



Listen and repeat.

Mary, Mary, quite contrary
 How **does** your garden **grow**?
 I **feed** the bees, I **water** the trees,
 And I **plant** my potatoes in a row.



Affirmative	Negative	
	Long form	Short form
I work	I do not work	I don't work
You work	You do not work	You don't work
He works	He does not work	He doesn't work
She works	She does not work	She doesn't work
It works	It does not work	It doesn't work
We work	We do not work	We don't work
You work	You do not work	You don't work
They work	They do not work	They don't work

Read the rhyme and tick (✓).

1 Mary **feeds** the dog.Yes, she does. ☐No, she doesn't. ☐2 She **waters** the trees.Yes, she does. ☐No, she doesn't. ☐

Spelling

I work – he works

I sing – he sings

BUT

Verbs ending in **-ss, -sh, -ch, -x, -o** → **-es**

I wash – he washes

I go – he goes

Verbs ending in **consonant + -y** → **-ies**

I cry – he cries

BUT

I play – he plays

We use the present simple for permanent actions, routines and repeated actions.

Time Expressions with Present Simple

once a week, twice a week, every day, every morning, every year, on Mondays, at noon, in the evening, etc.

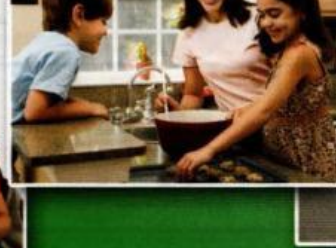
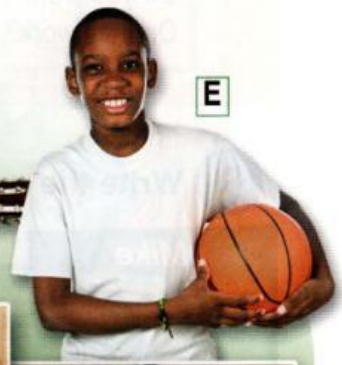
- 1  Write the verbs in the correct columns. Listen and check. Listen and repeat.

close	play	march	need	carry	watch
wash	go	work	help	skate	take
/s/	/z/	/ɪz/			
/f/, /k/, /p/, /t/	/s/, /ʃ/, /tʃ/, /dʒ/, /z/	after other sounds			
		closes			

- 2 Fill in the correct form of the verbs. Then match the sentences to the pictures.

play	love	go	wear	drink	help
------	------	----	------	-------	------

- 1 ☐ E Mike loves basketball.
- 2 ☐ My brother and I to school at 8 o'clock.
- 3 ☐ Carlos the guitar very well.
- 4 ☐ We our mum with the cooking.
- 5 ☐ I milk for breakfast.
- 6 ☐ My mum a uniform at work.



- 3 Complete the sentences.

Long Form

- 1 She does not speak Italian.
- 2 They go to school.
- 3 We swim very well.
- 4 He watch TV every day.
- 5 You live in England.

Short Form

- 1 She doesn't speak Italian.
- 2 They go to school.
- 3 We swim very well.
- 4 He watch TV every day.
- 5 You live in England.

6

Present Simple

4 Write *doesn't* or *don't*.

- Mr Jones *doesn't* teach Maths. He teaches Art.
- The children get up late. They get up early.
- I read comics. I read books.
- It snow in summer. It snows in winter.
- My brother like fish. He likes chicken.
- You drink milk. You drink orange juice.

Interrogative	Questions	Short answers
Do I work? Do you work? Does he work? Does she work? Does it work? Do we work? Do you work? Do they work?	Do I/we/you/they work? Does he/she/it work?	Yes, I/we/they do. No, I/we/they don't. Yes, he/she/it does. No, he/she/it doesn't.

5 Write the questions and answers.

Mike	Pedro and Carmen	Sara	You and Sean
 ☒	 ☒	 ☒	 ☒
 ☐	 ☐	 ☒	 ☐

- ... *Does* Mike ... *get up* ... early?
Yes, ... *he does* ...
- ... Mike ... late?
No, ...
- ... Pedro and Carmen ... the guitar?
Yes, ...
- ... Pedro and Carmen ... the piano?
No, ...
- ... Sara ... in Paris?
No, ...
- ... Sara ... in London?
Yes, ...
- ... you and Sean ... oranges?
Yes, ...
- ... you and Sean ... apples?
No, ...

6 Write the questions and answer them about you.

1 you / like chocolate

Do you like chocolate

.....

2 your best friend / like football

.....?

.....

3 you / live in a big house

.....?

.....

4 your friends / listen to pop music

.....?

.....

5 you / watch TV every day

.....?

.....

6 your friends / play computer games

.....?

.....



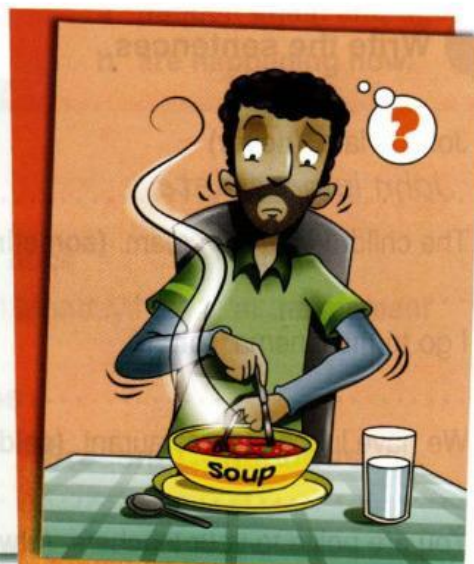
Listen and repeat. Then act out.

Mum: When you go for dinner at Sam's house, use a knife and a fork.

Boy: Is it necessary, Mum?

Mum: Yes. We **always** use a knife and a fork when we eat.

Boy: But Mum, the soup **never** stays on a knife and a fork.



Adverbs of frequency

Adverbs of frequency tell us *how often* something happens.

She	always	comes early.
	usually	
	often	
	sometimes	
	rarely/seldom	
	never	

He is	always	late.
	usually	
	often	
	sometimes	
	rarely/seldom	
	never	

Read the sentences and circle.

- We use adverbs of frequency **before** / **after** the main verb.
- We use adverbs of frequency **before** / **after** the verb 'to be'.