Roman Literature, Language, Law, and Structures

Matching: Match the terms on the left with their correct meanings on the right

1. ___ Aqueducts
2. ___ 13BC
3. ___ Arches
4. ___ Eternal City
5. ___ Latin
6. ___ Concrete
7. ___ Temples
8. ___ Greek scholars
9. ___ Decemvirs
10. ___ Underground sewers
11. ___ Pantheon
12. ___ Bridges
13. ___ Roman System of Laws
14. ___ Customs and Tradition
15. ___ Christianity
16. ___ The Arch and Concrete
17. ___ Roadways
18. ___ Justinian Code
19. ___ St. Peters & St. Sophia

A. language of the Romans

B. Roman literature was influenced by ___

C. Roman laws were based on ___

D. Ten men who were appointed to prepare a code of laws

E. The Roman emperor Justinian arranged all of the laws of Rome known as the ___

F. equal rights, fair trial, and all persons were equal before the law

G. two achievements of Roman engineering

H. supported structures like bridges and aqueducts

I. provided strong building material for walls and vaults

J. temple for the Gods, one of the first structures to be built with a dome

K. Rome was known as the ___

L. paved with durable materials and have been around for 2000 years

M. means "Water Carriers" in Latin, used to bring water into the city

N. built to cross a river or valley

O. The first Roman aqueduct was built in ___

P. used to carry off dirt & waste water and empty it somewhere that would not do any harm or cause sickness.

Q. A structure built by the Romans for worship

R. The state religion of the Roman Empire

S. Churches built in Rome and Constantinople

LIVEWORKSHEETS