

FORMAL RELATIVE CLAUSES WITH WHICH AND WHOM

To give information.

Prepositions go before the relative pronoun.

When you give extra information, use a comma.

A hundred people were surveyed, most of **whom** regularly take personality tests.

Most tests are based on theories about **which** very little is known.

A Match 1-5 to a-e to make sentences with formal relative clauses.

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|---|---|
| 1 A hundred people were studied, | a ☐ for whom this personality trait is desirable. |
| 2 It's important that we remember the work of Professor Richards, | b ☐ without whom the discovery wouldn't have been possible. |
| 3 It's a well-known personality test, | c ☐ from which we can conclude that certain personality types crave attention. |
| 4 We now have the results of the research, | d ☐ about which many books have been written. |
| 5 There are hundreds of people | e ☐ most of whom had some kind of undesirable personality trait |

B Complete the texts with these words and phrases.

about which in which most of whom towards which which whom

INVOLUNTARY EXPRESSION DISORDER (IED)

This is an actual condition
1 _____ people
have uncontrollable emotional
expressions. They might have
heard that something terrible
has happened to someone,
2 _____ they love
and care for; but all they can
do is laugh uncontrollably. The
condition, 3 _____
very little is still known, is also
called pseudobulbar affect.

PERSONALITY TRAIT OR MEDICAL DISORDER?

OPPOSITIONAL DEFIANT DISORDER (ODD)

People with this condition don't
respond well to authority,
4 _____ they
can become hostile, angry, or
vindictive. This isn't just the
normal rejection of authority,
5 _____ most
children experience at one point
or another. It goes much further
than that. A person with ODD
can continuously cause problems
for at least six months.

ALEXITHYMIA

This is a disorder where people are simply unable to express their feelings
or emotions. It affects about 10% of the population, 6 _____
also have trouble reading the expressions of others.