

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Class: S8

Date: .../ .../ 20...  
Tel: 034 200 9294

**GLOBAL ENGLISH 8: UNIT 1 – LANGUAGES OF THE WORLD**  
**VOCABULARY 2**

**A. VOCABULARY**

\*Lưu ý: Các từ vựng mở rộng thầy cô cho ghi trong vở (nếu có) và các từ vựng mở rộng trong phiếu để có chủ thích nghĩa: con về nhà chép mỗi từ 1 dòng để ghi nhớ nhé.

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	<b>independent</b> (a)	độc lập	8	<b>according to</b> (prep)	dựa theo
2	<b>be isolated</b> (phr.v)	bị cách ly/ cô lập	9	<b>(be) more likely to V</b>	có nhiều khả năng làm gì hơn
3	<b>have little contact with something</b> (phr.v)	có ít liên hệ với cái gì	10	<b>illustrate</b> (v)	minh họa
4	<b>official language</b> (n.phr)	ngôn ngữ chính thức	11	<b>majority</b> (n)	đa số
5	<b>percentage</b> (n)	tỷ lệ phần trăm	12	<b>do revision</b> (phr.v) = <b>revise</b> (v)	ôn lại
6	<b>pidgin language</b> (n.phr)	ngôn ngữ đơn giản, tiếng bồi	13	<b>in the early stage</b>	trong giai đoạn đầu
7	<b>secondary education</b> (n.phr)	giáo dục trung học	14	<b>feature</b> (n)	đặc trưng

\* Note: a = adjective: tính từ; v = verb: động từ; n = noun: danh từ;  
prep = preposition: giới từ; phr.v = phrasal verb: cụm động từ; n.phr = noun phrase.

\* Con thuộc nghĩa của từ, chép mỗi từ 1 dòng vào vở ghi và chỉnh phát âm theo từ điển.

**B. HOMEWORK**

**I. Read the descriptions of the following words. Then write the complete words (some letters are already there).**

0. the sound you make by playing instruments or singing
1. not influenced or controlled in any way by other people, events, or things
2. a typical quality or an important part of something
3. the larger number or part of something
4. an amount of something, often expressed as a number out of 100
5. to study again something you have already learned, in preparation for an exam

**M U S I C**  
\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ P \_\_\_\_\_

**F \_\_\_\_\_ T \_\_\_\_\_**  
\_\_\_\_ J \_\_\_\_\_ Y  
**P \_\_\_\_\_ C \_\_\_\_\_ A \_\_\_\_\_**

**\_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_ E**

**II. Circle the correct answer A, B, or C.**

0. Helen \_\_\_\_\_ the music club's activities when she was still a student.

**III. Complete the sentences by using words/ phrases in the box. Change the form if necessary.**

percentage *fraction* have little contact with feature according to independent in the early stages

0. 1/4 and 0.25 are different ways of representing the same fraction.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ my mother, you have to eat three meals a day every day.
2. What \_\_\_\_\_ of women return to work after having a baby?
3. The project is \_\_\_\_\_.
4. A unique \_\_\_\_\_ of these *rock shelters* (*nhà trú ẩn bằng đá*) was that they were dry.
5. Grandma's very \_\_\_\_\_ and does all her own shopping and cooking.

**IV. Circle the underlined parts that need correction and correct them.**

0. The lasering beam heals the eye painlessly.

→ laser

1. All positive homing products were isolate and sequenced (*được sắp xếp theo trình tự*) to verify (*thực hiện*) the deletion (*sự xóa bỏ*). → \_\_\_\_\_

2. If I don't write it down, I'm like to forget. → \_\_\_\_\_

3. Afrikaans (*tiếng Hà Lan Mũi Đất*) did not gain recognition as an officially language until 1925. → \_\_\_\_\_

4. During secodary education, the use of the spoken word increases. → \_\_\_\_\_

5. She's revise for her History exam. → \_\_\_\_\_

**V. Make sentences with these words/ phrases. Change the form of the words/ phrases if necessary.**

<b>optimistic</b>	pidgin language	majority	do revision	have little contact with	feature
-------------------	-----------------	----------	-------------	--------------------------	---------

0. *She is optimistic about her chances of winning a gold medal*.

