

# THE PRAGUE SPRING (1968)

2 Write a narrative account analysing the key events of the Prague Spring (1968).

You may use the following in your answer:

- Alexander Dubček
- Soviet control

You **must** also use information of your own.

A student has planned their answer to this question.

Help them put the events in chronological order. However, one of the events is not relevant to the question put a cross next to the incorrect event.



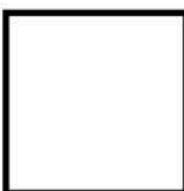
500,000 troops invaded Czechoslovakia and ended the 'Prague Spring'. The people couldn't do much to fight this massive army.



Brezhnev gave a speech which was published in the Soviet newspaper, Pravda. In it he outlined the Brezhnev Doctrine



The "Prague Spring" was the name given to a series of reforms introduced by Dubček. They included a relaxation of censorship, allowing people to criticise the government and allowing people a greater freedom to travel abroad.



By 1966, standards of living were so low that students held demonstrations in the capital, Prague.



Dubček thought that communism shouldn't be oppressive and that it was possible to enjoy life in a communist state. He called this "communism with a human face".



Alexander Dubček became leader of Czechoslovakia in 1968. Brezhnev liked and trusted him.



