



## GRAMMAR

**I. We use quantifiers when we want to give someone information about the number of something: **how much or how many**. Sometimes we use a quantifier in the place of a **determiner**.**

(Chúng ta sử dụng từ định lượng khi muốn cung cấp cho ai đó thông tin về số lượng của một thứ gì đó: bao nhiêu. Đôi khi chúng ta sử dụng một lượng từ thay cho một từ hạn định)

**Quantifiers with countable and uncountable nouns.** (Lượng từ với danh từ đếm được và không đếm được)

**We use lots of/a lot of, much, many and enough before nouns to talk about quantity of something.** (Chúng ta sử dụng *lots of/a lot of, much, many* và *enough* trước danh từ để nói về số lượng của cái gì đó.)

| Quantifiers   | Examples  |
|---|---|
| <b>a lot of + countable/uncountable noun</b> ( <i>a lot of + danh từ đếm được/không đếm được</i> )                          | There are <b>a lot of</b> birds on the streets.                           |
| <b>lots of (informal)+countable/uncountable noun</b> ( <i>lots of</i> (không chính thức) + danh từ đếm được/không đếm được) | There are <b>lots of</b> mistakes in the essay.                           |
| <b>much + uncountable noun</b> ( <i>much + danh từ không đếm được</i> )   | We do not have <b>much</b> information about the contest.                 |
| <b>many + countable noun</b> ( <i>many + danh từ đếm được</i> )   | <b>Many</b> young people enjoy hiking as their favorite outdoor activity. |
| <b>too many + countable noun (negative meaning)</b> ( <i>too many + danh từ đếm được (nghĩa phủ định)</i> )                 | There are <b>too many</b> people in this room.                            |
| <b>too much + uncountable noun (negative meaning)</b> ( <i>too much + danh từ không đếm được (nghĩa phủ định)</i> )         | She has <b>too much</b> work to do during weekdays.                       |
| <b>enough + countable/uncountable noun</b> ( <i>enough + danh từ đếm được/không đếm được</i> )                              | There is not <b>enough</b> food for all.                                  |

**I. Verbs (to express preference) + to- infinitives:** Động từ (để thể hiện sở thích) + to- infinitives)

**We can use **verbs + to-infinitives** to talk about activities people like or prefer to do.** (Chúng ta có thể dùng động từ + động từ nguyên mẫu có to để nói về những hoạt động mà mọi người thích hoặc thích làm hơn.)

The children **love to play** tug of war.

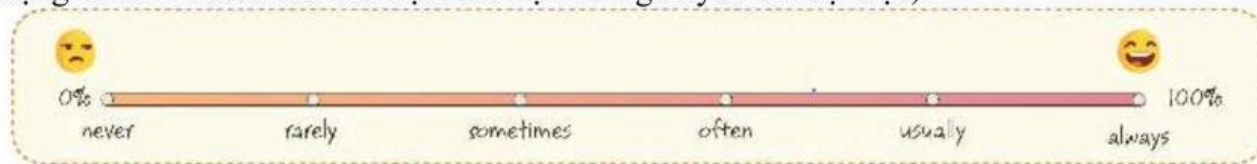
Ann doesn't like to play shuttlecock.

Do your sisters like to play computer games? - Yes, they do.

What does your brother like to play? - He prefers to play folk games.

## II. Adverbs of frequency: Trạng từ chỉ sự thường xuyên

We can use adverbs of frequency to say how often things happen. (Chúng ta có thể sử dụng trạng từ chỉ tần suất để diễn đạt mức độ thường xuyên của sự việc).



|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| Never: 0%      | Who does your cousin often play with? - He <b>never</b> tells who he plays with. |
| Rarely: 5%     | How often does your brother exercise? - He <b>rarely</b> exercises.              |
| sometimes: 25% | I <b>sometimes</b> play video games with my sisters.                             |
| often: 50%     | She doesn't <b>often</b> play folk games.  |
| usually: 75%   | Do you <b>usually</b> play soccer after school? - No, I don't.                   |
| always: 100%   | I <b>always</b> help my father herb the livestock after school.                  |

### Task 1. Choose the right option. Circle and write on the line.

- Jennifer is always at home. She doesn't go out \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. enough                      b. many                      c. too many
- I don't like the weather in London. There is \_\_\_\_\_ rain.  
a. too many                      b. much                      c. too much
- We couldn't sit anywhere at the concert. There were \_\_\_\_\_ people.  
a. many                      b. too many                      c. too much
- I haven't got, \_\_\_\_\_ time to finish my test.  
a. too many                      b. too much                      c. enough
- You drank \_\_\_\_\_ coffee. That's why you feel sick.  
a. too much                      b. many                      c. enough
- I made \_\_\_\_\_ mistakes with her. That's why she left me.  
a. enough                      b. too much                      c. too many
- If you don't eat \_\_\_\_\_ fruit, you can get ill.  
a. many                      b. much                      c. enough
- Claire is tall \_\_\_\_\_ to be a fashion model.