1. \_\_\_\_\_.

2. \_\_\_\_\_.

3. \_\_\_\_\_.

4. \_\_\_\_\_.

5. \_\_\_\_\_.

**C. FCE PRACTICE**

Follow the exam instructions, using the advice to help you.

For questions 1–8, read the text below and decide which answers (A, B, C or D) best fits each gap. There is an example at the beginning (0).

**Tip!** If you're not sure of an answer, cross out any you know are wrong, and choose from the remaining ones.

Mark your answers on the separate answer sheet.

**Example:**

0 A sits      B rests      C lies      D falls

0	A	B	C	D
---	---	---	---	---

### Ice-cream farm

Deep in the heart of beautiful Irish countryside (0) ..... Willow Farm café. Its proprietor is Martha Lindsay, wife of farmer Derek who has a herd of 100 cows. It is an extremely popular (1) ..... for tourists with young families because of the wonderful ice cream it sells. There are 20 regular flavours, but the number one bestseller is Willows Own, a unique vanilla-based recipe whose contents are a (2) ..... guarded secret! Everyone who tries it (3) ..... it for its rich, creamy, natural taste – one that mass-produced ice cream cannot (4) ..... The café also sells teas and cakes to (5) ..... for the tastes of older customers.

The ice cream is made using only natural ingredients from the farm, including milk, eggs, and even the strawberries or apples which give each product its (6) ..... flavour.

The café is hard to (7) ..... to, but Martha reckons this is all part of the attraction for visitors. Certainly it is well worth the (8) ..... , as the views of the surrounding countryside are stunning.

1 A visit	B objective	C intention	D destination
2 A narrowly	B precisely	C closely	D thoroughly
3 A praises	B compliments	C thanks	D congratulates
4 A balance	B match	C compare	D measure
5 A supply	B offer	C deliver	D cater
6 A divided	B disconnected	C distinct	D dissimilar
7 A arrive	B come	C reach	D get
8 A effort	B task	C feat	D act

### Advice

- 1 One of these means *here place to visit*.
- 2 Only one of these words completes this fixed phrase and common expression.
- 3 Look at the word after the gap – only one of these fits with this word.
- 4 The meaning you need here is similar to *reach* or *achieve*.
- 5 Which verb can be followed by 'for'?
- 6 The meaning here is similar to *individual* or *particular*.
- 7 Only one of these verbs can be followed by 'to', with this meaning.
- 8 This is part of a fixed phrase and common expression.

Con hãy mở link sau bằng máy tính nhé: <https://tinyurl.com/29xm4c2x>

**2** What is the focus of the question in the second line?

**3**  33 Follow the exam instructions, using the advice to help you.

**Tip!** Remember that you can change your mind about an answer while you listen for the first or the second time.

You will hear people talking in eight different situations. For questions 1–8, choose the best answer (A, B or C).

- 1 You hear two neighbours talking about a new statue in their town. What does the woman say about it?
  - A She suspects many people won't like it.
  - B She doesn't understand what it represents.
  - C She is convinced it should be removed.
- 2 You hear a music teacher talking about his job. He regrets that
  - A music is rarely considered to be an essential subject.
  - B there are so few advanced level music students.
  - C he cannot teach the music that he personally likes.
- 3 You hear two journalists talking about driverless cars. What do they both think about them?
  - A Most drivers would be keen to try them out.
  - B More tests have to be done on their reliability.
  - C There will need to be many changes to driving laws.

### Advice

- 1 The question is asking what *she thought after she saw the statue*.
- 2 A: What do other people say about teaching music? B: Does he teach high-level students? C: Does he teach music he likes?
- 3 Listen for a phrase that means *I agree*.
- 4 She mentions these three things about colds, but which one is something she says people *don't know*.

4 You hear a doctor talking on the radio about colds.  
She says many of her patients are unaware that

- A antibiotics are ineffective at treating colds.
- B healthy eating may help the symptoms of colds.
- C there are things they can do to avoid colds.

5 You hear a brother and sister talking about a musical they have seen.  
Why does the woman like the musical?

- A It explores themes that are important to her.
- B She feels sympathetic to its central character.
- C The songs are entertaining and easy to remember.

