

CRIME AND THE LAW.

Complete the sentences with words and phrases from the list.

<i>acquits</i>	<i>armed</i>	<i>charged with</i>	<i>commit</i>	<i>death row</i>
<i>defence</i>		<i>district attorney</i>	<i>executed</i>	<i>felony</i>
<i>hung</i>		<i>inmate</i>	<i>insanity</i>	<i>lethal injection</i>
<i>misdemeanour</i>		<i>objected</i>	<i>plea</i>	<i>probation</i>
<i>prosecution</i>		<i>reinstated</i>	<i>repeat</i>	<i>research</i>
<i>trial</i>		<i>tried</i>	<i>verdict</i>	<i>witness</i>

1. If a jury _____ someone, it means they don't find them guilty of a crime.
2. When a person is charged with a crime and goes before a judge, they must enter a _____ of guilty or not guilty.
3. If a jury doesn't agree on a _____, it is referred to as a _____ jury, and the case will be _____ again.
4. If you are _____ when you _____ a crime, it means you are carrying a weapon.
5. In the trial of the century, football star O.J. Simpson was _____ killing his ex-wife.
6. When an _____ is released from prison, they are placed on _____ for a specific length of time to make sure their behaviour is good.
7. People who commit a series of crimes are known as _____ offenders.
8. If I _____ a crime, I saw what happened.
9. In a criminal trial there are two sides: the _____ and the _____.
10. The lawyer who works for the state is the _____.
11. A _____ is considered to be a serious crime, whereas a _____ is less serious.
12. The place in prison where an inmate awaits their execution is called _____.

13. There are several methods of execution. The most common is _____.

14. California _____ the death penalty in 1977, but it wasn't until 1992 that an inmate was _____.

15. The lawyer _____ to the question because he thought it was irrelevant.

16. In an important _____ it may take some time to find the right jurors.

17. The lawyer used _____ as a defence strategy.

18. In every case, lawyers must do a lot of _____ work before a trial can begin.