

- The *if* clause can come before or after the main clause: **If** I change my eating habits, I'll feel healthier./I'll feel healthier **if** I change my eating habits. Always use a comma when the *if* clause comes before the main clause.
- For the future of *can*, use *will be able to*: If you save some money, you'**ll be able to buy** a car. (NOT: . . . you'~~ll can buy~~ a car.)
- For the future of *must*, use *will have to*: If you get a dog, you'**ll have to take care of** it. (NOT: . . . you'~~ll must take~~ care of it.)

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

1. If you exercise (exercise) more often, you' ll feel (feel) more energetic.
2. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (join) a gym, exercise \_\_\_\_\_ (become) part of your routine.
3. You \_\_\_\_\_ (not have to) worry about staying in shape if you \_\_\_\_\_ (work out) three or four times a week.
4. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (ride) a bike or \_\_\_\_\_ (run) a few times a week, you \_\_\_\_\_ (lose) weight and \_\_\_\_\_ (gain) muscle.
5. You \_\_\_\_\_ (sleep) better at night if you \_\_\_\_\_ (exercise) regularly.
6. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (start) exercising, you \_\_\_\_\_ (might/not have) as many colds and other health problems.