6 You hear a woman talking about horse riding.  
How has the woman benefited from going riding again?

- A She now has a new group of friends.
- B Riding has helped to improve her balance.
- C It has enabled her to deal effectively with stress.

7 You hear a customer complaining in a department store.  
What does the shop assistant agree to do?

- A exchange the item for a different size
- B offer a refund for the unsatisfactory item
- C give him a credit to spend in the store

8 You hear a food critic talking about a chef called Peter Tinney.  
What is she doing?

- A describing Peter's creative approach to cooking
- B justifying why Peter deserves the award he has won
- C defending Peter's decision to close his restaurants

**49** You will hear people talking in eight different situations. For questions 1–8, (A, B or C).

- 1 You hear a man talking about flying long distances.  
What does he say about it?  
A He still finds some trips challenging.  
B He now keeps business trips short.  
C He always travels in business class.
  
- 2 You hear a woman telling her friend about a jewellery-making course she did.  
What does she say about it?  
A It has given her the confidence to make jewellery to sell.  
B Meeting the other participants added to her enjoyment.  
C She liked the peaceful atmosphere of the sessions.
  
- 3 You hear a woman talking about moving home.  
What will the woman do differently the next time she moves home?  
A hire a professional company to help her move  
B get rid of unwanted possessions before she moves  
C research her new neighbourhood in advance of moving
  
- 4 You hear two film critics discussing a film starring an actor called Tania Fry.  
They agree that  
A Tania manages to find humour in the script.  
B the film doesn't allow Tania to show her acting ability.  
C there should be more films for actors of Tania's generation.
  
- 5 You hear a football referee talking about his job.  
How does he deal with the pressure of his job?  
A by taking regular exercise to keep himself fit  
B by sharing his experiences with other referees  
C by reminding himself that players argue with all referees
  
- 6 You hear two friends discussing a photography exhibition they have just been to.  
How does the woman feel now?  
A enthusiastic about improving her own photography skills  
B motivated to find out more about the photographer  
C inspired to visit the places shown in the photos
  
- 7 You hear a travel and tourism student talking about a project she is doing about pop-culture tourism.  
What does she say about fans who travel to pop-culture destinations?  
A They are often disappointed by their experience.  
B They are unpopular with residents in these locations.  
C They are dissatisfied that so few destinations are available.
  
- 8 You hear two friends discussing a local market.  
Why does the man recommend the market to the woman?  
A There aren't too many shoppers there.  
B The prices are generally competitive.  
C It helps to support local producers.

**I. Write the missing English letters that match the given Vietnamese meanings.**

No.	Vietnamese	English
1.	gặp mặt xã giao (phr.v)	m_____ p_____ s_____
2.	(thuộc) nước Canada (a)	C_____
3.	song ngữ, thông thạo hai thứ tiếng (a)	b_____
4.	sẵn lòng làm gì (idiom)	b_____ w_____ t_____ d_____ s_____
5.	tiếng Malaysia (n)	B_____ M_____
6.	tiếng Tây Ban Nha (n)	S_____
7.	tiếng Hindi (Ấn Độ) (n)	H_____
8.	tạo nên sự khác biệt (idiom)	m_____ t_____ d_____
9.	tập trung vào (cái gì) (phr.v)	f_____ o_____ s_____ / s_____
10.	thoái mái	a_____ e_____

**II. Choose the correct answer.**

- Carol showed up for the meeting \_\_\_\_\_ I asked her not to be there.  
A. even though      B. despite      C. in spite of      D. because
- It looks like they're going to succeed \_\_\_\_\_ their present difficulties.  
A. despite      B. because of      C. even though      D. although
- Some fishes can survive only in saltwater, \_\_\_\_\_ other species can live only in freshwater.  
A. whereas      B. unless      C. if      D. since
- Jack insisted that he didn't need any help, \_\_\_\_\_ I helped him anyway.  
A. and      B. so      C. despite      D. but
- I thought I heard him come in \_\_\_\_\_ we were having dinner.  
A. while      B. whereas      C. although      D. despite

\* **Lưu ý:** Với những từ con không nhớ và viết sai, con chép từ đó vào vở 2 dòng.