

Movie Mistakes

Šajā stundā tu lasīsi un darbosies ar tekstu par kļūdām filmās. Pacenties izpildīt visus uzdevumus. Kad pabeigsi darbu, tev būs iespēja pārbaudīt, vai tavas atbildes ir pareizas.

Film Goofs

*Although they check films, many 'goofs' or silly mistakes **get past** the editors. Sometimes, they are 'factual, like an airplane on screen before it was invented; sometimes, they are 'continuity' mistakes, like an empty glass is suddenly full in the same scene. Here are our top film goofs...*

Gladiator (2000) is set in ancient times – a long, long time ago. If you fast forward the movie to the moment where Russell Crow (the main actor) is walking home, you can see tractor's tracks in the field! This is a really weird mistake, because tractors were obviously not invented yet!

Titanic (1997) is about the famous ship that hit an iceberg and sank in 1912. However, you can see a passenger **getting into** a lifeboat and he's wearing a digital watch – not on the market until the 1970s!

Although Peter Jackson, director of *The Lord of the Rings*, paid incredible attention to detail when he adapted the book for the cinema, you still **come across** mistakes. For example, in **The Two Towers** (2002), although Gimli is a dwarf, he sometimes looks as tall as Aragorn's shoulders.

Strange things happen in **King Kong** (2005). During the fight between the giant gorilla and the dinosaurs, Ann Darrow is thrown into some water but when she **gets out**, her hair is not wet! And when the character, Herb, goes to the island, he is unshaven. However, when he **gets back** to the ship, his face is smooth – did he have a shave on Skull Island?

In Spielberg's **Jurassic Park** (1993), a scientist finds a dead mosquito. This insect apparently drank the blood of a dinosaur millions of years ago, so the scientist can **find out** the dinosaur's DNA. There's just one thing wrong – the mosquito has big antennas and so it is clearly a male (man) mosquito. However, only female (woman) mosquitoes drink blood! Luckily for the producers, most of the audiences don't know this fact.

Troy (2004) is set in ancient Greece. However, at the beginning of the film, there are some llamas in the street, although these animals were not known in Europe until the sixteenth century. Oops!

1 Find the underlined words and expressions in the text and match them with the meanings (1-6)

Atrodi pasvītrotos vārdus un izteicienus no teksta un pieraksti tos pretim to nozīmēm (1-6)

1 small, fantasy creature - **dwarf**

2 thought very carefully about -

3 available to buy -

4 marks left by a vehicle -

5 not shaved -

6 went down under water –

2 The words in the box are the **red words from the text. Use them to replace the underlined words from this task, to find out what they mean.**

*Vārdi, kas ir rāmītī, ir **sarkanie** vārdi no teksta. Izmanto tos, lai aizstātu pasvītrotos vārdus šajā uzdevumā, tādējādi noskaidrojot, ko tie nozīmē.*

Came-across	got back	got into
gets out of	get past	find out

1 I found a recording of an old film. – **came across** (tātad 'found' nozīmē to pašu, ko 'came across')

2 It's surprising how many mistakes are missed by film editors. –

3 In the film the secret agent escapes from prison. –

4 What happened when the astronauts returned to earth? –

5 Did you get the information about the times of the film? –

6 James Bond climbed into his sports car and drove away quickly. –

3 Use the same **red words from task 2 to complete these sentences.**

*Izmanto tos pašus **sarkanos** vārdus no otrā uzdevuma, lai aizpildītu šos teikumus.*

1 We had to find out some dates for our history homework.

2 You should never _____ a car with a stranger.

3 While I was cleaning my room, I _____ an old class photo.

4 The water is cold. I think I will _____ of the bath now.

5 We leave at ten o'clock and _____ about nine at night.

6 The silly mistakes of the film didn't _____ the editors.

Verb Quiz

4 Practise using the language. Try and complete the verbs with *in, of, off* or *up*.

Patrenē valodas lietojumu. Pacenties un aizpildi tekstu pieliekot darbības vārdiem klāt in, of, off vai up. Blakus piemēriem ir rakstīts, ko tās darbības vārdu kombinācijas nozīmē.

- 1 Batman never takes OFF his mask in public. (remove - noņemt)
- 2 Are you bored? Why don't you take _____ a new hobby? (start - uzsākt)
- 3 You can see the planes taking _____ from our house! (start flying – paceļās/sāk lidot)
- 4 *Gladiator* takes place _____ ancient Rome. (happens – darbība notiek)
- 5 Are you taking part _____ the school concert this year? (participate - piedalīties)
- 6 We took care _____ our grandmother when she was sick. (check that everything is OK - parūpēties)