

VERB + V-ING

CÁC ĐỘNG TỪ THEO SAU LÀ V-ING	DEFINITION & EXAMPLES
1. to avoid + V-ing	Tránh làm gì Ví dụ: <i>He always wears sunscreen to avoid getting sunburned.</i> (Anh ta luôn bôi kem chống nắng để tránh bị cháy nắng.)
2. to delay + V-ing	Trì hoãn Ví dụ: <i>They decided to delay starting the project until next week.</i> (Họ đã quyết định sẽ hoãn lại việc triển khai dự án cho đến tuần sau.)
3. to deny + V-ing	Phủ nhận Ví dụ: <i>The suspect denied stealing the money from the bank.</i> (Kẻ bị tình nghi đã phủ nhận việc trộm tiền ngân hàng.)
4. to finish + V-ing	Hoàn thành Ví dụ: <i>She stayed up late to finish writing her report.</i> (Cô ấy thức khuya để hoàn thành xong bản báo cáo.)
5. to keep + V-ing	Tiếp tục, duy trì Ví dụ: <i>The teacher reminded the students to keep studying for the upcoming exam.</i> (Giáo viên nhắc nhở học sinh phải duy trì việc học cho bài kiểm tra sắp tới.)
6. to mind + V-ing	Bận tâm Ví dụ: <i>Would you mind closing the window?</i> (Bạn có phiền không khi giúp tôi đóng cửa sổ lại?)
7. to suggest + V-ing	Gợi ý, đề xuất Ví dụ: <i>The doctor suggested eating a balanced diet for better health.</i>

	(Bác sĩ gợi ý là nên có 1 chế độ ăn cân bằng để tốt cho sức khỏe.)
8. to like/love/enjoy/ adore/ fancy/.... + V-ing	Thích Ví dụ: She likes swimming during the summer. (Cô ấy thích bơi vào mùa hè.)
9. to hate/dislike /detest/... + V-ing	Ghét Ví dụ: He detests doing household chores. (Anh ấy ghét làm việc nhà.)
10. S + can't bear/stand + V-ing	Không thể chịu được Ví dụ: I can't bear watching horror movies; they give me nightmares. (Tôi không thể chịu được việc xem phim kinh dị. Chúng khiến tôi gặp ác mộng.)
11. S + can't help + V-ing	Không thể tránh được Ví dụ: She couldn't help laughing at the funny joke. (Cô ấy không thể không cười với trò đùa đó.)
12. to look forward + V-ing	Trông mong, trông chờ điều gì Ví dụ: They are looking forward to going on vacation next month. (Họ trông chờ đến kì nghỉ tháng sau.)
13. to remind sb of + V-ing	Gợi nhớ, nhắc nhở ai Ví dụ: He reminded me of locking the door. (Anh ấy nhắc tôi phải khóa cửa.)
14. to be afraid of + V-ing	Sợ Ví dụ: He is afraid of flying in airplanes. (Anh ấy sợ phải đi máy bay.)
15. to be amazed at + V-ing	Ngạc nhiên Ví dụ: The audience was amazed at the magician's tricks. (Khán giả ngạc nhiên bởi trò lừa của ảo thuật gia.)
16. to be good/bad at + V-ing	Giỏi/ kém Ví dụ: He is good at playing the guitar. (Anh ấy chơi ghi ta rất giỏi.)
17. to be bored with + V-ing	Buồn chán Ví dụ: They were bored with watching the same

	TV show every night. (Họ thấy chán vì phải coi chỉ 1 chương trình TV mỗi tối.)
18. to be dependent on st/ + V-ing	Phụ thuộc Ví dụ: The company is dependent on new technology for its success. (Thành công của công ty phụ thuộc vào công nghệ mới của họ.)
19. to be different from + V- ing	Khác biệt Ví dụ: Making juice is different from making coffee. (Cách làm nước ép thì khác cách làm cà phê.)
20. to be excited about + V- ing	Háo hức Ví dụ: They are excited about going to the concert tonight. (Họ háo hức về việc đi đến buổi hòa nhạc tối nay.)
21. to think of + V-ing	Nhớ, nghĩ về cái gì đó Ví dụ: She never thinks of making her own money. (Cô ấy không bao giờ nghĩ đến việc tự mình kiếm tiền.)

