

Historical events: Revolution in Latin American countries

Course: _____

Teacher: _____

Aim in relation to the ILEX Syllabus:

Language Function: Describing important events and situations in the past

Grammatical Structure: Past Simple and Past Continuous

Description of the Activity

Instructions:

Watch the video called Revolution in Latin American countries and then carry out the task provided.

Part 1: You have to debate with a classmate the causes and consequences of the revolutions in Latin America. Your discussion needs to be recorded in www.vocaroo.com and send it to your teacher for evaluation.

Part2: You need to watch the video about Latin American revolution and then complete the chart below with true, false or does not say options. When you finish, upload your work to your virtual classroom in Edmodo.

REVOLUTION IN LATIN AMERICA

1. After 90 years of European domination, the people of Latin America rang the bell of freedom.
2. Creoles, mestizos and mulattoes were no longer to take a back seat to those of pure European blood.
3. In 1791 the rebellion in Haiti was victorious but they declared their official independence in 1804.
4. Miguel Hidalgo was a Catholic priest.
5. A free republic of Mexico was born in the 1920s.
6. Texas belonged to Mexico which later became part of The U.S.A.
7. The most well-known revolutions in the 19th century were the ones led by “the liberator”. _
8. Panama was a part of “The United Provinces of Central America”. _
9. Simón Bolívar did not liberate Bolivia. _
10. Soon after la Gran Colombia, countries such as Colombia, Venezuela and Ecuador were born.

Task designed by Karol Meza and Claudia Castro.