- a. too much      b. enough      c. too many
9. Oh no! You put \_\_\_\_\_ milk in the pancakes dough.
- a. enough      b. too much      c. too many
10. Why did you buy so \_\_\_\_\_ bottles of milk?
- a. many      b. much      c. enough

## Task 2. Complete the sentences using the words from the box.

### LITTLE / A LITTLE / FEW / A FEW

1. We have \_\_\_\_\_ time left. Let's try to get finished quickly.
2. You have \_\_\_\_\_ ideas left, so let's hear them.
3. I have got very \_\_\_\_\_ friends, so I'm alone most of the time.
4. Would you like \_\_\_\_\_ water?
5. What you need is \_\_\_\_\_ more self-confidence.
7. I'm sorry, but I speak \_\_\_\_\_ Spanish. Can't we communicate in English?
6. \_\_\_\_\_ is known about how the disease spreads.
8. Very \_\_\_\_\_ people went to see the movie.
9. Mary managed to get \_\_\_\_\_ piece of cake.
10. She saves \_\_\_\_\_ money every month because she wants to go on a cruise next summer.
11. There are \_\_\_\_\_ posts that are really worth reading. Most of them are rubbish.
12. I have drunk \_\_\_\_\_ water today, so I guess that's why I'm so thirsty.
13. There are \_\_\_\_\_ good books that I would recommend reading.
14. Have you got any money left in your bank account?
- Yes, I have \_\_\_\_\_ but not very much.
15. There are \_\_\_\_\_ cities in the world that have a multicultural society.
16. There was \_\_\_\_\_ time to finish the project, so we had to work on weekends
17. We stayed in New York for \_\_\_\_\_ days before moving on to the Midwest.
18. I'd like to tell you \_\_\_\_\_ about my childhood.
19. I made very \_\_\_\_\_ mistakes, so I got a very good mark.
20. I see \_\_\_\_\_ reason for giving him \_\_\_\_\_ days off.

## Task 3. Write the missing quantifier on the line.

1. Teenagers like \_\_\_\_\_ fast food today. Are you among them, too?
2. You should make sure you've saved \_\_\_\_\_ money to buy a new motorbike.
3. In the USA children watch \_\_\_\_\_ violence on TV. This is really scary.
4. How \_\_\_\_\_ classes do you have today? Five or six?

5. How \_\_\_\_\_ sugar do you use for your chocolate cake?
6. There are \_\_\_\_\_ chairs in this classroom. Take some out.
7. Is there \_\_\_\_\_ lemonade for everyone? I don't want you to be thirsty.
8. We lost \_\_\_\_\_ time with talking yesterday. We should have worked more.
9. How \_\_\_\_\_ money did you spend in amusement park?
10. How \_\_\_\_\_ coins do you have in your pocket?
11. We bought \_\_\_\_\_ bread for this weekend. Let's make some bread balls.
12. He ate \_\_\_\_\_ slices of bread for breakfast. He won't be able to eat lunch.

**Task 4. Complete these sixteen sentences to score your knowledge of ADVERBS OF FREQUENCY**

**1. I seldom visit my relatives, so I ... see my uncle John.**

- a) usually                      b) almost never                      c) almost always

**2. I'm never late for our English class. I'm ... on time.**

- a) often                      b) usually                      c) always

**3. James goes to the beach only once a year. He... goes to the beach.**

- a) almost never                      b) never                      c) sometimes

**4. My sister often... a book in the evenings.**

- a) reads                      b) read                      c) is reading

**5. I... eat junk food because I know it's not very healthy.**

- a) always                      b) sometimes                      c) seldom

**6. ... we go to the gym to exercise, maybe two or three days a week.**

- a) Rarely                      b) Sometimes                      c) Always

**7. I... watch cartoons because I hate them. News shows are much better.**

- a) always                      b) sometimes                      c) never

**8. They always ... to bed early because they always get up early.**

- a) go                      b) will go                      c) goes

**9. I went to a restaurant last week, but I... eat at home.**

- a) usually                      b) seldom                      c) always

**10. She doesn't ... finish work early because she is often busy.**

- a) never                      b) usually                      c) always

**11. It... snows where I live, so I never make a snowman.**

- a) sometimes                      b) never                      c) always

**12. We visit our grandparents three or four times....**

- a) the month                      b) month                      c) a month

**13. He almost never sees a doctor because he is... sick.**

- a) almost always                      b) usually                      c) seldom

**14. Do you ... travel to other countries on your summer holiday?**

- a) ever                      b) never                      c) how often

15. ... study very hard, so I usually get high grades in school.

- a) always                      b) rarely                      c) almost never

**16. He's never angry. He ... has a smile on his face.**

- a) never                      b) always                      c) seldom

**Task 5. Complete the sentences with the correct verb form.**

1. John adores \_\_\_\_\_ (play) badminton in the winter
2. My father sometimes goes \_\_\_\_\_ (hunt) in the forests. He'd like to find some more food for our family.
3. The boy \_\_\_\_\_ (pick) up a stone and threw it in to the river.
4. He \_\_\_\_\_ (collect) stamps from many countries since he \_\_\_\_\_ (be) eight.
5. Which sports do you like \_\_\_\_\_ (play)?
6. Hoa's teacher wants her (spend) \_\_\_\_\_ more time on math.
7. I promise I (try) \_\_\_\_\_ my best next semester.
8. Sandra needs (improve) \_\_\_\_\_ her English writing.
9. You should (underline) \_\_\_\_\_ the word you want (learn) \_\_\_\_\_.
10. Can you help me (move) \_\_\_\_\_ this table?
11. Nam always (get) \_\_\_\_\_ grade A in Physics, but last semester he (get) \_\_\_\_\_ B.
12. They were proud of (be) \_\_\_\_\_ so successful.

**Task 6. Circle ONE mistake in each sentence.**

- 1 There is many fresh air in the city.  
A B C D
- 2 There isn't too many entertainment in my hometown.  
A B C D
- 3 We do not have much necessary facilities in town.  
A B C D
- 4 There are a lots of fresh fruit and vegetables on my father's farm.  
A B C D

5 Traffic jams are not a problem in the country because there aren't too much vehicles.

A B C D

6. What does your brother like plays?

A B C D

7. My younger brother prefer to play outdoors.

A B C D

8. My sisters love pick flowers and playing jump rope.

A B C D

9. My cousins doesn't like to play video games in their free time.

A B C D

10. My father loves played shuttlecock with his friends when they meet.

A B C D