

MÃ KÍ HIỆU
(PHẦN NÀY DO SỞ GD&ĐT
GHI)

.....

ĐỀ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10
(BÀI THI ĐẠI TRÀ)

Năm 2022

MÔN: TIẾNG ANH

Thời gian làm bài: 45 phút

(Đề thi gồm 40 câu, 03 trang)

A - PHONETICS

Choose A, B, C, or D that has underlined part pronounced differently from the others.

1. A. baggy B. casual C. label D. fashion
2. A. claimed B. warned C. occurred D. existed
3. A. bigger B. better C. reuse D. father

Choose the word whose stress is different from the rest.

4. A. number B. transmit C. return D. arrange
5. A. village B. bamboo C. workshop D. famous

B - GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY

Choose the best answer to complete these sentences:

6. The boy felt very proud _____ his success at school.
A. on B. at C. about D. of
7. The light went out while he _____ dinner with his family.
A. had B. have had C. was having D. is having
8. It was difficult.....the question the teacher gave.

A. understand B. to understand C. understanding D. to understanding

9. Jonh wishes he.....play the guitar.

A. play B. played C. could play D. were played

10. If I.....you, I would treat him as my nephew.

A. am B. was C. were D. will be

11.the danger, many people wanted to take part in the excursion.

A. Although B. Because C. Due to D. Despite

12. Mary suggested.....a picnic.

A. having B. to have C. has D. had

13. Mai had an _____ holiday in Nha Trang last year.

A. enjoy B. enjoyable C. enjoyed D.enjoying

14. I could spend hours.....the Internet.

A. diving B. sailing C. swimming D. surfing

15.The teacher.....the class into groups of three.

A. shared B. turned C. divided D. changed

16. **Jim:** "What a beautiful painting"

Nam: " _____ "

A. It's very nice of you to say so C. I'm glad to tell you so
B. I don't mind if you say that D. You're welcome

17. - "I think people shouldn't be allowed to do experiments on animals" -
" _____ ."

A. Yes, please B. I'd love to C. No, thanks D. Yes, I think so too.

Find the mistake in each of the following sentences .

18. The doctor told my father to stop smoking because of his sick.

A B C D

19. My father buy me a new bicycle yesterday.

A B C D

20. Steward promised paying Nina the money he owed her for the book.

A B C D

21. This is the dirtier car I've ever seen.

A B C D

22. This summer is hot and windier than last summer.

A B C D

C - READING

Read the passage below then pick out ONE best option (A, B, C or D) to complete each of the blank:

When a child enters school, he will (23) _____ many different kinds of skills. For example, he will learn to speak correctly, to read well, and to behave properly. One of the most important skills that he must acquire is good handwriting.

There are two main ways in which the English language is written (24)_____ hand. The first form is called printing. It looks much like the letters in this book. The letters have simple lines or curves. They are not connected. The second method of writing is called cursive. Cursive letters are slanted to one side. They are usually connected. Printing is usually learned (25) _____ cursive writing.

Each person has a unique cursive writing (26) _____ is difficult to copy exactly. For example, it is difficult to forge a person's signature on a check or credit card bill. (27) _____ people believe that your handwriting reveals a lot about your personality. The study of predicting a person's character or personality from handwriting is called graphology.

23. A. work B. ask C. do D. learn

- | | | | |
|---------------|----------|-------------|------------|
| 24. A. by | B. in | C. on | D. with |
| 25. A. before | B. after | C. although | D. because |
| 26. A. whom | B. which | C. who | D. that |
| 27. A. little | B. any | C. some | D. Few |

Read the passage below then pick out ONE best option (A, B, C or D . to complete each of the following sentences:

English is one of the most popular languages in the world. It comes second in the number of speakers after Chinese. In Vietnam, more and more people are studying English and they consider **it** a key to success. However, not everyone knows how to learn English effectively.

The best way to improve the four skills: speaking, listening, reading, and writing is to practice regularly. You should make use of every opportunity to speak English with friends in class or at English speaking clubs or ourselves in front of the mirror. Learning by heart all the words does not help much if you do not read a lot because you will easily forget what you have learnt. Reading books, listening to radio and watching films are better ways to **memorize** words. Besides, English learners should not be so shy because making mistakes is unavoidable in learning foreign languages. Practicing speaking a lot is a good way to correct your mistakes.

*** Questions**

28. How many skills are mentioned in paragraph 2?

- | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|
| A. 2 | B. 4 | C. 5 | D. 3 |
|------|------|------|------|

29. What does the word "**it**" in paragraph refer to?

- | | | | |
|------------|-------------|------------|------------------|
| A. success | B. learning | C. English | D. reading books |
|------------|-------------|------------|------------------|

30. A good way to correct your mistakes is.....

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| A. avoiding speaking English | B. stopping learning English |
| C. practicing speaking English a lot | D. watching films |

31. The word "**memorize**" in paragraph 2 is CLOSEST in meaning to

A. remember B. forget C. communicate D. speak

32. The passage is mainly about

- A. how to learn English effectively.
- B. people who study English in Vietnam.
- C. how to read books, listen to radio and watch films.
- D. Learning English in Viet Nam.

D - WRITING

Choose the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the sentences given.

33. *He often played the piano at night*

- A. He used to played the piano at night.
- B. He used to playing the piano at night.
- C. He often used to play the piano at night.
- D. He used to play the piano at night.

34. *Her father invited him to the conference.*

- A. He was invited to the conference by her father.
- B. He is invited to the conference by her father.
- C. He has been invited to the conference by her father.
- D. He were invited to the conference by her father.

35. *"Where have you been?" the mother asked her daughter.*

- A. The mother asked her daughter where she has been.
- B. The mother asked her daughter where she was.
- C. The mother asked her daughter where she had been.
- D. The mother asks her daughter where she had been.

36. *Someone cleaned the floor yesterday.*

- A. Yesterday the floor cleaned.
- B. The floor was cleaned yesterday.
- C. The floor was yesterday cleaned.
- D. Yesterday cleaned the floor.

Choose the sentence that best combines each given pair of sentences.

37. *The girl you saw yesterday. She is my younger sister.*

- A. The girl which you saw yesterday is my younger sister.
- B. The girl whose you saw yesterday is my younger sister.
- C. The girl who you saw yesterday is my younger sister.
- D. The girl when you saw yesterday is my younger sister.

38. *He is studying hard. He wants to pass the exam.*

- A. He is studying hard in order pass the exam.
- B. He is studying hard to pass the exam.
- C. He is studying hard that he wants to pass the exam.
- D. He is studying hard to wants to pass the exam.

39. *Did you hear about the storm? It formed in the Pacific Ocean.*

- A. Was the storm which was formed in the Pacific Ocean heard?
- B. Were you heard about the storm that formed in the Pacific Ocean?
- C. Did you hear about the Pacific Ocean where the storm formed?
- D. Did you hear about the storm which formed in the Pacific Ocean?

40. *I was very disappointed. I got bad marks in the exam.*

- A. I was very disappointed that I get bad marks in the exam.

B. I was very disappointed that I got bad marks in the exam.

C. I am very disappointed that I got bad marks in the exam.

D. I get bad marks in the exam, that I was very disappointed.

THE END