

## Reflexive – Emphatic Pronouns / Both – Neither / Possessives

7

### 10 Circle the correct item.

1 A: How did your class do in the exam?

B: Luckily, we ..... passed.

A neither    B both    **C all**

2 A: Did you find someone to watch the boys?

B: No. I saw two babysitters yesterday but ..... of them had much experience.

A both    B all    C neither

3 A: Are the girls going shopping with you?

B: No, ..... of them are coming.  
They've made other plans.

A none    B all    C both

4 A: How many sisters do you have?

B: Two and ..... of them are younger than me.

A none    B both    C all

5 A: How will you get to the party?

B: I'll probably ask my dad to give me a lift.  
..... of my friends have a car.

A None    B All    C Both

6 A: Both of these dresses look lovely.

B: Yes, but I think ..... of them fits me well.

A all    B none    C neither

7 A: Who do you like better, Christina Aguilera or Britney Spears?

B: I don't have a favourite. I think they are ..... great singers.

A neither    B both    C all

8 A: There are some very nice clothes in that shop.

B: Yes, I know but ..... of them are very expensive.

A both    B all    C none

9 A: Are you going to town today?

B: Yes, I want to return the two vases I bought yesterday because they are ..... damaged.

A neither    B both    C all

### Another, Other, The other, The second

- We use **another** in front of singular countable nouns to mean 'one more' or 'a different one'.

I don't like this shirt. I'm going to buy **another** one.

- We use **other** in front of plural nouns when we refer to 'different ones'.

Jim likes travelling and learning about **other** cultures.

- We use **the other** in front of singular and plural countable nouns. It means 'not this one' or 'the remaining one(s)'.

The police arrested one man but **the other** one got away.

Where are **the other** books?

- We use **the other** when there are two and **the second** when we list things in order and there are more than two.

The first test was easy, **the second** was OK but the third was very difficult.

## 11 Fill in the gaps with *another*, *(the) other*, or *(the) second*.

- 1 He asked the coach to give him ... *another* ... chance.
- 2 This ring is gold but ..... one is silver.
- 3 Amy has got three boys. The first one is sixteen, ..... one is nine and the third is four.
- 4 There are ..... ways to get to the town centre but this is the quickest.
- 5 Helen is much cleverer than all ..... students in her class.
- 6 Her first novel wasn't good, her ..... one was OK but her third was excellent.



## Speaking Activity

*(Finding similarities and differences)*

Imagine your parents are leaving you alone for the weekend. In pairs, say what you can/can't do by yourself. Use the phrases in the list.

- |                  |                 |                |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| • make breakfast | • tidy room     | • wash clothes |
| • cook dinner    | • iron clothes  | • cut grass    |
| • do homework    | • do washing-up | • clean house  |

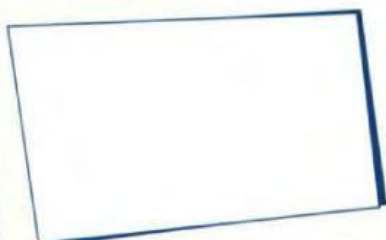
A: I can make breakfast by myself.

B: I can't cook dinner by myself, etc.



## Writing Activity

Write a short paragraph about what you and your sister / brother can / can't do by yourselves when your parents aren't home. Stick pictures.



I can make breakfast and wash the dishes by myself.  
My sister / brother .....

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