



MOET 8 PLUS - GRADE 9  
PRACTICE TEST 41

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Class: \_\_\_\_\_

**Exercise 1. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently.**

- Question 1.** A. shops B. books C. pens D. shirts  
**Question 2.** A. find B. think C. drive D. mind  
**Question 3.** A. meat B. teach C. break D. clean  
**Question 4.** A. watched B. played C. returned D. arrived  
**Question 5.** A. school B. character C. chemist D. cheer

**Exercise 2. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.**

- Question 6.** She is proud \_\_\_\_\_ her son's achievements.  
A. of B. with C. in D. on  
**Question 7.** He's just sitting there munching on \_\_\_\_\_ apple.  
A. a B. an C. the D. x  
**Question 8.** The waiter \_\_\_\_\_ our order when the power went out.  
A. was taking B. takes C. took D. has taken  
**Question 9.** Movie directors use music to complement the \_\_\_\_\_ on the screen.  
A. actively B. active C. action D. act  
**Question 10.** Hurry up! We have \_\_\_\_\_ time left.  
A. many B. much C. few D. little  
**Question 11.** She left him \_\_\_\_\_ she still loved him.  
A. even if B. even though C. in spite of D. despite  
**Question 12.** Do you know the beautiful girl \_\_\_\_\_ is sitting in the car?  
A. whose B. whom C. which D. who  
**Question 13.** I would like \_\_\_\_\_ with you but I am busy now.  
A. to go B. go C. going D. went  
**Question 14.** My brother forgot to take an umbrella when he \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. went out B. went down C. went off D. went on  
**Question 15.** I'll buy the ticket for the concert \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I get paid B. after I got paid C. before I got paid D. until I got paid  
**Question 16.** They said they had come back \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. the following day B. the day after tomorrow  
C. the previous day D. the next day  
**Question 17.** All of us \_\_\_\_\_ obey the traffic rules.

A. may                                      B. can                                      C. must                                      D. need

**Question 18.** Jane rarely stays up late, \_\_\_\_\_?

A. is she                                      B. isn't she                                      C. does she                                      D. doesn't she

**Question 19.** Lan and Mary are talking on the phone.

- **Lan:** "Mary, I've won a scholarship to study in the USA."

- **Mary:** "\_\_\_\_\_"

A. Congratulations!                                      B. Good luck!  
C. Come on. You can do it!                                      D. Let's have a party!

**Question 20.** Jack and Paul, two school boys, are talking in the classroom.

- **Jack:** "Can I borrow your pen, Paul?"

- **Paul:** "\_\_\_\_\_"

A. Not at all.                                      B. You're welcome.  
C. Sure. Here you are.                                      D. Yes, I'd love to.

**Exercise 3. Write the correct form of the verbs in brackets.**

**Question 21.** Dave got up and (**drink**) \_\_\_\_\_ a glass of water.

**Question 22.** She is interested in (**watch**) \_\_\_\_\_ cartoon films in her free time.

**Question 23.** The man (**stand**) \_\_\_\_\_ over there is my Math teacher.

**Question 24.** My brother (**not read**) \_\_\_\_\_ this book yet.

**Question 25.** The boy, as well as his friends, (**play**) \_\_\_\_\_ in the school yard now.

**Exercise 4. Write the correct form of the words in BOLD.**

**Question 26.** When you take the final exam, you have to be extremely \_\_\_\_\_. (**CARE**)

**Question 27.** \_\_\_\_\_, they could catch the last bus. (**LUCK**)

**Question 28.** In \_\_\_\_\_ with Tokyo, London and Paris are relatively cheaper. (**COMPARE**)

**Question 29.** It was \_\_\_\_\_ of him not to say "Thank you" to them. (**POLITE**)

**Question 30.** Ha Long Bay was \_\_\_\_\_ by UNESCO as a World Heritage Site in 1994.  
(**RECOGNITION**)

**Exercise 5. Find one error in each of the following sentences and correct it. Write your answer in the space provided.**

**Question 31.** If she studies hard, she would pass the exam easily.

A. If                                      B. hard                                      C. would pass                                      D. easily

**Question 32.** My girlfriend was gave a lot of flowers on her birthday last week.

A. was gave                                      B. of                                      C. on                                      D. birthday

**Question 33.** Because her laziness, she didn't gain high result at the final exam.

A. Because                                      B. laziness                                      C. didn't                                      D. at

**Question 34.** Ms. Brown got used to speak Japanese when she worked in Tokyo.

A. Ms. Brown                                      B. to speak                                      C. when                                      D. in

**Question 35.** Brunei is one of the smallest but most rich countries in the world.

- A. one                                      B. smallest                                      C. most rich                                      D. in

**Exercise 6. Read the passage and then choose the best option among A, B, C or D to fill the gaps.**

A lot of people in the world think of kimchi when they think about Korean cuisine. Kimchi is a side dish (36) \_\_\_\_\_ is often served with meals in Korea.

