



MOET 8 PLUS - GRADE 9  
PRACTICE TEST 7

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Class: \_\_\_\_\_

**Exercise 1. Mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.**

**Question 1:** A. mood B. poor C. room D. school

**Question 3:** A. lovely B. happy C. only D. nearby

**Question 2:** A. added B. wanted C. stopped D. mended

**Exercise 2. Mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word differs from the rest in position of the stress.**

**Question 4:** A. temple B. tower C. police D. garden

**Question 5:** A. begin B. protect C. bother D. delay

**Exercise 3. Mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answers to each of the following questions.**

**Question 6:** Look! Minh \_\_\_\_\_ on stage. She looks so beautiful.

A. sang B. is singing C. was singing D. sings

**Question 7:** I'm used to \_\_\_\_\_ around the neighbourhood every morning.

A. jogged B. jog C. to jog D. jogging

**Question 8:** You \_\_\_\_\_ the exam unless you start revising for the lessons.

A. will fail B. fail C. would fail D. failed

**Question 9:** If I was in his \_\_\_\_\_, I wouldn't take part in the game.

A. shoes B. clothes C. hats D. bags

**Question 10:** By next month, I \_\_\_\_\_ in Da Nang for five years.

A. will have lived B. have lived C. will lived D. lived

**Question 11:** Passing the final exam would give him a great \_\_\_\_\_ of achievement.

A. level B. sense C. record D. emotion

**Question 12:** His best movie, \_\_\_\_\_ won several awards, was about the life of a famous artist.

- A. whom                      B. whose                      C. that                      D. which

**Question 13:** Nicole \_\_\_\_\_ television a lot when she was at home due to Covid-19 lockdown last year.

- A. watched                      B. is watching                      C. will watch                      D. watches

**Question 14:** John works much \_\_\_\_\_ than we do.

- A. hard                      B. more hardly                      C. hardest                      D. harder

**Question 15:** Making public speeches is her biggest \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. strongly                      B. strong                      C. strength                      D. strengthen

**Question 16:** It was so noisy outside that she couldn't concentrate \_\_\_\_\_ her work.

- A. on                      B. in                      C. at                      D. with

**Question 17:** Many students are now \_\_\_\_\_ in their future career choices.

- A. dependent                      B. independent                      C. dependence                      D. independence

**Question 18:** I want everybody to listen \_\_\_\_\_ to what I am saying.

- A. carefulness                      B. carefully                      C. care                      D. careful

**Question 19:** I asked them when \_\_\_\_\_ changed.

- A. the timetable is                      B. the timetable had been  
C. had the timetable been                      D. was the timetable

**Question 20:** Mai has to look \_\_\_\_\_ her younger sister after school.

- A. up                      B. down                      C. round                      D. after

**Exercise 4. Mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

**Question 21:** The disabled have received a lot of help from this organization to lead an independent life.

- A. protection                      B. punishment                      C. support                      D. entertainment

**Question 22:** Minh was so absorbed in reading the novel that he forgot all about time.

- A. distracted                      B. obliged                      C. busy                      D. interested

**Exercise 5. Mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

**Question 23:** In some schools, students are under the gun taking continual examinations.

- A. relaxed                      B. terrified                      C. proud                      D. stressful

**Question 24:** Thousands of people in Angola are starving because of the food shortage.

- A. poor                      B. full                      C. rich                      D. hungry

**Exercise 6. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.**

**Question 25:** She is looking forward to meet you again.

- A. forward                      B. is                      C. again                      D. meet

**Question 26:** Nobody can help Lan if she did not try her best to finish her school project.

- A. if                      B. try                      C. can help                      D. to finish

**Question 27:** No sooner he returns from a long journey than he was ordered to pack his bags.

- A. long                      B. he returns                      C. than                      D. to pack

**Exercise 7. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges.**

**Question 28:** Andy and Bob are talking about their plan.

- **Andy:** "How about coming to my English class tonight?"

- **Bob:** "\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. You're welcome.                      B. I love English.                      C. Great! What time?                      D. Don't worry.

**Question 29:** Anna and John are discussing how to protect the environment.

- **Anna:** "I think we should recycle these bags. It will help protect the environment."

- **John:** "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. Never mind                      B. Thank you                      C. It is bad                      D. I totally agree

**Exercise 8. Read the following passage and mark the letter A for True and B for False on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

London is the biggest city in Britain. More than 7 million people live and work there. It is one of the most important cities in the world. It is a centre for business and for tourism. London



consists of three parts: The City of London, the East End and the West End.

In the City of London there are many banks, offices and Stock Exchange. In the West End we can see many historical places, parks, shops and theaters. It is the world of rich people and money. The East End is the district where working people live and work. The Port of London is also there. You can have a very good time in this city. You can visit different cinemas, theatres and museums. The "Odeon" is one of the most famous cinemas of the country. The most famous museums are: The British Museum and the Tate Gallery.

There are many shops in London. Oxford Street is London's main shopping centre. People from all over the world buy clothes, shoes, toys and souvenirs there. The street is more than a mile long. The best-known departments are Selfridges and John Lewis. The largest park in London is Hyde Park with its Speaker's Comer. Sit on the green grass and try England's favorite food- fish and chips.

