

## TEST FOR UNIT 6

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

1. a. <u>pagoda</u>	b. <u>blanket</u>	c. <u>academy</u>	d. <u>tablet</u>
2. a. <u>children</u>	b. <u>scholar</u>	c. <u>teacher</u>	d. <u>lunch</u>
3. a. <u>question</u>	b. <u>nation</u>	c. <u>education</u>	d. <u>recognition</u>
4. a. <u>visited</u>	b. <u>founded</u>	c. <u>decided</u>	d. <u>developed</u>
5. a. <u>heritage</u>	b. <u>historic</u>	c. <u>recognise</u>	d. <u>literature</u>

**II. Complete the sentence with a suitable word.**

1. The Temple of Literature was \_\_\_\_\_ in 1070.
2. Thong Nhat \_\_\_\_\_ is a landmark in Ho Chi Minh City.
3. Ha Long Bay was recognised by UNESCO as a World \_\_\_\_\_ Site.
4. Khue Van Pavilion was chosen as the \_\_\_\_\_ of Hanoi.
5. The Imperial Academy was regarded as the \_\_\_\_\_ university in Viet Nam.
6. The One Pillar \_\_\_\_\_ was built in 1049.
7. Chu Van An was \_\_\_\_\_ in 1292 in Van Thon Village.
8. Tran Quoc Pagoda is \_\_\_\_\_ at the southeastern shore of West Lake.

**III. Choose the best answer a, b, c, or d to complete the sentence.**

9. Huong Pagoda is a great \_\_\_\_\_ spot in Hanoi.  
 a. see-sight      b. sight-see      c. seeing-sight      d. sight-seeing

10. '\_\_\_\_\_ to Hanoi?' 'Yes, I went there last year.'  
 a. Were you ever      b. Have you ever been  
 c. Did you ever go      d. Were you ever gone

**IV. Write the correct form or tense of the verbs in brackets.**

1. Glastonbury festival \_\_\_\_\_ (organise) every year in the village of Pilton, England.

2. In 1076, King Ly Nhan Tong \_\_\_\_\_ (build) the Imperial Academy as the first university of Vietnam.

3. The first temples of My Son Sanctuary \_\_\_\_\_ (make) of wood in the 4th century.

4. An altar to Chu Van An \_\_\_\_\_ (set) up in the Temple of Literature.

5. We \_\_\_\_\_ (not do) any practice tests yet so I'm not sure what they're like.

6. Wait a minute, he \_\_\_\_\_ (speak) to someone on his mobile.

7. Many different languages \_\_\_\_\_ (speak) in Canada.

8. The Imperial City of Hue can \_\_\_\_\_ (divide) into two main parts.

9. You'd better \_\_\_\_\_ (rent) a bike if you want to travel around.

10. I don't want to go to Huong Pagoda. How about \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) Ho Chi Minh Mausoleum?

**V. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets.**

1. One Pillar Pagoda is a major tourist \_\_\_\_\_ in Hanoi. (attract)

2. Imperial citadel of Thang Long is a \_\_\_\_\_ complex built during the Ly Dynasty. (culture)

3. King Ly Nhan Tong was the \_\_\_\_\_ of the Imperial Academy. (found)

4. In 1484, King Le Thanh Tong ordered the \_\_\_\_\_ of the first Doctors' stone tablets. (erect)

5. The Imperial Academy was opened to educate \_\_\_\_\_ students from all over the country. (talent)

6. The circle and square of the pavilion \_\_\_\_\_ the heaven and the earth. (symbol)

7. The 82 Doctors' stone tablets have recently received \_\_\_\_\_ as a National Treasure. (recognise)

8. Tourists like to visit \_\_\_\_\_ monuments such as Ho Chi Minh Mausoleum and the Temple of Literature. (history)

**VI. There is one mistake in each sentence. Underline and correct the mistake.**

1. Khue Van Pavilion is regarded by the symbol of Ha Noi.

2. Today, the Temple was considered one of the most popular tourist attractions.

3. I haven't ever been to Hanoi before.

4. The students were not interested in history because it was bored.

5. Tourists should add the Temple of Literature to their visit list in Hanoi.

6. You'd better to take your raincoat because it's going to rain.
7. The Doctors' stone tablets was first erected by King Le Thanh Tong.
8. The Imperial City of Hue was finally complete under the reign of King Minh Mang.

**VIII. Choose the word which best fits each gap.**

The Temple of Literature was (1) \_\_\_\_\_ in 1070 under Ly Thanh Tong's dynasty. The temple is divided into five courtyards. The first courtyard stretches (2) \_\_\_\_\_ the main gate to Dai Trung gate. The second stands out with Khue Van Cac Pavilion. The third courtyard is (3) \_\_\_\_\_ doctor names were listed on stone tablets above tortoise backs. There are a total of 82 tombstones, with names and places of birth of 1307 doctors. The fourth courtyard is dedicated to Confucius and his 72 honoured students, as (4) \_\_\_\_\_ as Chu Van An – a famous teacher known for his devotion to teaching. The last and also furthest courtyard is Thai Hoc house, which used to be the Imperial Academy (QuocTuGiam) – the first (5) \_\_\_\_\_ of Vietnam. Thai Hoc house holds a small (6) \_\_\_\_\_ of old time costumes for students and mandarins.

1. a. constructed	b. build	c. erected	d. considered
2. a. since	b. from	c. to	d. in
3. a. when	b. who	c. what	d. where
4. a. long	b. good	c. well	d. far
5. a. university	b. temple	c. house	d. academy
6. a. collect	b. collecting	c. collection	d. collective

**X. Change the sentences into the passive or active voice.**

1. The Temple of Literature is regarded as the first university in Vietnam.

→ \_\_\_\_\_

2. His father bought a picture of the One Pillar Pagoda last year.

→ \_\_\_\_\_

3. Thousands of people visit the Hung Kings' Temple every day.

→ \_\_\_\_\_

4. By whom was the Imperial Academy built?

→ \_\_\_\_\_

5. People can see Khue Van Pavilion symbol on street signs in Hanoi.

→ \_\_\_\_\_

6. Vietnamese people use Khue Van pavilion as a symbol of Hanoi.

→ \_\_\_\_\_

7. What surrounds the Temple of Literature?

→ \_\_\_\_\_

8. In 1994, Ha Long Bay was recognised by UNESCO as a World Heritage Site.

→ \_\_\_\_\_