People usually think of cabbage kimchi, (37) \_\_\_\_\_ kimchi can be made with different vegetables. Here is one way to make kimchi. Put a vegetable in a container of salt water. Cover the container, and leave it alone for 12 to 24 hours. Then rinse the vegetable with cold water. Afterward, mix the vegetable with garlic, ginger, pepper powder, sugar and scallions. Put the (38) \_\_\_\_\_ very tightly in a glass jar. Cover the jar. Put the jar in a cool, dark place for at least a day.

Uncover the jar (39) \_\_\_\_\_ a few seconds, and then recover it again. Put the jar in the refrigerator. Wait at least two days before eating the kimchi.

Now you can try to (40) \_\_\_\_\_ this national dish of South Korea!

**Question 36.** A. who                                      B. where                                      C. that                                      D. when

**Question 37.** A. but                                      B. so                                      C. or                                      D. and

**Question 38.** A. cabbage                                      B. mixture                                      C. kimchi                                      D. vegetable

**Question 39.** A. since                                      B. with                                      C. at                                      D. for

**Question 40.** A. put                                      B. make                                      C. mix                                      D. buy

**Exercise 7. Read the following passage and choose the best answer among A, B, C or D for each question.**

If you think of the jobs robots could never do, you would probably put doctors and teachers at the top of the list. It's easy to imagine robot cleaners and factory workers, but some jobs need human connection and creativity. But are we underestimating what robots can do? In some cases, they already perform better than doctors at diagnosing illnesses. Also, some patients might feel more comfortable sharing personal information with a machine than a person. Could there be a place for robots in education after all?

British education expert Anthony Seldon thinks so. And he even has a date for the robot takeover of the classroom: 2027. He predicts robots will do the main job of transferring information and teachers will be like assistants. Intelligent robots will read students' faces, movements and maybe even brain signals. Then they will adapt the information to each student. It's not a popular opinion and it's unlikely that robots will ever have empathy and the ability to really connect with humans like another human can.

One thing is certain, though. A robot teacher is better than no teacher at all. In some parts of the world, there aren't enough teachers and 9-16 percent of children under the age of 14 don't go to school. That problem can be partly solved by robots because they can teach anywhere and won't get stressed, or tired, or move somewhere for an easier, higher-paid job.

**Question 41.** Which of the following can be the best title for the passage?

- A. Human teachers never get tired.
- B. Robots will replace human teachers completely.
- C. Robots will play a role in education.
- D. Robots are better than human teachers.

**Question 42.** According to British education expert Anthony Seldon, teachers in the future will \_\_\_\_.

- A. no longer exist
- B. teach students skills
- C. help robots in class
- D. get higher salary

**Question 43.** The word “they” in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. doctors
- B. patients
- C. teachers
- D. robots

**Question 44.** The word “transferring” in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. exploring
- B. imparting
- C. transporting
- D. exchanging

**Question 45.** Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. There is a shortage of teachers in some parts of the world.
- B. Robots have better connections with students than teachers do.
- C. Robots can teach without getting stressed.
- D. Robots can perform better than doctors in some cases.

**Exercise 8. Rewrite the following sentences without changing the meaning.**

**Question 46.** I often spend 15 minutes riding to school every day.

→ It often \_\_\_\_\_.

**Question 47.** “I am going to take a part-time job this summer,” he said to his mom.

→ He told \_\_\_\_\_.

**Question 48.** We can't celebrate a party this weekend.

→ We wish \_\_\_\_\_.

**Question 49.** He cannot get married because he is too young.

→ He is not \_\_\_\_\_.

**Question 50.** It's pointless to complain about her mistakes.

→ There is \_\_\_\_\_.