

English Exam - End-of-term

Book: Cambridge Combo 3

Teacher Ester

Student's name: _____

PART I - READING COMPREHENSION

1. Read the text and do the tasks below:

Animals are fascinating creatures that come in various shapes and sizes. Let's explore some common animals and learn about them!

Let's start with some mammals. Dogs and cats are popular pets. Dogs are friendly and loyal. They have a good sense of smell and can be trained easily. Some dogs are bigger than others. For example, a Great Dane is larger than a Chihuahua. The German Shepherd is one of the most intelligent dog breeds.

Cats are more independent animals. Cats can see well in the dark. Cats are faster than dogs. The cheetah, a wild cat, is the fastest land animal.

Birds are diverse creatures. They have feathers and can fly. Birds lay eggs to reproduce. Penguins cannot fly, but they swim very well. The ostrich is the largest bird in the world, while the hummingbird is the smallest.

Fish live in water. Goldfish are more popular than sharks, because sharks are larger and more dangerous than most other fish.

Insects are small creatures with six legs. Bees are important for pollination, and they make honey. The butterfly is one of the most beautiful insects. It undergoes a remarkable transformation from a caterpillar to a colorful butterfly.

These are just a few examples of common animals. Remember, there are many more animals to discover and learn about!

1.1 Choose TRUE (T) or FALSE (false) according to the text:

1. There are dogs that are bigger than others. ()

2. Cats are faster than dogs. ()
3. The cheetah is the largest land animal in the world. ()
4. The ostrich is smaller than other birds. ()
5. Butterflies were caterpillars in the past. ()
6. Sharks are the most popular fish. ()

PART II - USE OF ENGLISH

1. Make sentences using the comparative form:

Example: (giraffe / tall / elephant)

The giraffe is taller than the elephant.

A. (cheetah / fast / zebra)

B. (dolphin / intelligent / goldfish)

C. (snake / dangerous / rabbit)

D. (whale / large / lion)

2. Make sentences using the superlative form:

Example: (Mount Everest / tall mountain / in the world)

Mount Everest is the tallest mountain in the world.

A. (blue whale / large animal / on Earth)

B. (Usain Bolt / fast man/ in the world)

C. (The Burj Khalifa in Dubai / high building / in the world)

D. (The Nile in Egypt / long river / on Earth)

3. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verbs in brackets:

A. My sister _____ (like) to play the piano in her free time.

B. They _____ (not / eat) meat because they are vegetarians.

C. _____ your parents _____ (watch) the news every evening?

D. Tom _____ (not / speak) Spanish, but he _____ (speak) French fluently.

E. I _____ (usually / go) to the gym on Mondays and Fridays.

F. Maria and Anna _____ (study) in the same school.

G. She _____ (not / drink) chocolate milk in the morning. She _____ (prefer) juice.

H. _____ your brother _____ (play) badminton?

I. Every morning, he _____ (brush) his teeth before having breakfast.

J. _____ she _____ (enjoy) reading books in her leisure time?

4. Look at the pictures and write 3 sentences answering the question:

What is he/she /are they doing?



Example:

Jenny is talking on the phone.

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

5. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of "have to" in the positive (+), negative (-) or interrogative (?) form:

A. She _____ wake up early for work. (+)

B. He _____ attend the meeting tomorrow. (-)

C. _____ she _____ go to the dentist? (?)

D. _____ they _____ clean their room? (?)

E. My dog _____ wear a warm coat in cold weather. (+)

F. They _____ study for their exams this weekend. (+)

G. We _____ bring our own food to the party. (-)

H. I _____ (have to) finish my homework before dinner. (+)

6. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the simple past in the positive (+) or negative (-) form:

1. She _____ (visit) her grandparents last weekend.

2. They _____ (watch) a movie at the cinema yesterday.

3. He _____ (not cook) dinner for his family last night.

4. We _____ (not play) soccer in the park yesterday afternoon.

5. I _____ (study) for my exam all day yesterday.

7. Rewrite the following sentences using the negative interrogative form of the Simple Past tense.

Example:

1. She watched a movie last night.

Did she watch a movie last night?

2. He played football with his friends yesterday.

3. They visited their grandparents during the summer vacation.

4. We studied for the exam all day.

5. The cat jumped onto the table.

8. Match the feelings with the pictures:

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| a. embarrassed | b. excited | c. exhausted | d. frustrated |
| e. glad | f. homesick | g. relaxed | h. surprised |
| i. worried | | | |



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9. Make up 3 sentences using WAS/WERE + a feeling FROM #8. Follow the example:

EXAMPLE: I **was homesick** when I travelled to the USA.
