

THE PRAGUE SPRING (1968)

2 Write a narrative account analysing the key events of the Prague Spring (1968).






You may use the following in your answer:

- Alexander Dubček
- Soviet control

You **must** also use information of your own.

A student has planned their answer to this question.

Help them put the events in chronological order. However, one of the events is not relevant to the question put a cross next to the incorrect event.

<input type="checkbox"/>	500,000 troops invaded Czechoslovakia and ended the 'Prague Spring'. The people couldn't do much to fight this massive army.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Brezhnev gave a speech which was published in the Soviet newspaper, Pravda. In it he outlined the Brezhnev Doctrine	
<input type="checkbox"/>	The "Prague Spring" was the name given to a series of reforms introduced by Dubček. They included a relaxation of censorship, allowing people to criticise the government and allowing people a greater freedom to travel abroad.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	By 1966, standards of living were so low that students held demonstrations in the capital, Prague.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Dubček thought that communism shouldn't be oppressive and that it was possible to enjoy life in a communist state. He called this "communism with a human face".	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Alexander Dubček became leader of Czechoslovakia in 1968. Brezhnev liked and trusted him.	