MỘT SỐ CẤU TRÚC THEO SAU LÀ V-ING

- It's no use/It's no good +V-ing = There's no point (in) +V-ing: Việc ... thì không có ích gì đâu
- It's (not) worth +V-ing: Việc ... là (không) đáng.
- Have difficult (in) +V-ing: Gặp khó khăn trong việc...
- It's a waste of time/money +V-ing: Việc ... thì lãng phí thời gian/ tiền bạc
- Spend/waste time/money + (on) V-ing: Dành thời gian/ tiền bạc làm gì
- Be/get used to +V-ing = Be/get accustomed to +V-ing: quen với việc
- Be busy doing something: bận làm gì
- What about +V-ing? = How about +V-ing?: Thế còn ... thì sao?

BÀI TẬP:

Bài 1: Chọn đáp án thích hợp

1. Don't waste her time _____ about her salary.

A. complain B. complaining C. to complain D. complaint

2. They are used to _____ new lessons.
A. preparing B. prepared C. to prepare D. prepare

3. Nam suggested _____ the children to school yesterday.
A. to take B. taking C. take D. taken

4. I'm sorry to keep you _____ so long.
A. wait B. waited C. to wait D. waiting

5. Sorry, I can't call you back right now. I'm busy _____ after my nephew.
A. looking B. look C. to look D. looked

6. She seems to have difficulty in _____ her decision.
A. make B. making C. made D. to make

7. Are you thinking of _____ a new car?
A. buy B. to buy C. buying D. bought

8. How can you waste all that money on _____?
A. gamble B. to gamble C. gambling D. the gamble

9. It is no use _____ to school if you are not ready to work hard.
A. going B. to go C. to going D. go

10. They spent all day _____ and _____ on the beach.
A. to swim / sunbathing B. to swim / to sunbathe
C. swimming / to sunbathe D. swimming / sunbathing

Bài 2: Điền từ thích hợp vào chỗ trống. Chia động từ nếu cần thiết

READ / FALL / LISTEN / START / GO / BE / HELP / JOIN /
CHEAT / STUDY / INVITE / WITNESS / SWIM / LOSE / LIVE

1. Did she deny _____ on the exam?

2. Keep _____ hard if you want to pass the exam.

3. He doesn't mind _____ you with your project

4. Do you enjoy _____ to classical music?

5. She hates _____ to the dentist.
6. Can you bear _____ in a noisy neighborhood?
7. He couldn't help _____ in love with her.
8. She is afraid of _____ in deep water.
9. She isn't angry at _____ the game.
10. They are excited about _____ their new job.
11. She finished _____ the book last night.
12. Are you looking forward to _____ the weekend getaway?
13. They were amazed at _____ the beautiful sunset.
14. I suggest not _____ dependent on others for your happiness; find it within yourself.
15. Have you thought of _____ them to the party?

Bài 3: Viết lại các câu sau sử dụng từ cho sẵn sao cho nghĩa câu không đổi

1. She stays away from eating fast food in order to keep a healthy diet. **(AVOID)**

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2. Did you put off purchasing your plane tickets? **(DELAY)**

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3. They admitted causing the accident. **(DENY)**

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4. You can't leave until you complete unpackaging these boxes. **(FINISH)**

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5. Let's continue exploring the city and discovering new places. (KEEP)

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6. To increase production, we propose establishing a new policy. (SUGGEST)

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7. I love shopping with my friends at weekends! (FANCY)

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8. We are excited to see our pals at the party. (FORWARD)

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9. She is excellent at solving difficult math problems. (GOOD)

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10. They were tired of hearing the same lecture for the third time. (BORED)

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11. Why don't we travel to Italy for this holiday? (HOW ABOUT)

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12. It's no use calling him. (POINT)

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13. Paying such big amount of money is not worthy. (WORTH)

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14. Just live here for a while and you'll be used to it! (ACCUSTOMED)

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15. Watching this series is a waste of time! (IT'S)

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