

Name: _____

class: _____

Date: _____

Test 1

Family Types, Types of Unions and advantages and disadvantages on types of family

SECTION ONE ---WRITE THE LETTER FOR THE BEST POSSIBLE ANSWER ON THE SPACE PROVIDED FOR EACH QUESTION

1. In a single parent family there may exist difficulties relying on one source of income. Indicate of this is an advantage, disadvantage or none of them. _____
 - a) Advantage
 - b) Disadvantage
 - c) None of the above

2. Partners living in separate locations but performing as a family is a _____
 - a) Legal marriage
 - b) visiting relationship
 - c) Common-law union

3. A type of extended family in which married children bring their families to live together with their parents is a _____.
 - a) Patriarchal family
 - b) Nuclear family
 - c) Joint family

4. In a family the person who provides financial support for the family is called _____
 - a) Equalitarian
 - b) breadwinner
 - c) inheritance

5. The assets or properties passed down to individuals after someone dies refers to their _____
 - a) Inheritance
 - b) property
 - c) Goods

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6. A union that is formed through a contract between two consenting adults is referred to as
a) _____
 - a) Legal marriage
 - b) visiting relationship
 - c) Common-law union
 - d) Outside family
7. Children born in this type of union have the same rights in the eyes of the law as those born in contractual union, when it comes to their deceased parents' property _____
 - a) Legal marriage
 - b) visiting relationship
 - c) Common-law union
 - d) Outside Family
8. A declaration stating that a marriage never existed, is null and void, is given in a _____
 - a) Church and Registry
 - b) Church and Court
 - c) Court and Registry
9. A household unit which contains a great-grandmother, grandmother, mother and children houses _____ generation(s)
 - a) Six
 - b) Five
 - c) Four
 - d) Three
10. A reconstructed family is made up of: _____
 - a) A couple and their kids from another relationship.
 - b) A couple, their kids and their parents.
 - c) A couple and their siblings.
11. The child/children having both parents present in the family, this is a _____ family
 - a) Patriarchal family
 - b) Nuclear family
 - c) Joint family

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SECTION TWO – MATCH THE TERM FROM COLUMN ‘A’ WITH THE CORRECT DEFINITION FROM COLUMN ‘B’. WRITE THE LETTER ON THE SPACE PROVIDED NEXT TO THE NUMBER FROM COLUMN A

	COLUMN A		COLUMN B
1	matrilineal	A	The legal ending of a marriage
2	Patriarchal Family	B	A family composing of more than two generations of a family, which includes grandparents, aunts etc. living under the same roof
3	Kinship	C	A family comprising of brothers and sisters only
4	Equalitarian Family	D	The main authority figure in the home is the father
5	Divorce	E	A family unit which is headed by a father and lack a mother permanently or an extended period of time
6	Matriarchal Family	F	A family unit which is headed by a mother and lack a father permanently or an extended period of time
7	Extended Family	G	The members in your family that you are related by blood
8	Sibling Family	H	Line of descent traced through the female line
9	Matrifocal Family	I	Authority lies with both parent
10	Patrifocal Family	J	The main authority figure in the home is the mother

SECTION THREE:

State one advantage and one disadvantage of a Reconstructed family.

ADVANTAGE: _____

DISADVANTAGE: _____