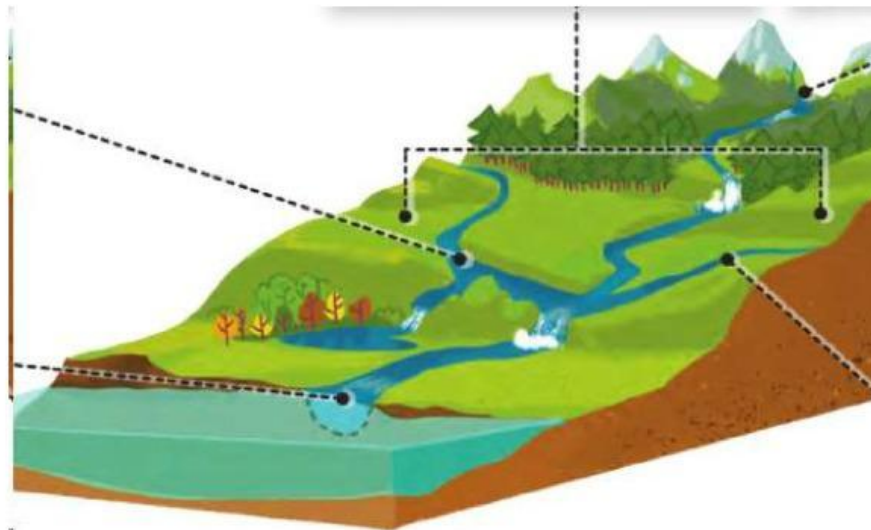
- This is the responsible for making sure citizens obey the law.
- The power is made up of two groups: Congress and the Senate.
- The president proposes the names of ministers to the monarchs.
- The political party that wins and elections forms a government to run the country.
- Represents the state in official events, especially with other nations.
- Is responsible for proposing and making laws.



6.-Circle the correct answer.

- a. The **Judicial power / Legislative power** is responsible for making sure citizens obey the law.
- b. The **Judicial power / Legislative power** is made up of two groups: Congress and the Senate.
- c. The president of the **Judicial power / Executive power** proposes the names of ministers to the monarch.
- d. In the **Legislative power / Executive power** the political party that Wins an election forms a government to run the state.
- e. The **Judicial power / Head of State** represents the state in official events, especially with other nations.

7.-Complete the part of a river.





8.- Complete the sentences with parts of a river. You are given the first letter.

- The s *is the place where the river starts.*
- A w *is an area where all rivers flow into the same body of water.*
- A t *is a stream or river that flows into the main river.*
- The c *is where a tributary joins the main river.*
- The m *is where the river flows into a lake, ocean or sea.*