

# "COMPARATIVE ADJECTIVES"

## Structure:

Subject + Verb to be + Comparative Adjective + THAN + Object

EXAMPLE:

The cat is smaller than the lion.



## What are the comparative adjectives?

Comparative adjectives are adjectives used to compare two people or things. We use them to say that one person or object has a higher degree of a quality than the other.

Examples: taller, smaller, smarter, brighter, cheaper.



## How are they formed?

Depending on the number of syllables that the adjective has:

### One-syllable words:

We add "er" or "r" at the end of the adjective and "than" after.

- ◆ Tall → Taller
- ◆ Safe → Safer
- ◆ Big → Bigger
- ◆ Old → Older
- ◆ Cheap → Cheaper
- ◆ Cold → Colder

### Two or more-syllable words:

We add "more" before the adjective and "than" after.

- ◆ Expensive → More expensive
- ◆ Dangerous → More dangerous
- ◆ Terrible → More terrible

Complete the sentences using the comparative form of each adjective.

The whale is \_\_\_\_\_ (big) than the fish.

The blue house is \_\_\_\_\_ (bright) than the green one.

My English class is \_\_\_\_\_ (interesting) than my Science class.

London is \_\_\_\_\_ (busy) than Glasgow.

Marie is \_\_\_\_\_ (quiet) than her sister Sophie.

Grandma's house is \_\_\_\_\_ (comfortable) than a hotel.

My garden is \_\_\_\_\_ (colorful) than this park.

This cellphone was \_\_\_\_\_ (expensive) than my last one.

Read the list of adjectives and complete the boxes with their corresponding comparative form.

◆ Clean

◆ Expensive

◆ Large

◆ Slow

◆ Beautiful

◆ Tall

◆ Intelligent

◆ Happy

Cute

Hot

Good