

Grade 11 Lesson 2

Суффикс употребляется для образования производных существительных, обозначающих состояние человека, связанное с его возрастом, социальными отношениями, иногда деятельностью, или группу людей, объединенных этим состоянием.

noun + hood = noun

likely + -hood = likelihood (вероятность)

neighbour + -hood = neighbourhood

child + -hood = childhood (детство)

2. Соедини пары.

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| 1. boyhood | → a) отцовство |
| 2. adulthood | → b) отрочество |
| 3. brotherhood | c) девичество |
| 4. parenthood | d) зрелость, совершеннолетие, взрослость |
| 5. fatherhood | e) материнство |
| 6. studenthood | f) студенчество |
| 7. girlhood | g) отцовство |
| 8. motherhood | h) братство |

4. Дополни предложения словами из рамки.

babyhood, brotherhood, fatherhood, adulthood, childhood, neighbourhood, studenthood, girlhood, boyhood

1. Steve remembers his _____ as an idyllic period of his life.
2. On reaching _____ children returned to England to find work.
3. My _____ was spent moving from one town to another as my father was a military man.
4. Alice remembered fairy-tales which she had listened to since _____.
5. Stereotypes about the role of women affected my sister from early _____.
6. Motherhood, _____, childhood are protected by law.
7. During his _____ he was a member of different student societies.
8. Max has been part of the _____ of suvorovites.
9. Last night there was a big fire in the _____.

Present Simple	Past Simple	Future Simple
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> повторяющиеся привычные действия: <p>I <u>use</u> my mobile phone every day.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> расписание, программа: <p>The film <u>starts</u> at 7 o'clock.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> действие имело место в прошлом: <p>They <u>built</u> the house long ago.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> постоянное действие в прошлом: <p>He <u>always caught</u> the same train.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> незапланированное действие, которое произойдет в будущем; в придаточных условиях и времени после if, when, as soon as, till, until, after: <p>If she <u>comes</u>, we <u>will go</u>. I <u>will help</u> you <u>as soon as</u> you <u>ask</u>.</p>
usually, every day, sometimes, often, seldom, as a rule, always	yesterday, last, ago, the other day, in 2010, always	tomorrow, tonight, next week, in a day
<p>+ I often help mother.</p> <p>? Do you often help mother?</p> <p>– I don't help about the house.</p>	<p>+ She helped her mother.</p> <p>? Did she help her mother?</p> <p>When did she help her mother?</p> <p>– She didn't help about the house.</p>	<p>+ I will go to the cinema tomorrow.</p> <p>? Will you go to the cinema tomorrow?</p> <p>When will you go to the cinema?</p> <p>– You will not go to the cinema.</p>

8. Выбери правильный вариант ответа.

- If you **don't agree** / **will not agree** / **didn't agree** with your parents, try to make them understand politely.
- Teenagers **want** / **wanted** / **will want** to get greater independence and more freedom.
- I want a profession that **will** / **is** / **was** satisfy me and **will** / **is** / **was** bring me joy and a good salary.
- Usually the grandmother **looked** / **looks** / **will look** after the child when the parents are at work.
- My great-grandparents **pass away** / **passes away** / **passed away** many years ago.
- The boy **grows up** / **will grow up** / **grew up** in an orphanage when his parents had left him.
- An immediate family **consisted** / **will consist** / **consists** of father, mother and children.
- If you show gratitude to your parents, this **will bring** / **bring** / **brought** you close to them.

9. Раскрой скобки, употребив глагол в нужной форме. Подчеркни слова-подсказки.

1. How will you describe (to describe) your ideal family?
2. The aunt promises her nephew that she _____ (to visit) him in the orphanage as often as she can.
3. Where _____ you _____ (to spend) your childhood?
4. Yesterday my father _____ (not to watch) TV because he _____ (to be) very busy.
5. As soon as Tom _____ (to work) hard at school his parents _____ (to give) him a pet as a present.
6. Our train _____ (to leave) Minsk at 8 a.m. next Monday and we (to arrive) in Moscow at 10 p.m.
7. Who _____ (to take) care of your children in future?
8. Your sibling often _____ (to have) any conflicts with your parents?
9. His friends always _____ (to admit) to their mistake but his father never _____ (to do).
10. When _____ you _____ (to write) to your parents last time?
11. We _____ (to know) the result of test in a week.
12. When my dad _____ (to meet) my mother he _____ (to fall) in love with her at first sight.