

Reading Comprehension;

A Trip to Iceland

Vocabulary :

natural (adj.): , trip (n.): , total (n.):, island (n.): , population (n.): ,
spectacular (adj.):, wonder (n.): , hot spring (n.): , spa (n.): , glacier (n.): ,
tourist (n.): , geothermal (adj.): , relax (v.): , offer (v.): , heat (n.): ,
pollution (n.): , energy (n.): , generate (v.): , enormous (adj.): , electricity (n.): ,
volcano (n.): , resources (n.): , fantastic (adj.): , presentation (n.):

- _____ : a journey, especially for pleasure (การเดินทาง)
- _____ : a piece of land surrounded by water (เกาะ)
- _____ : the final number or amount of things, people, etc. when everything has been counted (จำนวนทั้งหมด)
- _____ : the number of people living in the particular area, country, etc. (ประชากร)
- _____ : existing in nature and not caused, made or controlled by people (เป็นธรรมชาติ)
- _____ : a feeling of surprise and admiration for something very beautiful or new to you (สิ่งที่น่าพิศวง)
- _____ : extremely impressive show or event (น่าตื่นตาตื่นใจ)
- _____ : a large area of ice (ภูเขาน้ำแข็ง)
- _____ : to rest or do something that enjoyable, especially after you have been working (พักผ่อน, ผ่อนคลาย)
- _____ : a place where hot water comes up naturally from the ground (น้ำพุร้อน)



- _____ : a bath or pool that sends currents of hot water around you (บ่อน้ำแร่, สปา)
- _____ : a person who is traveling or visiting a place for pleasure (นักท่องเที่ยว)
- _____ : to provide something that people need or want (เสนอ, ให้)
- _____ : of or relating to the heat in the interior of the earth (เกี่ยวกับความร้อนในตัวพิภพ)
- _____ : power that is used to provide heat, operate machines, etc. (พลังงาน)
- _____ : warmth or the quality of being hot (ความร้อน)
- _____ : to produce energy (สร้างพลังงาน)
- _____ : the power that is carried by wire and is used to provide light or heat, to make machines work, etc. (กระแสไฟฟ้า)
- _____ : dirty air and water in the environment (มลภาวะ)
- _____ : a mountain with a large hole at the top, through which lava is sometimes forced out (ภูเขาไฟ)
- _____ : very big in size, amount, or degree (ใหญ่โต, มากมาย, มหาศาล)
- _____ : all things of value (แหล่งทรัพยากรธรรมชาติ)
- _____ : extremely good, attractive, enjoyable, etc. (น่าอัศจรรย์)
- _____ : the way in which something is said, offered, shown, or explained to others (การนำเสนอ)



Reading Comprehension; A Trip to Iceland

Raphael is visiting his friend Steinunn, in Iceland. He's staying with her and her family in the capital, Reykjavik. Iceland is an island near the Arctic Circle. The total population is only 320,000. The country has many natural wonders such as the Northern Lights, also called Aurora Borealis.

These lights are one of nature's most spectacular shows. They appear in the sky at night, from September to April. Tourists can also go whale watching, ride a snowmobile on a glacier, or just relax in a hot spring.

The Blue Lagoon spa is very popular with tourists and Icelanders for pleasure and for health. It offers hot baths from geothermal energy. Geothermal power is energy from the heat inside the earth. It's used to heat the houses and generate electricity. It's natural and pollution free. Iceland has lots of volcanoes, and so it has enormous geothermal power resources.

Directions: Read each passage above carefully and choose the correct answer to each question. You will gain one mark for each correct answer.

ອ່ານເນື້ອເຮື່ອງດ້ານບນ ແລະເລືອກຄໍາຕອບກໍຖຸກຕ້ອງກໍສຸດເພີຍຄໍາຕອບເດືອວ

1. Who is visiting Iceland?

- 1. Raphael
- 2. Steinunn
- 3. Reykjavik
- 4. Aurora Borealis

2. What is the capital of Iceland?

- 1. Steinunn
- 2. Reykjavik
- 3. Aurora Borealis
- 4. Blue Lagoon

3. In which month can you see the Northern Lights?

- 1. September
- 2. May
- 3. June
- 4. August

4. Which activities do tourist do in Iceland?

- 1. Watch whales and visit volcanoes
- 2. Relax in hot springs and visit volcanoes
- 3. Visit hot springs and travel to Greenland
- 4. Watch whales and visit hot springs

5. Icelanders and _____ visit the Blue Lagoon Spa.

- 1. Aurora Borealis
- 2. Steinunn
- 3. Raphael
- 4. tourists

6. Where does geothermal power come from?

- 1. Energy
- 2. Aurora Borealis
- 3. Inside the earth
- 4. Spas

7. Which is true of Iceland?

- 1. It is very hot.
- 2. It has many volcanoes.
- 3. It has many tourists.
- 4. It is cold all year long.

