

TEST 5

I. PHONETICS

(1-3). Choose the word whose underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1. a. au <u>th</u> or | b. e <u>th</u> nic | c. hea <u>lth</u> | d. ga <u>th</u> er |
| 2. a. f <u>l</u> ew | b. dr <u>ew</u> | c. kn <u>ew</u> | d. gr <u>ew</u> |
| 3. a. c <u>e</u> lebrate | b. c <u>a</u> pture | c. c <u>o</u> nserve | d. c <u>o</u> mprise |

(4-5). Choose the word whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others.

- | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| 4. a. writer | b. teacher | c. builder | d. career |
| 5. a. company | b. atmosphere | c. customer | d. employment |

II. GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY

(6-20). Choose the word or phrase (a, b, c or d) that best fits the blank space in each sentence.

6. Those boys are addicted _____ computer games.
a. on b. for c. to d. with
7. They will finish the work _____ schedule.
a. on b. over c. in d. out
8. The design and material used for men were different _____ those used for women.
a. at b. from c. with d. in
9. We have to start early _____ we won't be late.
a. so that b. because c. although d. otherwise
10. Will you buy a flying car when they _____ available?
a. become b. became c. are becoming d. will become
11. Everybody must take part in _____ deforestation.
a. protecting b. preserving c. controlling d. preventing
12. Neil Armstrong, _____ first walked in the moon, lived in the USA.
a. who b. that c. whom d. whose
13. Baird produced the first TV picture in 1926, _____?
a. didn't he b. wasn't he c. doesn't he d. hasn't he
14. Traditionally, the *ao dai* _____ by both men and women.
a. frequently wore b. was frequent worn c. worn frequently d. was frequently worn
15. We _____ wear helmets in order to keep the traffic law and protect ourselves.
a. may b. can c. should d. need

16. She asked me if I _____ any other language.
 a. speak b. spoke c. can speak d. would speak
17. Internet bars mustn't let anybody _____ bad things.
 a. watch b. to watch c. watching d. watches
18. Would you be _____ to hold the door open?
 a. too kind b. so kind c. kind enough d. as kind
19. It's a pity you live so far away. I wish you _____.
 a. lived nearer b. live near c. lived near d. live nearer
20. 'I'm really sorry about that!' ' _____!'
 a. That's right c. You're welcome
 b. Of course d. It's OK

(21 -25). Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting.

21. Should I be out when you call, just leave a message with my assistant?

A B C D

22. If I have many homework to do, I will not be able to attend the meeting.

A B C D

23. When I arrived home, my father was reading the newspaper and my mother watched TV.

A B C D

24. Most of their farm work used to do by hand.

A B C D

25. In the United States, Mother's Day is celebrated on second Sunday in May.

A B C D

(26-30). Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence.

26. It was completely _____ because of poor planning. (*fail*)
27. Reduce means not buying products which are _____. (*package*)
28. We find the rice-cooking contest _____. (*interest*)
29. The main source of income for most newspapers is _____ advertising. (*commerce*)
30. Computers were a wonderful _____ at the time. (*invent*)

III. READING

(31 -36). Choose the word or phrase (a, b, c or d) that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

LIFE ON OTHER PLANETS

Is there life (31) _____ in the universe? Some scientists would say yes. Because the universe is so (32) _____, chances are good that somewhere out there life exists. Other planets circling other stars could be suitable homes (33) _____ living creatures. Those creatures might not even look anything like living creatures on Earth. But some scientists would say no. They would (35) _____ that the Earth is the only place right for life. (35) _____ other place might have problems like being too hot, too cold, or too dry. Other planet might not have breathable air. Maybe the Earth is (36) _____ in all the universe. What do you think?

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|------------|-------------|
| 31. a. elsewhere | b. everywhere | c. nowhere | d. anywhere |
| 32. a. strange | b. exciting | c. vast | d. hard |
| 33. a. for | b. to | c. of | d. with |
| 34. a. expect | b. decide | c. argue | d. agree |
| 35. a. No | b. Some | c. All | d. Every |
| 36. a. alone | b. special | c. usual | d. unique |

(37-43). Read the passage. Decide if the statements that follow are True or False and choose the correct answer.

Lunar New Year, or Tet, is Vietnam's main holiday. It is the biggest and the most important occasion in the year which falls sometime between 19th January and 20th February on the Western calendar.

Tet's preparations and celebrations used to be spread over months, but nowadays the holiday is much shorter. However, a great deal of excitement still builds up well before Tet. Streets are decorated with colored lights and red banners. Shops are full of goods. People are busy buying gifts, cleaning and decorating their houses and cooking traditional foods such as *banh chung*, *banh tet*. Homes are often decorated with plants and flowers at this time. Peach blossom is traditional at Tet in the North while apricot blossom is traditional in the South.

On the days of Tet, people visit other family members and friends, and they exchange New Year's wishes. Children receive their "lucky money" inside red envelopes. Both children and adults take part in games and various forms of entertainment. Tet is really a time of fun and festivals throughout the country.

- 37. Tet is the most important celebration for Vietnamese people.
- 38. Tet is always on 20th February on the Western calendar.
- 39. Nowadays, Tet lasts longer than it used to be.
- 40. According to the text, "lucky money" is given to everyone at Tet.
- 41. Tet is a great occasion of joy and of entertainment.
- 42. When does Lunar New Year start?

43. What do Vietnamese people often do to prepare for Tet?

IV. WRITING

(44-46). Choose the sentence (a, b, c or d) that is almost the same in meaning as the sentence given.

44. cars/ fast and comfortable/ than/ motorcycles//

- a. Cars are faster and more comfortable than motorcycles.
- b. Cars are more fast and comfortable than motorcycles are.
- c. Cars are faster and comfortable than motorcycles are.
- d. Cars are fast and comfortable than motorcycles.

45. how/ spend/ homework?//

- a. How much time you spend on doing your homework?
- b. How long do you spend to do your homework?
- c. How much time do you spend on your homework?
- d. How do you spend your time in your homework?

46. The children/ enjoy/ take/ Dam Sen Water Park//

- a. The children enjoy taking to Dam Sen Water Park.
- b. The children enjoy to take to Dam Sen Water Park.
- c. The children enjoy being taken to Dam Sen Water Park.
- d. The children enjoy to be taken to Dam Sen Water Park.

(47-50). Rewrite the sentences so that they are nearest in meaning to the sentence printed before them.

47. Please don't play your music so loudly.

Would you mind _____.

48. Let's go camping tomorrow.

Why don't _____.

49. Children shouldn't swim in this pool because it is too deep.

This pool is not _____.

50. The house is really beautiful!

What _____.