

**SOAL PENILAIAN HARIAN 1**  
**MATA PELAJARAN BAHASA INGGRIS**  
**KELAS 9 SEMESTER GENAP**  
**TP. 2020/2021**

**NAMA :**

**KELAS :**

**SEKOLAH :**

**KERJAKAN SOAL-SOAL BERIKUT INI!**

Text 1

**Badang and the Singapore Stone**

According to local Malay folklore, Badang began as a poor fisherman who plied his trade at mouth of the Singapore River. One day he caught a genie in his fishing net, and in return of his release, the genie granted Badang's wish to be the strongest man alive.

Impressed with Badang's enormous strength, the Rajah of Singapura appointed him as the imperial warrior. Soon, other kingdoms heard of Badang's fame and sent their warriors to challenge him. The king of India, in particular, sent his kingdom's strongest man Wadi Bijaya to Singapura for a duel. In the last contest, Badang beat Wadi Bijaya by lifting a huge rock and throwing it towards the Singapore River.

Ancient inscriptions were added to the rock, probably to commemorate Badang's achievements but centuries later in 1843, the British colonial government blasted it to pieces. Known as the Singapore Stone, only a fragment remains, and is now kept in the Singapore History Museum.

1. Why did Badang become a strong man alive?

- A. Because He was a poor fisherman.
- B. Because a Genie granted Badang's wish.
- C. Because Rajah of Singapura gave the power to him
- D. Because Badang could beat Wadi Wijaya by lifting a huge rock.

2.What is the main idea of the second paragraph?

- A. The Rajah of Singapura was impressed with Badang's strength.
- B. The Rajah of Singapura appointed Wadi to fight with Badang.
- C. Badang could beat his enemy by lifting a huge rock.
- D. British colonial government blasted Badang.

3.What can we learn from the story above?

- A. The weakness will be defeated by the strong one.
- B. Strength will not always give us a good win.
- C. The strong man will lead the world well.
- D. Only a strong man can defeat Badang.

#### Text 2

Long time ago there lived a king of a kingdom of Kediri, Raden Putra. He liked cock fighting. One of his wives told him that the queen had put poison in his food. The king was very angry. Without thinking deeply, he ordered his soldiers to bring the queen to a wood and kill her. But the soldiers took a pity on her as at that time she was pregnant. They did not kill her.

When the queen gave birth to a baby boy, she named him Cinde Laras. In his 15, he had a cock. Cinde Laras liked cock fighting, too. His cock was strong, so it won all fight. Hearing it, the king invited Cinde Laras to the palace for a cock fighting. In a fight, his cock could easily beat the king's cock. Everybody was surprised when Cinde Laras' cock crowed "Cockledodo, I am Cinde Laras' cock, who lived in the wood, the son of Raden Putra" The king was very surprised. Cinde Laras told him that he was the son of the queen who now lived in the wood. It made the king regretted his unwise decision. The King regretted his unwise decision. After that the king met the queen in the wood. Then he brought them back to palace and he punished his evil wife.

4.What does the text tell us about?

- A. Cinde Laras.
- B. Raden Putra.
- C. A cock fighting.
- D. A King of Kediri Kingdom.

5.Why did the soldiers bring the queen to the forest?

- A. Because the soldiers did not like the queen.
- B. Because the soldiers are asked by the King.
- C. Because the queen put poison into the King's.
- D. Because the queen wanted to live in the forest.

6.What can we learn from the story?

- A. Be wise in every decision you make.
- B. Honest is the best attitude in our life.
- C. Patient will give us a peaceful life.
- D. Don't worry about your future.

Text 3

7. Arrange these jumbled sentences to make a meaningful narrative text.

1. When he returned home, his father told him that if he had helped the miners to dig, they would have bought his salt.
2. The man next went to a house where a wedding was taking place.
3. A stupid man was sent by his father to sell salt.
4. There he dug a huge hole.
5. He first went to a mining area but nobody there wanted his salt.
6. This made the people angry and they chased him away.

The best arrangement is ... .

- A. 3 – 5 – 1 – 2 – 4 – 6
- B. 1 – 2 – 3 – 5 – 4 – 6

C. 5 – 6 – 3 – 1 – 3 – 4

D. 6 – 1 – 3 – 5 – 2 – 4

#### Text 4

### THE WOLF AND THE STORK

There was once a wolf who felt so hungry. He gulped down all his food as though his life depended on it. No wonder he had a chicken bone stuck in his throat! Luckily for him, a stork who happened to be passing nearby, heard his shrieks of pain, and she stopped, always ready to help wherever she could.

Just one look was enough for her to guess what had happened. At once, without saying a word or wasting anytime she set to work. It was going to be a very long and a very difficult job. But how could the stork help the greedy wolf?

At last, with the aid of her long beak, she got hold of the bone and pulled it out of the wolf's throat.

Now, any other animal would have been glad to pay the stork for what she did. And, when the wolf began walking away, without even thanking her, she said as much. "You think I would pay you?" cried the wolf, finding his voice. "After digging into my throat with your long beak? You should be glad I don't eat you, you ungrateful bird! Go away, and don't get under my paws again!"

8. Where was the stork when she heard the wolf's shrieks of pain?

- A. She was behind the wolf.
- B. She was far from the wolf
- C. She was near from the wolf.
- D. She was not close from the wolf.

9.What did the stork do to help the wolf from a chicken bone that stuck in his throat?

- A. She got hold of the bone with her short beak.
- B. She pushed the chicken bone with the aid of her long beak.
- C. She took the chicken bone with the aid of her short beak.
- D. She pulled the chicken bone with the aid of her long beak.

10.What is the moral value of the text?

- A. Don't be an ungrateful people.
- B. No one can do something perfectly.
- C. Don't blame yourself for something bad.
- D. Think first deeply before taking an action.