**Question 30:** There are lots of theatres, parks and historical sites in the City of London?

- A. True B. False

**Question 31:** The Port of London is in the East End of London.

- A. True B. False

**Question 32:** Working people live and work in the West End of London.

- A. True B. False

**Question 33:** The "Odeon" is a famous museum in London.

- A. True B. False

**Question 34:** Oxford Street in London is more than a mile long.

- A. True B. False

**Exercise 9. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.**

Did you know that reading can keep your mind active and (35) \_\_\_\_\_ well into old age? Several years ago when I was working as (36) \_\_\_\_\_ newspaper reporter, I interviewed a woman who was a resident at a local nursing home. She was 100 years old. She read at least one book per week. She was bright, intelligent and fun to talk with. "I love to read. It helps me (37) \_\_\_\_\_ what is going on in the world," she said. "A friend of mine brings me a new book every week. (38) \_\_\_\_\_, I look forward to her visits and I look forward to the books. We

talk about the books we have read. "Reading has other benefits, as well. For one thing, reading a good story can help you forget some of the problems in your own life. For the other thing, reading also sets a good (39) \_\_\_\_\_ for younger generations. From my own experience as an English teacher, I have observed that the best readers are those students who have parents that enjoy reading.

- Question 35:** A. excited                      B. enthusiastic                      C. happy                      D. engaged  
**Question 36:** A. the                      B. an                      C. a                      D. no article  
**Question 37:** A. keep up with                      B. bring out in                      C. catch up with                      D. go round to  
**Question 38:** A. But                      B. Although                      C. However                      D. Therefore  
**Question 39:** A. example                      B. goal                      C. view                      D. story

**Exercise 10. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

One of the greatest security threats in the online world is computer hacking. Hackers are people who illegally enter systems. **They** may alter or delete information, steal private information, or spread viruses that can damage or destroy files. But how exactly can a hacker get into a system to do these things?

Most hackers use information called protocols that are built into computer software. These protocols allow computers to interact with one another. Protocols are sort of like computer police officers. When a computer connects to another system, the protocols check to see if the access is valid. The protocols can also determine how much information can be shared between the two systems. Hackers can manipulate the protocols to get unlimited access to a computer system.

In fact, just the act of entering a computer network is commonly considered passive hacking. Passive hackers get a rush from just being able to access a challenging system like a bank or military network. Another kind of hacker tries to do damage to a system. After hacking into systems, these hackers release viruses or alter, delete, or take information. Known as active hackers, they are the more dangerous of the two.

The easiest way to protect a system is with a good password. Long and unusual passwords are harder for hackers to guess. For even greater security, some online services now use "password-plus" systems. In this case, users first put in a password and then put in a second code that changes after the user **accesses** the site. Users either have special cards or devices that show them new code



to use the next time. Even if a hacker steals the password, they won't have the code. Or if the hacker somehow gets the code, they still don't know the password.

**Question 40:** What should be the main title of the passage?

- A. Famous Hackers  
B. Ways to Stop Hackers  
C. A Convicted Suspect  
D. Cybercrime

**Question 41:** The word "They" in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Systems      B. Computers      C. Hackers      D. People

**Question 42:** What do hackers do to get into a computer?

- A. replacing security programs      B. manipulating its codes  
C. spreading viruses      D. making a new password

**Question 43:** Which of the following can NOT be inferred about active hackers?

- A. They take over the computers systematically
- B. They are more warning than passive ones.
- C. They deactivate the protocols in computers.
- D. They make use of the hacked information.

**Question 44:** The word "accesses " in paragraph 4 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. designs                  B. connects                  C. invents                  D. forgets

**Exercise 11. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.**

**Question 45:** Mary spent many hours a day surfing Tik Tok. She got badly short-sighted.

- A. Mary spent many hours a day surfing Tik Tok, so she got badly short-sighted.  
B. Mary spent many hours a day surfing Tik Tok, or she got badly short-sighted.  
C. Mary spent many hours a day surfing Tik Tok because she got badly short-sighted.  
D. Mary spent many hours a day surfing Tik Tok, but she got badly short-sighted.

**Question 46:** Her explanation was clear. I didn't understand it.

- A. Despite her clear explanation, I don't understand it.  
B. As clear as her explanation was, I didn't understand it.  
C. Although her clear explanation, I didn't understand it.  
D. In spite her clear explanation, I didn't understand it.

**Question 47:** Nam La is a stream. It flows through Son La city.

- A. Nam La is a stream which flows through Son La city.
- B. Nam La is a stream what flows through Son La city.
- C. Nam La is a stream, that flows through Son La city.
- D. Nam La is a stream who flows through Son La city.

**Exercise 12. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.**

**Question 48:** If I were you, I would do workout everyday to keep fit.

- A. I suggest you doing workout everyday to keep fit.
- B. I prefer you do workout everyday to keep fit.
- C. I would rather you to do workout everyday to keep fit.
- D. It is advisable that you do workout everyday to keep fit.

**Question 49:** "I'm going back to work next week.", said Harry.

- A. Harry said that he was going back to work next week.
- B. Harry said that I was going back to work the following.
- C. Harry said that he was going back to work the following week.
- D. Harry said that I am going back to work the following week.

**Question 50:** Tom bought that book at the bookshop yesterday.

- A. That book was bought at the bookshop by Tom yesterday.
- B. That book is bought by Tom at the bookshop yesterday.
- C. That book yesterday is bought by Tom at the bookshop.
- D. That book was being bought yesterday by Tom at the bookshop.