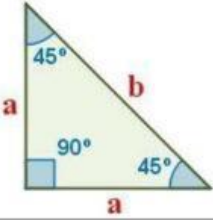
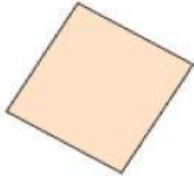
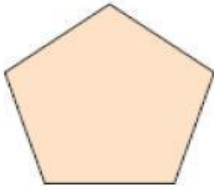
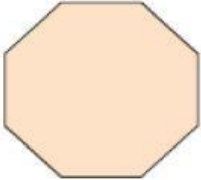
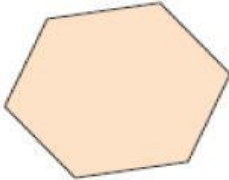


Ángulos en polígonos

1. Calcula la medida de los ángulos interiores de cada polígono regular.

EJEMPLO:

	$\begin{aligned} \text{SUMA ANGULOS INT} &= (3 - 2) \times 180 \\ \text{SUMA ANGULOS INT} &= (1) \times 180 = \\ \text{SUMA ANGULOS INT} &= 180^\circ \\ 180 - 90 &= 90/2 = 45^\circ \end{aligned}$
a. 	$\begin{aligned} \text{SUMA ANGULOS INT} &= (\quad - \quad) \times 180 \\ \text{SUMA ANGULOS INT} &= (\quad) \times 180 = \\ \text{SUMA ANGULOS INT} &= \\ \quad - \quad &= \quad / \quad = \end{aligned}$
b. 	$\begin{aligned} \text{SUMA ANGULOS INT} &= (\quad - \quad) \times 180 \\ \text{SUMA ANGULOS INT} &= (\quad) \times 180 = \\ \text{SUMA ANGULOS INT} &= \\ \quad - \quad &= \quad / \quad = \end{aligned}$
c. 	$\begin{aligned} \text{SUMA ANGULOS INT} &= (\quad - \quad) \times 180 \\ \text{SUMA ANGULOS INT} &= (\quad) \times 180 = \\ \text{SUMA ANGULOS INT} &= \\ \quad - \quad &= \quad / \quad = \end{aligned}$
d. 	$\begin{aligned} \text{SUMA ANGULOS INT} &= (\quad - \quad) \times 180 \\ \text{SUMA ANGULOS INT} &= (\quad) \times 180 = \\ \text{SUMA ANGULOS INT} &= \\ \quad - \quad &= \quad / \quad = \end{aligned}$