

Verb forms:

For most verbs: base form of the verb (e.g., eat, sleep, work)

Third-person singular (he, she, it): base form + 's' or 'es' (e.g., eats, sleeps, works)

Positive sentences:

Subject + verb (base form) + object (optional)

Example: I eat an apple every day.

Negative sentences:

Subject + do not/does not + verb (base form) + object (optional)

Example: They do not work on weekends.

Questions (yes/no questions):

Do/does + subject + verb (base form) + object (optional)

Example: Do you like ice cream?

Questions (wh- questions):

Wh-word + do/does + subject + verb (base form) + object (optional)

Example: Where does she live?

Third-person singular (he, she, it):

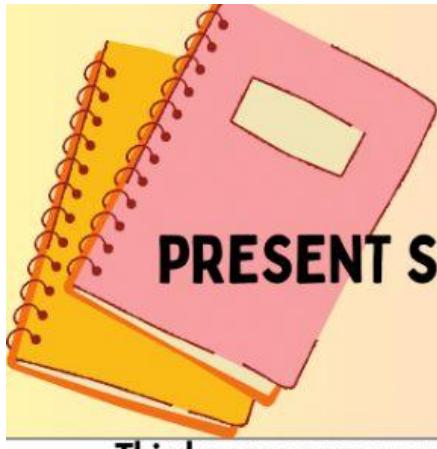
Add 's' or 'es' to the base form of the verb.

Examples: He works in an office. She eats dinner at 7 pm.

Adverbs of frequency:

Adverbs like always, usually, often, sometimes, rarely, never can be used to express how often something happens.

Example: I always brush my teeth before bed.



PRESENT SIMPLE



Third-person pronouns (he, she, it):

Regular Verbs:

Affirmative: Subject + verb + "s" or "es" (e.g., She plays tennis every day.)

Negative: Subject + do/does not + base form of the verb (e.g., He does not watch TV in the morning.)

Interrogative: Do/Does + subject + base form of the verb? (e.g., Does it rain often in this area?)

Exceptions with "s" or "es" endings:

Verbs ending in "-s," "-sh," "-ch," "-x," or "-z" add "es" in the third person singular (e.g., She passes the ball to her teammate.)

Verbs ending in a consonant + "y" change the "y" to "ies" (e.g., He studies mathematics.)

Verbs ending in a vowel + "y" add "s" (e.g., It plays the piano beautifully.)

Verbs ending in "-o" preceded by a consonant add "es" (e.g., She goes to work early.)

Irregular Verbs:

Some irregular verbs have unique third-person forms (e.g., He has a car. She goes to school.)

It's necessary to memorize the irregular verbs and their third-person forms.

Remember to use "**does**" in negative and interrogative sentences for third-person singular subjects (he, she, it).

- Structure: Does + subject + base form of the verb?
- Examples:
 - Does he like coffee?
 - Does she play the guitar?
 - Does it rain often in this area?

I. Complete the following sentences:

1. Play:

- I _____ basketball every weekend.
- He _____ video games in his free time.
- We _____ board games on rainy days.

2. Go:

- He _____ to work by bus.
- She _____ to the library to study.
- They _____ hiking in the mountains.

3. Wash:

- You _____ the dishes after dinner.
- He _____ his car every weekend.
- It _____ away dirt and stains.

4. Teach:

- I _____ English at a language school.
- She _____ art to young children.
- It _____ us important life lessons.

5. Drive:

- I _____ a blue car to work.
- She _____ a motorcycle on weekends.
- We _____ to visit our relatives.

6. Carry:

- I _____ a backpack to school.
- He _____ a briefcase to work.
- She _____ a purse with her essentials.

7. Fly:

- You _____ kites at the beach.
- He _____ drones as a hobby.
- It _____ gracefully in the sky.

8. Start:

- I _____ my day with a cup of coffee.
- She _____ her workout with stretching.
- You _____ cooking dinner at 6 PM.

9. Help:

- You _____ your friend with homework.
- He _____ his sister with her chores.
- They _____ animals at the shelter.

10. Kiss:

- I _____ my partner goodbye in the morning.
- You _____ your child goodnight.
- He _____ his girlfriend on the cheek.

11. Watch:

- She _____ documentaries to learn.
- We _____ the stars at night.
- They _____ live performances at the theater.

12. Tidy:

- He _____ the living room before guests arrive.
- She _____ her desk at the end of the day.
- You _____ the kitchen after meals.

13. Like:

- We _____ going for long walks.
- He _____ playing video games.
- It _____ to chase its tail.

14. Enjoy:

- I _____ hiking in nature.
- She _____ painting beautiful landscapes.
- We _____ going to concerts.

15. Cry:

- She _____ tears of joy at weddings.
- We _____ when we say goodbye.
- I _____ during sad movies.

16. Mix:

- He _____ drinks at the bar.
- You _____ colors to create beautiful artwork.
- They _____ chemicals in the lab for experiments.

II. Complete the following sentences with the verbs in brackets:

- She _____ up early every morning to start her day. (Wake up)
- He _____ from bed and stretches his arms before heading to the bathroom. (Get up)
- Sarah _____ her teeth thoroughly for two minutes after every meal. (Brush)
- They _____ a refreshing shower to start their day feeling clean and rejuvenated. (Take)
- John usually _____ a bowl of cereal and a cup of coffee for breakfast. (Have)
- Mary _____ diligently every evening to prepare for her upcoming exams. (Study)
- The students _____ lunch in the cafeteria . (Eat)
- Mark _____ exercising at the gym to stay fit and maintain a healthy lifestyle. (Enjoy)
- Lisa _____ homemade meals using fresh ingredients from her garden. (Cook)
- The Johnsons _____ their house every weekend to keep it neat and organized. (Clean)
- After dinner, they _____ their favorite TV show. (Watch)
- Emily reads _____ at least 30 minutes every night. (Read)
- Tom _____ to write in his journal before going to bed to reflect on his day. (Like)
- The family _____ a delicious dinner together every night. (Have)
- The students _____ their homework assignments to reinforce their learning. (Do)
- Sarah and Michael _____ together in the library to prepare for their upcoming exams. (Study)
- Alex _____ to bed at a reasonable hour. (Go)

III. Write 5 sentences using any of the verbs from the previous exercise:

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____