

MODULE 5 REVISION

1. Fill in the missing **vowels**. Then **match the natural disasters** to the pictures below.

a) T__rn__d__

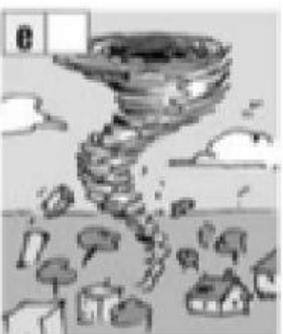
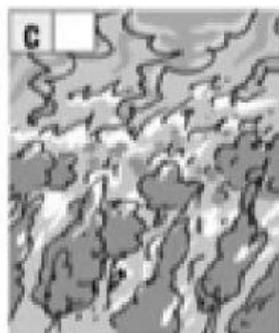
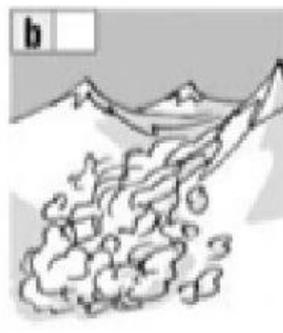
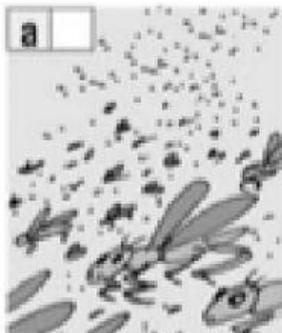
b) Ts__na__m__

c) V__lc__n__c __r__pt__ __ n

d) L__c__st __nf__st__t__ __ n

e) __v__l__nch__

f) F__r__st f__r__



2. Complete with the **following words**:

drought – earthquake – flood – hurricane – snowstorm

- a) It's very **cold** and they're predicting a _____.
- b) The **wind** is very strong during a _____.
- c) After many hours of **rain**, there is sometimes a _____.
- d) An _____ starts under the **ground**.
- e) People are trying to **save water** here because there's _____.

3. Complete the sentences with the **affirmative or negative** form of **was** or **were**.

- a) The 2010 earthquake in Haiti _____ a terrible disaster. About two million people _____ without homes.
- b) Kate _____ in Sri Lanka during the tsunami of 2004. Luckily, she and her family _____ near the beach, so Kate _____ in danger.
- c) The worst drought of the 21st century _____ in 2011 in the Horn of Africa. It _____ possible to water vegetables or feed farm animals. So, millions of people _____ without food.
- d) In 2008, the temperature in Afghanistan _____ -30°C. There were snowstorms around the country and thousands of homes _____ under snow.

4. Look at the picture of a flood. Complete the sentences about the disaster with the **affirmative or negative** for of there **was or there were**.



- a) _____ a flood.
- b) _____ mountains in the area.
- c) _____ a shopping centre.
- d) _____ some trees in the area.
- e) _____ water in the streets.
- f) _____ animals in the area.
5. Complete the questions with the correct form of **was, were, there was or there were**. Then **answer the questions** about the disaster in **Exercise 4**.

- a) _____ the houses near a forest?

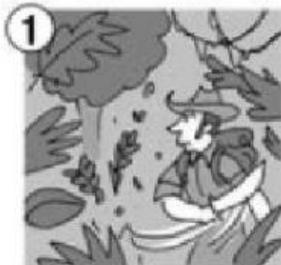
b) _____ any cars in the water?

c) _____ **it** daytime?

d) _____ **a** church near the homes?

e) _____ **the man** inside the house?

6. Complete the **adjectives**.



1
a



2
g



3
w



4
h - w



5
a

7. Write **five sentences** with the words in the chart below.

You must be a / an	honest brave strong creative funny	person to	lift 100 kilograms. star in a comedy. work in a bank. rescue people from a fire. be an artist.
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- a) ...
- b) ...
- c) ...
- d) ...
- e) ...

8. **Circle** the correct answer.

- a) Everyone **likes** Carol. She's very lazy / nice / shy.
- b) Mark gets **100%** in exams. He's very clever / kind / athletic.
- c) Rosie **hates** hard work. She's brave / strong / lazy.
- d) Mary **talks** to everyone. She's very creative / friendly / honest.
- e) My friend is really fun-loving / shy / brave. She goes to **parties** every week.
- f) My uncle often **helps** us. He's very weak / kind / funny.

- g) Roy **doesn't talk** to girls. He's very adventurous / confident / shy.
- h) Mary **doesn't shout** or become angry. She's very easy-going / hard-working / honest.
- i) Tom knows that he did **well** in the exam. He's very weak / lazy / confident.
- j) Sue has got **many friends**. She's very creative / outgoing / shy.

9. Complete the sentences with the **Past Simple form of the verb in brackets**.

- a) I _____ (find) a note under the sofa.
- b) When Joe was young, he _____ (want) to be a famous actor.
- c) An ambulance _____ (take) the woman to hospital.
- d) The Queen _____ (send) Annie a message on her 100th birthday!
- e) Yesterday, we _____ (ride) our bikes around the lake.

10. Complete the text with the **Past Simple form of the verbs in brackets**.

A van in an accident on a road in Texas, USA. Men from the local fire department quickly _____ (come) to help. The driver of the van studies snakes, so he _____ (have) 30 dangerous snakes in the van! The reptiles _____ (climb) out onto the road and there wasn't time to stop them. First, the men _____ (help) the driver and his grandson. They

_____ (wait) for an ambulance to arrive. Then, they _____ (begin) to catch the snakes. Luckily, they _____ (catch) them all!

11. **Choose** the correct answer.

- a) The Olympic Games destroyed / protected / began in Greece about 2.700 years ago.
- b) Leonardo da Vinci became / invented / happened a flying machine, but people never used it.
- c) In 1983, shops started selling mobile phones. They changed / created / discovered our lives forever.
- d) In 2016, five islands began / ended / disappeared under the Pacific Ocean. People never saw them again.

12. Complete the sentences with the words **below**.

discover / fly / create / become / happen / end

- a) I want to travel the world and _____ new places.
- b) We waited for the storm to _____. Then, we went outside.
- c) An earthquake can _____ anywhere in the world.
- d) Supersonic aeroplanes _____ very fast.
- e) Paul wants to _____ a famous artist.
- f) Electric engineers _____ some amazing technology.

13. Complete the sentences about famous people with the **Past Simple negative** for of the verbs in brackets. Then **write an affirmative sentence with the words in brackets.**

a) Shakespeare _____ (write) the story A Christmas Carol.

(Charles Dickens) _____

b) In 2017, Mark Beaumont _____ (ride) a skateboard around the world.

(bike) _____

c) Neil Armstrong and Buzz Aldrin _____ (fly) to Mars.

(the moon) _____

d) Cristiano Ronaldo _____ (play) football for Brazil in the 2018 World Cup.

(Portugal) _____

14. Complete the text with the verbs in brackets. Use the **Past Simple**.

Albert Einstein _____ (not like) school and he _____ (not listen) to his teachers. In fact, his teachers _____ (not think) that he was clever. But Einstein _____ (love) maths and science and he _____ (study) those subjects at home. When he was 17, he _____ (start) studying at the Swiss Institute of Technology. Einstein _____ (discover) some important scientific theories during his life and

he _____ (write) more than 300 articles. But he _____ (not receive) a Nobel Prize for his work until he was 43 years old.

15. Write questions with the words below.

a) what / the teachers / think / about young Einstein

b) which subjects / he / like

c) where / he / study / when he was 17

d) Einstein / get / a Nobel Prize
