

## TEST YOURSELF 2

### I. Choose the word whose underlined letter sounds differently.

- |                       |                    |                     |                    |
|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. <u>choose</u>   | B. <u>school</u>   | C. <u>such</u>      | D. <u>catch</u>    |
| 2. A. <u>natural</u>  | B. <u>picture</u>  | C. <u>nation</u>    | D. <u>actually</u> |
| 3. A. <u>chance</u>   | B. <u>change</u>   | C. <u>chemist</u>   | D. <u>march</u>    |
| 4. A. <u>research</u> | B. <u>question</u> | C. <u>furniture</u> | D. <u>machine</u>  |
| 5. A. <u>chef</u>     | B. <u>teach</u>    | C. <u>watch</u>     | D. <u>church</u>   |

### II. Supply the correct form of the word in the brackets.

1. This town has a small \_\_\_\_\_ harbor. (nature)
2. Evening in the country is a very \_\_\_\_\_ time. (peace)
3. We want to get away from the \_\_\_\_\_ city life. (noise)
4. The problem of \_\_\_\_\_ in the city is serious. (pollute)
5. He likes to \_\_\_\_\_ people with his jokes. (entertainment)

### III. Choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D.

1. It is quiet and \_\_\_\_\_ in the country at night.  
A. wonderful      B. peaceful      C. colorful      D. beautiful
2. In a \_\_\_\_\_ you can relax, listen to music, or enjoy your breakfast.  
A. café      B. market      C. school      D. hospital
3. \_\_\_\_\_ water supplies are a risk to public health.  
A. Fresh      B. Clean      C. Natural      D. Polluted
4. They hired a \_\_\_\_\_ and went for a row down the river.  
A. bicycle      B. car      C. boat      D. bus
5. We moved the furniture to make \_\_\_\_\_ for the piano.  
A. zone      B. area      C. room      D. place
6. Transportation \_\_\_\_\_ in the area includes bus stations, docks, and piers.  
A. capability      B. ability      C. accessory      D. facility

**IV. Choose the correct option.**

1. There (is/are) some ice in the fridge.
  2. We built (much/many) farms to raise cows.
  3. I enjoy (having/to have) time to myself.
  4. There (are/is) lots of fun things to do here.
  5. I'd love (to come/come) and see you again.
  6. There is so (much/a lot of) fresh air around here.
  7. Let's (go/going) for a run across the fields.
  8. The room (has/have) a nice cozy feel.
  9. There are so (lots of/many) interesting activities in the park.
  10. Would you like (to see/seeing) my holiday photos?

**V. Put the sentences in the correct order to make a conversation.**

- Because lots of reasons.
  - Fresh air and clean water are not enough when you get sick. You need good hospitals.
  - What are the next reasons?
  - The first reason is that there aren't big and good hospitals as compared with the city.
  - 1 Do you like to live in the country?
  - No, I don't.

- But the environment is the country is good for your health such as fresh air and clean water.
- Really? Why not?
- Can you tell me one?
- Transportation, schools, jobs for adults, other services...

## VI. Read the text and choose the correct answer to fill in each gap.

Living in the countryside may be more (1) \_\_\_\_\_, but it can get boring as life is slower. There is less to do to have fun, like going to the cinema or shopping center. It is also more (2) \_\_\_\_\_ to get to places because often there are no good public transport systems. Getting a job in the country may also be harder. Most jobs are in the city, (3) \_\_\_\_\_ people have to drive there every day and this can be tiring.

Living in the city may be exciting but it is also (4) \_\_\_\_\_. The crime rate is higher and people may feel less secure than in the countryside. Also, there is more (5) \_\_\_\_\_ because of the cars. So there are more traffic jams and accidents. Cities are bigger and so they are more (6) \_\_\_\_\_. City life is faster and people are often so busy and stressed that they don't have time to pay much attention to their neighbors. Some people may also feel lonely.

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|----|--------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|
| 1. | A. relaxed   | B. relaxing    | C. relax     | D. relaxation    |
| 2. | A. difficult | B. difficultly | C. easy      | D. easily        |
| 3. | A. or        | B. yet         | C. but       | D. so            |
| 4. | A. danger    | B. endanger    | C. dangerous | D. dangerousness |
| 5. | A. polluting | B. polluted    | C. pollutant | D. pollution     |
| 6. | A. crowd     | B. crowded     | C. crowds    | D. crowdedly     |

## VII. Read the passage and write True or False after each statement.

A rural area is an open swath of land that has few homes or other buildings, and not very many people. A rural areas population density is very low. Many people live in a city, or urban area. Their homes and businesses are located very close to one another. In a rural area, there are fewer people, and their homes and businesses are located far away from one another.

Agriculture is the primary industry in most rural areas. Most people live or work on farms or ranches. Hamlets, villages, towns, and other small settlements are in or surrounded by rural areas. Wildlife is more frequently found in rural areas than in

cities because of the absence of people and buildings. In fact, rural areas are often called the country because residents can see and interact with the country's native wildlife.

Throughout the world, more people live in rural areas than in urban areas. This has been changing rapidly, however. Urbanization is happening all over the world. In Asia, for example, the United Nations estimates that the urban population will increase by almost two billion by 2050.

1. Population in a rural area is densely populated. \_\_\_\_\_
2. In a rural area, homes and businesses are located far away from one another. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Most people in rural areas live on agriculture. \_\_\_\_\_
4. Wildlife is more frequently found in cities than in rural areas. \_\_\_\_\_
5. We can find hamlets, villages, and small settlements in rural areas. \_\_\_\_\_
6. More people will live in urban areas than in rural areas in the future. \_\_\_\_\_

### **VIII. Complete the second sentence so that it has the words in the brackets.**

1. There is little fresh air in the street. (polluted air)  
There is too \_\_\_\_\_
2. Living in the city isn't easy. (live)  
It isn't easy \_\_\_\_\_
3. Let's go to the park for a walk. (we)  
Why \_\_\_\_\_ ?
4. It's good idea to travel to the country this weekend. (should)  
We \_\_\_\_\_
5. There are few recycle bins in the town. (enough recycle bins)  
There aren't \_\_\_\_\_