

You are going to listen to a report on the methods of measuring global sea levels. For each question choose the correct answer.

1. Buoys near the coastline
 - A. have been around since 1880
 - B. show deep how oceans really are
 - C. are as reliable as satellite data
 - D. provide important data about the world's oceans
2. The new Sentinel-6 satellite
 - A. is a substitute for the coastal buoys
 - B. can measure the depth of the oceans
 - C. is a joint project with the European Space Agency
 - D. will travel at 800 miles an hour
3. Radar used by Sentinel-6
 - A. absorbs the signals on the ocean's surface
 - B. measures the height of the land
 - C. measures how far away the ocean's surface is
 - D. is a technology that has never been used before
4. After five years in orbit
 - A. measurements will have become as exact as possible
 - B. Sentinel-6 will be followed by a similar mission
 - C. a different satellite system will be used
 - D. scientists will have enough reliable data
5. Through sea level measurements we can understand how
 - A. important deep oceans really are
 - B. oceans are changing
 - C. fish populations are migrating
 - D. oceans are actually shrinking in size
6. Scientists need as much information as possible because
 - A. it is more difficult to assess the data than it was decades ago
 - B. global warming is taking place at a faster rate
 - C. Sentinel-6 only has a short lifespan
 - D. hurricanes are becoming more dangerous